SAFETY DATA SHEET

TRANSGARD AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION FLUID MERCON® V



Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: TRANSGARD AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION FLUID MERCON® V
Synonyms	: Automatic Transmission Fluid
Material uses	: Transmission oil
Code	: 633122001
Supplier's details	: CITGO Petroleum Corporation P.O. Box 4689 Houston, TX 77210 sdsvend@citgo.com
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: Technical Contact: (800) 248-4684 Medical Emergency: (832) 486-4700 CHEMTREC Emergency: (800) 424-9300 (United States Only)

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	: SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word	1	Warning
Hazard statements	:	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Precautionary statements		
General	:	Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Thoroughly wash exposed areas and clothing with soap and water. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. IF SWALLOWED: Do not induce vomiting. If you feel unwell, seek medical attention and show the label when possible. Keep out of reach of children.
Prevention	1	Wear protective gloves. Avoid breathing vapor. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	1	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.
Storage	1	Store in a dry place and/or in closed container. Store in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Disposal	1	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazards not otherwise classified	1	None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Other means of identification

: Automatic Transmission Fluid

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number

: Not applicable.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	≥25 - ≤50	64742-54-7
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C15-30, hydrotreated neutral oil-based	≥25 - ≤50	72623-86-0
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, eicosyl ester, polymer with hexadecyl 2-methyl- 2-propenoate, isodecyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and methyl 2-methyl- 2-propenoate	≤10	63197-48-8
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, eicosyl ester, polymer with 1-ethenyl- 2-pyrrolidinone, hexadecyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, isodecyl 2-methyl- 2-propenoate, methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and octadecyl 2-methyl- 2-propenoate	≤10	68171-46-0
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	≤5	64742-65-0
Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated, light naphthenic	≤3	64742-53-6
Alkyl Amines	≤3	ACC 251617
2,5-bis(tert-nonyldithio)-1,3,4-thiadiazole	<1	89347-09-1
* = Various ** = Mixture *** = Proprietary		I

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to process variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary firs	t aid measures
Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	<u>əd</u>
Potential acute health effects	

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Section 4. First aid measures

Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
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Inhalation	: Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
Skin contact	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>otoms</u>
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: Treat symptomatically and supportively.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

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Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for c	ontainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and

	disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.
	Bulk Storage Conditions: Maintain all storage tanks in accordance with applicable regulations. Use necessary controls to monitor tank inventories. Inspect all storage tanks on a periodic basis. Test tanks and associated piping for tightness. Maintain the automatic leak detection devices to assure proper working condition.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limit	ts	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	TWA: 5 mg/m fraction OSHA PEL (Un TWA: 5 mg/m NIOSH REL (U TWA: 5 mg/m	nited States, 3/2019). ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalabl nited States, 5/2018). ³ 8 hours. nited States, 10/2016). ³ 10 hours. Form: Mist m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist	
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C15-30, hydrotreated neutral oil-based	ACGIH TLV (U	nited States, 3/2019).	
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	Distillates (petroleum), solvent-c			TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction OSHA PEL (United States, 3/2019). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist
C	ontrols	contaminants.		cient to control worker exposure to airborne
	ontrols	they comply with the requirem	ents of entron	vironmental protection legislation. In some ing modifications to the process equipment will
In	dividual protection measures			
		eating, smoking and using the	e lavatory a	hly after handling chemical products, before and at the end of the working period. to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

	eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.
	Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing.
	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash
	contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
protection	: Safety glasses equipped with side shields are recommended as minimum protection in industrial settings. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless

- Eye/face protection
 Safety glasses equipped with side shields are recommended as minimum protection in industrial settings. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
- Hand protection
 Avoid skin contact with liquid. Chemical-resistant gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. Leather gloves are not protective for liquid contact.
- **Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Skin protection

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Other skin protection	: Avoid skin contact with liquid. Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Leather boots are not protective for liquid contact.
Respiratory protection	: Avoid inhalation of gases, vapors, mists or dusts. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or supplied-air respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Red.
Odor	: Hydrocarbon. [Slight]
рН	: Not available.
Boiling point	: Not available.
Flash point	: Open cup: 214°C (417.2°F) [Cleveland.]
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: Not available.
Density lbs/gal	: 7.18 lbs/gal
Density gm/cm ³	: Not available.
Gravity, °API	: 32.6 @ 60 F
Flow time (ISO 2431)	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 0.37 cm ² /s (37 cSt)
Viscosity SUS	: 180 SUS @100 F

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	:	Not expected to be Explosive, Self-Reactive, Self-Heating, or an Organic Peroxide under US GHS Definition(s).
Chemical stability	:	The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	:	No specific data.
Incompatible materials	:	No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated, light naphthenic	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
2,5-bis(tert-nonyldithio)-1,3, 4-thiadiazole	LD50 Oral	Rat	>10 g/kg	-
Conclusion/Summary	 Distillates (petroleum), hydrot highly refined oils are reported to Effects from single and short-ter oil mists well above applicable w reaction, lipoid granuloma forma studies involving exposures to lo current work place exposure lev Distillates (petroleum), solven from highly refined oils are repor animals. Effects from single and of mineral oil mists well above a inflammatory reaction, lipoid gra sub-acute studies involving expose near current work place exposur Distillates (petroleum), hydrot 9.6 mg/L (Female Rat). INHALATION (LC50) Acute: 10 DRAIZE EYE Acute: Non-irritati DRAIZE DERMAL Acute: Mild s BUEHLER DERMAL Acute: No 28-Day DERMAL Sub-Chronic: A life-time dermal application of skin masses on mice which corr animals. Additional studies attril These studies indicate that light 	b have low acute a m repeated expo- vorkplace exposur- tion and lipoid pn over concentration els produced no s t-dewaxed heav ted to have low a d short-term repea- pplicable workpla nuloma formation osures to lower co- re levels produced reated light napi .5 mg/L (Male Ra ng (Rabbit). skin irritant (Rabbit).	and sub-acute toxic sures to high conce re levels include lur eumonia. In acute ns of mineral oil mi significant toxicolog y paraffinic : Miner cute and sub-acute ated exposures to l ce exposure levels and lipoid pneumo oncentrations of min d no significant toxi hthenic: INHALAT t). it). skin irritant (Rabbi ated light naphther in irritation responses to a weak promo	t & Rat). cities of the test tional activity.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated, light naphthenic	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 0.5 MI	-
Alkyl Amines	Skin - Moderate irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
Skin	No additional information.			·	
Eyes	: No additional information.				
Respiratory Sensitization	: No additional information.				

carcinogenic by IARC, NTP or OSHA.

complete chemical carcinogens. These materials have not been determined to be

Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
Alkyl Amines	skin	Mammal - species unspecif	fied Sensitizing
Skin Respiratory <u>Mutagenicity</u> Not available.	No additional i : No additional i		•
Conclusion/Summary	: No additional i	nformation.	
Carcinogenicity Not available.			
Conclusion/Summary <u>Reproductive toxicity</u> Not available.	: No additional in	nformation.	
Conclusion/Summary <u>Teratogenicity</u> Not available.	: No additional in	nformation.	
Conclusion/Summary	: No additional in	nformation.	
Specific target organ toxici Not available.	<u>ty (single exposu</u>	<u>'e)</u>	
Specific target organ toxici Not available.	ty (repeated expo	<u>sure)</u>	
Aspiration hazard			
Name		Re	sult
Distillates, petroleum, hydrot	reated, light naphth	nenic AS	PIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not available.		
Potential acute health effects	<u>S</u>		
Eye contact	: No known sign	ificant effects or critical hazard	S.
Inhalation		ecomposition products may cau owing exposure.	use a health hazard. Serious effects may
Skin contact	: May cause an	allergic skin reaction.	
Ingestion	: No known sign	ificant effects or critical hazard	S.
Symptoms related to the phy	<u>/sical, chemical a</u>	nd toxicological characteristi	ics
Eye contact	: No specific dat	-	
Inhalation	: No specific dat	a.	
Skin contact	: Adverse symp irritation redness	toms may include the following	:
Ingestion	: No specific dat	a.	
Delayed and immediate effect	cts and also chror	nic effects from short and lon	i <u>g term exposure</u>
Delayed and immediate effect Short term exposure	cts and also chror	<u>ic effects from short and lon</u>	ig term exposure
	cts and also chror : Not available.	<u>iic effects from short and lon</u>	<u>ig term exposure</u>

Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	iects
Not available.	
General	: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 12. Ecological information

Section 12. Ecological mormation	
Toxicity Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
Persistence and degradabit Not available. Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
Bioaccumulative potential Not available.	
Mobility in soil Soil/water partition coefficient (K _{oc})	: Not available.
Other adverse effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains
	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

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Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

Oil: The product(s) represented by this SDS is (are) regulated as "oil" under 49 CFR Part 130. Shipments by rail or highway in packaging having a capacity of 3500 gallons or more or in a quantity greater 42,000 gallons are subject to these requirements. In addition, mixtures containing 10% or more of this product may be subject to these requirements.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

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Transport in bulk according : Not available.
to Annex II of MARPOL and
the IBC Code
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Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted. This material is classified as an oil under Section 311 of the Clean Water Act (CWA) and the Oil Pollution Act of 1990 (OPA). Discharges or spills which produce a visible sheen on waters of the United States, their adjoining shorelines, or into conduits leading to surface waters must be reported to the EPA's National Response Center at (800) 424-8802.

SARA 302/304

Composition/information	n on ingredients

SARA 304 RQ	: Not applicable.
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SARA 311/312

Classification : SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated, light naphthenic	≤3	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Alkyl Amines	≤3	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B
2,5-bis(tert-nonyldithio)-1,3, 4-thiadiazole	<1	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Ćategory 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

State regulations

Section 15. Regulatory information

Massachusetts	: None of the components are listed.
New York	: None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	 The following components are listed: Amines, polyethylenepoly-, reaction products with succinic anhydride polyisobutenyl derivs., borated
Pennsylvania	 The following components are listed: Amines, polyethylenepoly-, reaction products with succinic anhydride polyisobutenyl derivs., borated
International regulations	
Inventory list	
United States	: All components are listed or exempted.
Australia	: At least one component is not listed.
Canada	: All components are listed or exempted.
China	: Not determined.
Europe	 At least one component is not listed in EINECS but all such components are listed in ELINCS. Please contact your supplier for information on the inventory status of this material.
Japan	: Japan inventory (ENCS): At least one component is not listed. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
Malaysia	: Not determined.
New Zealand	: At least one component is not listed.
Philippines	: At least one component is not listed.
Republic of Korea	: All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan	: Not determined.
Thailand	: Not determined.
Turkey	: Not determined.
Viet Nam	: Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1		Justification Calculation method			
					History
Date of printing	: 5/26/2021				
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Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
	BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
	GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
	IATA = International Air Transport Association
	IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
	MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations
References	: Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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