According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Corena PCF

Version 1.1	Revision Date: 10/14/2020	SDS Number: 800010042472						
SECTION	SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION							
Produ	uct name	: Shell Corena I	Shell Corena PCF					
Produ	Product code		: 00115568					
Manu	Manufacturer or supplier's details							
Manu	facturer/Supplier	: Shell Oil Prod PO Box 4427 Houston TX 7 USA						
	SDS Request Customer Service		: (+1) 877-276-7285 :					
Emer	Emergency telephone number							
	nformation h Information	: 877-504-9351 : 877-242-7400						
Reco	mmended use of the	chemical and restri	ctions on use					
Reco	mmended use	: Compressor o	il.					

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Based on available data this substance / mixture does not meet the classification criteria.

GHS label elements Hazard pictograms	:	No Hazard Symbol required
Signal word	:	No signal word
Hazard statements	:	PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a health hazard under GHS criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria.
Precautionary statements	:	Prevention: No precautionary phrases. Response: No precautionary phrases. Storage: No precautionary phrases.

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Disposal:

No precautionary phrases.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Used oil may contain harmful impurities.

Not classified as flammable but will burn.

The classification of this material is based on OSHA HCS 2012 criteria.

Under normal conditions of use or in a foreseeable emergency, this product does not meet the definition of a hazardous chemical when evaluated according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Chemical nature	 Highly refined mineral oils and additives. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO- extract, according to IP346.
	* contains one or more of the following CAS-numbers: 64742

* contains one or more of the following CAS-numbers: 64742-53-6, 64742-54-7, 64742-55-8, 64742-56-9, 64742-65-0, 68037-01-4, 72623-86-0, 72623-87-1, 8042-47-5, 848301-69-9, 68649-12-7, 151006-60-9, 163149-28-8.

Hazardous components

Chemical name	Synonyms	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Zinc dialkyldithio- phosphate	zinc bis[O,O- bis(2- ethylhexyl)] bis(dithiophosp hate)	4259-15-8	1 - 2.49
Interchangeable low viscosity base oil (<20,5 cSt @40°C) *		Not Assigned	0 - 90

SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

If inhaled	:	No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
In case of skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with wa- ter and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
In case of eye contact	:	Flush eye with copious quantities of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.

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	If swalle	owed	:	0	tment is necessary unless large quantities wever, get medical advice.
	Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed		:	Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea.	
	Protection of first-aiders		:	When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.	
	medica	on of any immediate I attention and special ent needed	:	Treat symptomation	cally.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon diox- ide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water in a jet.
Specific hazards during fire- fighting	:	Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.
Specific extinguishing meth- ods	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir- cumstances and the surrounding environment.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec- tive equipment and emer- gency procedures	:	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Environmental precautions	:	Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contami- nation. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
		Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

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	nods and materials for ainment and cleaning up	Prevent from sp or other contain Reclaim liquid d Soak up residue	pilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. reading by making a barrier with sand, earth ment material. irectly or in an absorbent. with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other I and dispose of properly.
Addi	tional advice	see Section 8 of	selection of personal protective equipment this Safety Data Sheet. disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of Sheet.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures	:	Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk as- sessment of local circumstances to help determine appropri- ate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.
Advice on safe handling	:	Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning mate- rials in order to prevent fires.
Avoidance of contact	:	Strong oxidising agents.
Product Transfer	:	Proper grounding and bonding procedures should be used during all bulk transfer operations to avoid static accumulation.
Further information on stor- age stability	:	Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labeled and closable containers.
		Store at ambient temperature.
Packaging material	:	Suitable material: For containers or container linings, use mild steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC.
Container Advice	:	Polyethylene containers should not be exposed to high tem- peratures because of possible risk of distortion.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

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Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parame- ters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
Oil mist, mineral		TWA (Inhal- able particu- late matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

vary depe controls b Appropria	of protection and types of controls necessary will ending upon potential exposure conditions. Select based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. ate measures include: e ventilation to control airborne concentrations.
--------------------------------------	---

Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

General Information:

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as

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		drinking, and/o protective equi	after handling the material and before eating, r smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and pment to remove contaminants. Discard con- ning and footwear that cannot be cleaned. housekeeping.
Perso	onal protective equip	ment	
	iratory protection	: No respiratory conditions of u In accordance tions should be If engineering of tions to a level select respirato cific conditions Check with res Where air-filter priate combina Select a filter s	with good industrial hygiene practices, precau- e taken to avoid breathing of material. controls do not maintain airborne concentra- which is adequate to protect worker health, ory protection equipment suitable for the spe- of use and meeting relevant legislation. piratory protective equipment suppliers. ing respirators are suitable, select an appro- tion of mask and filter. uitable for the combination of organic gases and particles [Type A/Type P boiling point
	protection emarks	gloves approve US: F739) mad suitable chemin gloves Suitabil usage, e.g. free sistance of glov glove suppliers Personal hygie Gloves must of gloves, hands cation of a non For continuous through time of 480 minutes w short-term/spla recognize that may not be ava time maybe ac and replaceme a good predicte dependent on Glove thicknes	ontact with the product may occur the use of ed to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, de from the following materials may provide cal protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber ity and durability of a glove is dependent on quency and duration of contact, chemical re- ve material, dexterity. Always seek advice from a. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. In e is a key element of effective hand care. Inly be worn on clean hands. After using should be washed and dried thoroughly. Appli- perfumed moisturizer is recommended. In contact we recommend gloves with break- f more than 240 minutes with preference for > here suitable gloves can be identified. For ash protection we recommend the same but suitable gloves offering this level of protection ailable and in this case a lower breakthrough ceptable so long as appropriate maintenance out regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not or of glove resistance to a chemical as it is the exact composition of the glove material. s should be typically greater than 0.35 mm the glove make and model.
Eye p	protection		andled such that it could be splashed into eyes, vear is recommended.
Skin a	and body protection	: Skin protection work clothes.	is not ordinarily required beyond standard

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				It is good practice	to wear chemical resistant gloves.
	Protect	ive measures	:		ve equipment (PPE) should meet recom- standards. Check with PPE suppliers.
	Therma	al hazards	:	Not applicable	
	Enviro	nmental exposure co	ntro	Is	
	Genera	al advice	:	vant environmenta of the environment necessary, prever charged to waste municipal or indus discharge to surfa Local guidelines of	measures to fulfill the requirements of rele- al protection legislation. Avoid contamination at by following advice given in Section 6. If at undissolved material from being dis- water. Waste water should be treated in a strial waste water treatment plant before ace water. on emission limits for volatile substances I for the discharge of exhaust air containing
SEC	TION 9	. PHYSICAL AND CHI	EMIC	CAL PROPERTIES	8
	Appear	ance	:	liquid	
	Colour		:	yellow	
	Odour [·]	Threshold	:	Data not availabl	e
	рН		:	Not applicable	
	pour po	bint	:	Method: Unspeci Not applicable	fied
	Initial b range	oiling point and boiling	:	> 280 °C / 536 °F estimated value(s	
	Flash p	point	:	215 °C / 419 °F	
				Method: ASTM D	992 (COC)
	Evapor	ation rate	:	Data not availabl	e
	Flamm	ability (solid, gas)	:	Data not availabl	e
		explosion limit / upper ability limit	:	Typical 10 %(V)	
		explosion limit / Lower ability limit	:	Typical 1 %(V)	
	Vapour	pressure	:	< 0.5 Pa (20 °C /	68 °F)
				estimated value(s	5)

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Re	elative vapour density	:	> 1 estimated value(s)	
Re	elative density	:	0.866 (15.0 °C /	59.0 °F)	
De	ensity	:	: Method: Unspecified Not applicable		
			866 kg/m3 (15.0 Method: ASTM D		
So	blubility(ies) Water solubility	:	negligible		
	Solubility in other solvents	:	Data not availabl	e	
	artition coefficient: n- tanol/water	:	log Pow: > 6 (based on information on similar products)		
Αι	to-ignition temperature	:	> 320 °C / 608 °F		
De	ecomposition temperature	:	Data not available		
Vi	scosity Viscosity, dynamic	:	Data not availabl	е	
	Viscosity, kinematic	:	39 mm2/s (40.0 °	°C / 104.0 °F)	
			Method: ASTM D	0445	
			7.2 mm2/s (100 °	°C / 212 °F)	
			Method: ASTM D	0445	
E>	plosive properties	:	Not classified		
O	kidizing properties	:	Data not availabl	e	
Co	pnductivity	:	This material is not expected to be a static accumulator.		

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	:	The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.
Chemical stability	:	Stable.
Possibility of hazardous reac- tions	:	Reacts with strong oxidising agents.
Conditions to avoid	:	Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
Incompatible materials	:	Strong oxidising agents.

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Haza produ	rdous decomposition lcts	: No decompos	ition if stored and applied as directed.
SECTION	11. TOXICOLOGICAL	INFORMATION	
Basis	for assessment	the toxicology of the data preser	en is based on data on the components and of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, nted is representative of the product as a nan for individual component(s).
Skin a accid	mation on likely route and eye contact are the ental ingestion. e toxicity		posure although exposure may occur following
Prod	uct:		
	oral toxicity	: LD50 (rat): > 5 Remarks: Low Based on avail	
Acute	inhalation toxicity	: Remarks: Base are not met.	ed on available data, the classification criteria
Acute	e dermal toxicity	: LD50 (Rabbit): Remarks: Low Based on avail	

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to skin., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to the eye., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

Zinc dialkyldithiophosphate:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: Not a skin sensitiser. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

: Remarks: Non mutagenic, Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies., Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

IARC	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.
OSHA	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.
NTP	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Remarks: Not a developmental toxicant., Does not impair fertility., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not an aspiration hazard.

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Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	:	Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representa- tive of the product as a whole, rather than for individual com- ponent(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).	
Ecotoxicity			
<u>Product:</u> Toxicity to fish (Acute toxici- ty)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Toxicity to algae (Acute tox- icity)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox- icity)	:	Remarks: Data not available	
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chron- ic toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data not available	
Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data not available	

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Persi	istence and degradat	ility	
Prod	•	: Remarks: Not re Major constituer components tha Persistent per IN International Oil tion: "A non-pers consists of hydr by volume, distil at least 95% of 370°C (700°F) v	eadily biodegradable. Ints are inherently biodegradable, but contains at may persist in the environment. MO criteria. Pollution Compensation (IOPC) Fund defini- sistent oil is oil, which, at the time of shipment, ocarbon fractions, (a) at least 50% of which, Ils at a temperature of 340°C (645°F) and (b) which, by volume, distils at a temperature of when tested by the ASTM Method D-86/78 or a revision thereof."
Bioa	ccumulative potentia		
<u>Prod</u> Bioac	uct: ccumulation	: Remarks: Conta cumulate.	ains components with the potential to bioac-
Mobi	lity in soil		
<mark>Prod</mark> Mobil			d under most environmental conditions. t will adsorb to soil particles and will not be
		Remarks: Floats	s on water.
Othe	r adverse effects		
<u>Prod</u> Addit matic	ional ecological infor-	ozone creation p Product is a mix be released to a conditions of us Poorly soluble n	
			not cause chronic toxicity to aquatic organ- rations less than 1 mg/l.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal	methods
----------	---------

Waste from residues	:	Recover or recycle if possible.
		It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the
		toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to

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		ods in compliance Waste product si ground water, or Do not dispose in courses Do not dispose of drain into the gro contamination. Waste arising fro posed of in acco to a recognised of	oper waste classification and disposal meth- e with applicable regulations. hould not be allowed to contaminate soil or be disposed of into the environment. nto the environment, in drains or in water of tank water bottoms by allowing them to bund. This will result in soil and groundwater om a spillage or tank cleaning should be dis- rdance with prevailing regulations, preferably collector or contractor. The competence of the actor should be established beforehand.
Co	ontaminated packaging	to a recognized of the collector or c Disposal should	dance with prevailing regulations, preferably collector or contractor. The competence of ontractor should be established beforehand. be in accordance with applicable regional, al laws and regulations.
	ocal legislation emarks		be in accordance with applicable regional, al laws and regulations.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

National Regulations

US Department of Transportation Classification (49 CFR Parts 171-180)

Not regulated as a dangerous good

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied. MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

Special precautions for user

Remarks

: Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

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SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

Components	CAS-No.	Component RQ	Calculated product RQ
		(lbs)	(lbs)
Ethanediol	107-21-1	5000	*

*: Calculated RQ exceeds reasonably attainable upper limit., Shell classifies this material as an "oil" under the CERCLA Petroleum Exclusion, therefore releases to the environment are not reportable under CERCLA., The components with RQs are given for information.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards	:	No SARA Hazards		
SARA 313	:	The following components tablished by SARA Title III		rting levels es-
		Zinc dialkyldithiophos- phate	4259-15-8	>= 1 - < 5 %

Clean Water Act

This product does not contain any Hazardous Chemicals listed under the U.S. CleanWater Act, Section 311, Table 117.3.

US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	64742-54-7
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	64742-54-7
Zinc dialkyldithiophosphate	4259-15-8
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic	64741-88-4
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic	64741-89-5
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle	64742-46-7
Ethanediol	107-21-1
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light, which is/are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Ethanediol, which is/are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

California List of Hazardous Substances

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	64742-54-7
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	64742-54-7
Zinc dialkyldithiophosphate	4259-15-8

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California Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	64742-54-7
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	64742-54-7

Other regulations:

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

EINECS	:	Not established.
TSCA	:	All components listed.
DSL	:	All components listed.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

NFPA Rating (Health, Fire, Reac- 0, 1, 0 tivity)

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH OSHA Z-1 ACGIH / TWA OSHA Z-1 / TWA Abbreviations and Acronyms	:	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Lim- its for Air Contaminants 8-hour, time-weighted average 8-hour time weighted average The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this docu- ment can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific dictionaries) and/or websites.
		ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists ADR = European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road AICS = Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances ASTM = American Society for Testing and Materials BEL = Biological exposure limits BTEX = Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylenes CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service CEFIC = European Chemical Industry Council CLP = Classification Packaging and Labelling COC = Cleveland Open-Cup DIN = Deutsches Institut fur Normung DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level DSL = Canada Domestic Substance List EC = European Commission EC50 = Effective Concentration fifty ECETOC = European Center on Ecotoxicology and Toxicolo-

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		gy Of Chemica	ls
			ean Chemicals Agency
			European Inventory of Existing Commercial
		Chemical Subs	
		EL50 = Effectiv	
			ese Existing and New Chemical Substances
		Inventory	
			an Waste Code
			y Harmonised System of Classification and
		Labelling of Ch	
			tional Agency for Research on Cancer
			tional Air Transport Association
			ry Concentration fifty
		IL50 = Inhibitor	
			ational Maritime Dangerous Goods
			Chemicals Inventory
			te of Petroleum test method N° 346 for the
			of polycyclic aromatics DMSO-extractables
			Existing Chemicals Inventory
			Concentration fifty
			Dose fifty per cent.
			nal Loading/Effective Loading/Inhibitory loading
		LL50 = Lethal I	
			ernational Convention for the Prevention of
		Pollution From	Ships
			No Observed Effect Concentration / No Ob-
		served Effect L	evel
		OE HPV = Oc	cupational Exposure - High Production Volume
			nt, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
		PICCS = Philip	pine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical
		Substances	
		PNEC = Predic	ted No Effect Concentration
		REACH = Regi	istration Evaluation And Authorisation Of
		Chemicals	
		RID = Regulati	ons Relating to International Carriage of Dan-
		gerous Goods	by Rail
		SKIN_DES = S	Skin Designation
		STEL = Short t	erm exposure limit
		TRA = Targete	d Risk Assessment
			xic Substances Control Act
			/eighted Average
		vPvB = very Pe	ersistent and very Bioaccumulative
A ver	tical bar () in the left	margin indicates an am	endment from the previous version.
•			

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet	:	The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).
Revision Date	:	10/14/2020

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Corena PCF

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Print Date: 10/15/2020
1.1	10/14/2020	800010042472	Date of last issue: 09/24/2020

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