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SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Pennzoil Marine Premium Plus Outboard 2-Cycle Product code : 001B1147

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Manufacturer/Supplier	: Shell Oil Products US PO Box 4427 Houston TX 77210-4427 USA
SDS Request	: (+1) 877-276-7285
Customer Service	:

Emergency telephone number

Spill Information	:	877-504-9351
Health Information	:	877-242-7400

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

: Engine oil.

Recommended use

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Based on available data this substance / mixture does not meet the classification criteria.

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms	:	No Hazard Symbol required
Signal word	:	No signal word
Hazard statements	:	PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a health hazard under GHS criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria.
Precautionary statements	:	Prevention: No precautionary phrases. Response: No precautionary phrases. Storage:

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No precautionary phrases.

Disposal:

No precautionary phrases.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Used oil may contain harmful impurities.

Not classified as flammable but will burn.

The classification of this material is based on OSHA HCS 2012 criteria.

Under normal conditions of use or in a foreseeable emergency, this product does not meet the definition of a hazardous chemical when evaluated according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture	:	Mixture
Chemical nature	:	Highly refined mineral oils and additives. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO- extract, according to IP346. Classification based on DMSO extract content < 3% (Regula- tion (EC) 1272/2008, Annex VI, Part 3, Note L).

Hazardous components

Chemical name	Synonyms	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
distillates (petrole- um), hydrotreated light	Distillates (pe- troleum), hy- drotreated light	64742-47-8	15 - 25
Distillates (petrole- um), hydrotreated light	Distillates (pe- troleum), hy- drotreated light	64742-47-8	1 - 5

SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

In case of skin contact :	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with wa- ter and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
In case of eye contact :	Flush eye with copious quantities of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
If swallowed :	In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and	Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas.

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delay	ed		Ingestion may res	sult in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea.
Protection of first-aiders		:		ng first aid, ensure that you are wearing the nal protective equipment according to the d surroundings.
media	ation of any immediate cal attention and special nent needed	:	Treat symptomat	cally.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon diox- ide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water in a jet.
Specific hazards during fire- fighting	:	Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.
Specific extinguishing meth- ods	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir- cumstances and the surrounding environment.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec- tive equipment and emer- gency procedures	:	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Environmental precautions	:	Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contami- nation. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
		Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth

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			Soak up residue v	ent material. ectly or in an absorbent. with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other and dispose of properly.
A	dditional advice	:	see Section 8 of t	selection of personal protective equipment his Safety Data Sheet. disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of Sheet.
SECTI	ON 7. HANDLING AND ST	OR	AGE	
Τ	echnical measures	:	vapours, mists or Use the information sessment of local	t ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of aerosols. on in this data sheet as input to a risk as- circumstances to help determine appropri- afe handling, storage and disposal of this
A	dvice on safe handling	:	Avoid inhaling var When handling pr worn and proper l	or repeated contact with skin. bour and/or mists. roduct in drums, safety footwear should be nandling equipment should be used. of any contaminated rags or cleaning mate- event fires.
A	voidance of contact	:	Strong oxidising a	agents.
P	roduct Transfer	:		and bonding procedures should be used nsfer operations to avoid static accumulation.
	urther information on stor- ge stability	:	place.	ghtly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated
			Store at ambient	temperature.
Pa	ackaging material	:	Suitable material: steel or high dens Unsuitable materi	
С	ontainer Advice	:		tainers should not be exposed to high tem- e of possible risk of distortion.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type	Control parame-	Basis

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		(Form of exposure)	ters / Permissible concentration	
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
Oil mist, mineral		TWA (Inhal- able particu-	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
		late matter)		

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

Engineering measures	:	The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.
		Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

General Information:

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.

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		washing hands drinking, and/o protective equi	e good personal hygiene measures, such as after handling the material and before eating, r smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and pment to remove contaminants. Discard con- ning and footwear that cannot be cleaned. housekeeping.
Perso	onal protective equip	ment	
	iratory protection	: No respiratory conditions of u In accordance tions should be If engineering tions to a level select respirate cific conditions Check with res Where air-filter priate combina Select a filter s	with good industrial hygiene practices, precau- e taken to avoid breathing of material. controls do not maintain airborne concentra- which is adequate to protect worker health, ory protection equipment suitable for the spe- of use and meeting relevant legislation. piratory protective equipment suppliers. ing respirators are suitable, select an appro- tion of mask and filter. uitable for the combination of organic gases and particles [Type A/Type P boiling point
Hand	protection		
	emarks	gloves approve US: F739) mad suitable chemi gloves Suitabil usage, e.g. fre sistance of glo glove suppliers Personal hygie Gloves must o gloves, hands cation of a non For continuous through time o 480 minutes w short-term/spla recognize that may not be ava time maybe ac and replaceme a good predicto dependent on Glove thickness	ontact with the product may occur the use of ed to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, de from the following materials may provide cal protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber ity and durability of a glove is dependent on quency and duration of contact, chemical re- ve material, dexterity. Always seek advice from s. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. ene is a key element of effective hand care. Inly be worn on clean hands. After using should be washed and dried thoroughly. Appli- -perfumed moisturizer is recommended. a contact we recommend gloves with break- f more than 240 minutes with preference for > here suitable gloves can be identified. For ash protection we recommend the same but suitable gloves offering this level of protection ailable and in this case a lower breakthrough ceptable so long as appropriate maintenance ent regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not or of glove resistance to a chemical as it is the exact composition of the glove material. s should be typically greater than 0.35 mm the glove make and model.
Еуе р	protection		andled such that it could be splashed into eyes, wear is recommended.

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Skin a	and body protection	work clothes.	on is not ordinarily required beyond standard . ctice to wear chemical resistant gloves.
Protective measures		•	tective equipment (PPE) should meet recom- onal standards. Check with PPE suppliers.
Therr	nal hazards	: Not applicabl	e

Environmental exposure controls

General advice	 Take appropriate measures to fulfill the requirements of relevant environmental protection legislation. Avoid contamination of the environment by following advice given in Section 6. If necessary, prevent undissolved material from being discharged to waste water. Waste water should be treated in a municipal or industrial waste water treatment plant before discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing
	vapour.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	:	liquid
Colour	:	amber
Odour Threshold	:	Data not available
рН	:	Not applicable
pour point	:	-43 °C / -45 °F Method: Unspecified
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	> 280 °C / 536 °F estimated value(s)
Flash point	:	97 °C / 207 °F
		Method: ASTM D93 (PMCC)
Evaporation rate	:	Data not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Data not available
Upper explosion limit / upper flammability limit	:	Typical 10 %(V)
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	Typical 1 %(V)

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	Vapour	pressure	:	< 0.5 Pa (20 °C / estimated value(s	
	Relative	e vapour density	:	> 1 estimated value(s	3)
	Relative	e density	:	0.880 (15 °C / 59	°F)
	Density		:	880 kg/m3 (15.0 Method: Unspeci	
	Solubili Wate	ty(ies) er solubility	:	negligible	
	Solu	bility in other solvents	:	Data not available	9
	Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water		:	0	ation on similar products)
	Auto-igi	nition temperature	:	> 320 °C / 608 °F	
	Decom	position temperature	:	Data not available	e
	Viscosit Visc	ty osity, dynamic	:	Data not available	e
	Visc	osity, kinematic	:	59 mm2/s (40.0 °	C / 104.0 °F)
				Method: ASTM D	445
				9.37 mm2/s (100	°C / 212 °F)
				Method: ASTM D	445
	Explosi	ve properties	:	Not classified	
	Oxidizir	ng properties	:	Data not available	9
	Conduc	tivity	:	This material is n	ot expected to be a static accumulator.

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	:	The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.
Chemical stability	:	Stable.
Possibility of hazardous reac-	:	Reacts with strong oxidising agents.

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tions				
Cond	itions to avoid	: Extremes of te	emperature and direct sunlight.	
Incon	npatible materials	: Strong oxidising agents.		
Haza produ	rdous decomposition acts	: No decompos	ition if stored and applied as directed.	
SECTION	11. TOXICOLOGICAL	INFORMATION		
Basis	for assessment	the toxicology	en is based on data on the components and of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, nted is representative of the product as a	

Information on likely routes of exposure

Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.

whole, rather than for individual component(s).

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (rat): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light:					
LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg					
Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 401					
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.					
LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 2 - 10 mg/l					
Exposure time: 4 h					
Test atmosphere: vapour					
Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 403					
Remarks: LC50 greater than near-saturated vapour concen- tration.					
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.					
LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 2,000 mg/kg					

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Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 402 Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to skin., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light:

Species: Rabbit

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 404 Remarks: Moderately irritating to skin (but insufficient to classify)., Prolonged/repeated contact may cause defatting of the skin which can lead to dermatitis.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to the eye., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light:

Species: Rabbit Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 405 Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: Not a skin sensitiser. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light:

Species: Guinea pig Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 406 Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

: Remarks: Non mutagenic, Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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Components:

distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light:

distillates (perioleuni), nyu		Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 471 Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
	:	Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 473 Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
	:	Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 476 Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
	:	Test species: Mouse Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 474 Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Germ cell mutagenicity- As- sessment	:	This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies., Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

Components:

distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light:

Species: Rat, (male and female) Application Route: Inhalation Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 453 Remarks: Weight of evidence does not support classification as a carcinogen, Tumours produced in animals are not considered relevant to humans., Not a carcinogen.

Species: Mouse, (male and female) Application Route: Inhalation Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 453 Remarks: Weight of evidence does not support classification as a carcinogen, Tumours produced in animals are not considered relevant to humans., Not a carcinogen.

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Carc ment	inogenicity - Assess- t	: This product do categories 1A/1	es not meet the criteria for classification in B.			
IAR	c	equal to 0.1% is id	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.			
ACG	SIH	Confirmed animal mans	carcinogen with unknown relevance to hu-			
		Distillates (petrole drotreated light	um), hy- 64742-47-8			
		Distillates (petroled drotreated light	um), hy- 64742-47-8			
OSH	A		his product present at levels greater than or n OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.			
NTP			his product present at levels greater than or entified as a known or anticipated carcinogen			
Repr	roductive toxicity					
Prod	luct:					
			developmental toxicant., Does not impair on available data, the classification criteria are			
	p <u>onents:</u> llates (petroleum), hyd	rotreated light:				
		: Species: Rat Sex: male and f Application Rou				
		415.	equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline d on available data, the classification criteria			
Effec ment	cts on foetal develop- t	414				

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	are not met. Species: Rat, female Application Route: Inhalation Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 414 Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity - As- sessment	: This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met., Kidney: caused kidney effects in male rats which are not considered relevant to humans

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light:

Species: Rat, male and female Application Route: Oral Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 408 Target Organs: No specific target organs noted Remarks: Kidney: caused kidney effects in male rats which are not considered relevant to humans

Species: Rat, male and female Application Route: Inhalation Test atmosphere: vapour Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 413 Target Organs: No specific target organs noted Remarks: Kidney: caused kidney effects in male rats which are not considered relevant to humans

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Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not an aspiration hazard.

Components:

distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light:

Aspiration into the lungs when swallowed or vomited may cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: Continuous contact with used engine oils has caused skin cancer in animal tests.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

Components:

distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light:

Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	 Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representa- tive of the product as a whole, rather than for individual com- ponent(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).
Ecotoxicity	
<u>Product:</u>	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/I
Toxicity to fish (Acute toxici- :	Practically non toxic:
ty)	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Toxicity to daphnia and other :	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/I
aquatic invertebrates (Acute	Practically non toxic:
toxicity)	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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Cycle

Toxicity to algae (Acute tox- icity)::Remarks: LL/EL/L50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox- icity):Remarks: Data not available aquatic invertebrates (Chron- ic toxicity)Toxicity to daphnia and other ic toxicity):Remarks: Data not available aquatic invertebrates (Chron- ic toxicity)Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity):Remarks: Data not available aquatic invertebrates (Chron- ic toxicity)Dempenents:It is to is (Acute toxicity):Remarks: Data not available (Acute toxicity)Toxicity to fish (Acute toxici- (Y):LL50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trouty)): > 1,000 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 Remarks: Practically non toxic: LL/EL/L50 > 100 mg/lToxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Acute toxicity):EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l Exposure time: 92 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 Remarks: Practically non toxic: LL/EL/L50 > 100 mg/lToxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Acute toxicity):EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (algae)): > 1,000 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 Remarks: Practically non toxic: LL/EL/LE/D > 100 mg/lToxicity to fish (Chronic tox- icity):Remarks: Data not available (aute toxicity)Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox- icity):Remarks: Data not available (aute toxicity)Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox- ic toxicity):Remarks: Data not availableToxicity to mi	Versio 3.5	n Revision Date: 02/25/2021		DS Number: 00001004956	Print Date: 02/26/2021 Date of last issue: 04/09/2020
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Product:			:	Remarks: Data no	ot available
	Pe	ersistence and degradabil	ity		
			:	Remarks: Not rea	dily biodegradable.

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		components the Persistent per I International O tion: "A non-per consists of hyd by volume, dist at least 95% of 370°C (700°F)	nts are inherently biodegradable, but contain at may persist in the environment. MO criteria. I Pollution Compensation (IOPC) Fund defini- rsistent oil is oil, which, at the time of shipmer rocarbon fractions, (a) at least 50% of which, ills at a temperature of 340°C (645°F) and (b) which, by volume, distils at a temperature of when tested by the ASTM Method D-86/78 or t revision thereof."
<u>Comp</u>	oonents:		
distill	lates (petroleum), hy	ydrotreated light:	
Biode	gradability	Remarks: Read	
Bioad	cumulative potentia	al	
<u>Produ</u>	uct:		
Bioac	cumulation	: Remarks: Cont cumulate.	ains components with the potential to bioac-
<u>Comp</u>	oonents:		
distill	lates (petroleum), h	ydrotreated light:	
Bioac	cumulation	: Remarks: Has	the potential to bioaccumulate.
Mobil	lity in soil		
<u>Produ</u>	uct:		
Mobili	ity		d under most environmental conditions. it will adsorb to soil particles and will not be
		Remarks: Float	s on water.
<u>Comp</u>	oonents:		
distill	lates (petroleum), h	ydrotreated light:	
Mobili		: Remarks: Float	s on water. it will adsorb to soil particles and will not be

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Other adverse effects

Product:

Floudel.	
Additional ecological infor- mation	: Does not have ozone depletion potential, photochemical ozone creation potential or global warming potential. Product is a mixture of non-volatile components, which will not be released to air in any significant quantities under normal conditions of use.
	Poorly soluble mixture. Causes physical fouling of aquatic organisms.
	Mineral oil does not cause chronic toxicity to aquatic organ- isms at concentrations less than 1 mg/l.
Components:	
distillates (petroleum), hydr	otreated light:
Results of PBT and vPvB	: The substance does not fulfill all screening criteria for persis-

C

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment		The substance does not fulfill all screening criteria for persis- tence, bioaccumulation and toxicity and hence is not consid-
2355311611		ered to be PBT or vPvB.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods	
Waste from residues :	 Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses Do not dispose of tank water bottoms by allowing them to drain into the ground. This will result in soil and groundwater contamination. Waste arising from a spillage or tank cleaning should be disposed of in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognised collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. MARPOL - see International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (MARPOL 73/78) which provides technical aspects at controlling pollutions from ships.
	nical aspects at controlling polititions from ships.
Contaminated packaging :	Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional,

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		national, and lo	cal laws and regulations.

Local legislation Remarks

: Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

National Regulations

US Department of Transportation Classification (49 CFR Parts 171-180)

Not regulated as a dangerous good

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied. MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

Special precautions for user

Remarks

: Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

Components	CAS-No.	Component RQ	Calculated product RQ
		(lbs)	(lbs)
Xylene, mixed isomers	1330-20-7	100	*
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	1000	*

*: Calculated RQ exceeds reasonably attainable upper limit.

Calculated RQ exceeds reasonably attainable upper limit., Shell classifies this material as an "oil" under the CERCLA Petroleum Exclusion, therefore releases to the environment are not reportable under CERCLA., The components with RQs are given for information.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

	Components	CAS-No.	Component TPQ (lbs)
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SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

SARA 311/312 Hazards	:	No SARA Hazards
SARA 313	:	This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

Clean Water Act

The following Hazardous Chemicals are listed under the U.S. CleanWater Act, Section 311, Table 117.3:

Xylene, mixed isomers	1330-20-7	0.04 %
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.007 %

US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	64742-65-0
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5
Xylene, mixed isomers	1330-20-7

California Prop. 65

WARNING! This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Other regulations:

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

EINECS	:	Not established.
TSCA	:	All components listed.
DSL	:	All components listed.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

NFPA Rating (Health, Fire, Reac- 0, 1, 0 tivity)

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

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OSHA	Z-1 I / TWA Z-1 / TWA riations and Acronyms	 its for Air Contam 8-hour, time-weig 8-hour time weig The standard abl ment can be look dictionaries) and The standard abl 	ghted average hted average breviations and acronyms used in this docu- ked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific /or websites. breviations and acronyms used in this docu- ked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific
		Hygienists ADR = European Carriage of Dang AICS = Australia ASTM = America BEL = Biological BTEX = Benzen CAS = Chemical CEFIC = Europe CLP = Classifica COC = Cleveland DIN = Deutsches DMEL = Derived DNEL = Derived DSL = Canada D EC = European O EC50 = Effective ECETOC = Euro gy Of Chemicals ECHA = European GNCS = Japanes Inventory EWC = European GHS = Globally H Labelling of Cher IARC = Internatio IC50 = Inhibitory IL50 = Inhibitory IMDG = Internatio INV = Chinese C IP346 = Institute determination of KECI = Korea Ex LC50 = Lethal Do	e, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylenes Abstracts Service an Chemical Industry Council tion Packaging and Labelling d Open-Cup a Institut fur Normung Minimal Effect Level No Effect Level bornestic Substance List Commission c Concentration fifty pean Center on Ecotoxicology and Toxicolo- an Chemicals Agency suropean Inventory of Existing Commercial ances Loading fifty se Existing and New Chemical Substances n Waste Code Harmonised System of Classification and micals onal Agency for Research on Cancer onal Air Transport Association Concentration fifty Level fifty onal Maritime Dangerous Goods hemicals Inventory of Petroleum test method N° 346 for the polycyclic aromatics DMSO-extractables sisting Chemicals Inventory oncentration fifty

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		Pollution From NOEC/NOEL = served Effect L OE_HPV = Occ PBT = Persiste PICCS = Philip Substances PNEC = Predic REACH = Regi Chemicals RID = Regulatid gerous Goods B SKIN_DES = S STEL = Short to TRA = Targeted TSCA = US To	ernational Convention for the Prevention of Ships No Observed Effect Concentration / No Ob- evel cupational Exposure - High Production Volume nt, Bioaccumulative and Toxic pine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical ted No Effect Concentration stration Evaluation And Authorisation Of ons Relating to International Carriage of Dan-

A vertical bar () in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet	:	The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).
Revision Date	:	02/25/2021

vPvB = very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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