

SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to the Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

VALONA MS 7023 HC

SDS #: 086069

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier : VALONA MS 7023 HC

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Cutting fluid

Supplier's details :

: TotalEnergies Marketing USA, Inc. 1201 Louisiana St. Suite 1800

Houston, TX 77002 Phone: 713-483-5000

ProductSafety@totalenergies.com

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)

1-866-928-0789 (For Emergencies, call CARECHEM 24/7 Domestic) 1-215-207-0061 (For Emergencies, call CARECHEM 24/7 International)

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

: SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word

: Warning

Hazard statements

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Precautionary statements

Prevention

: Wear protective gloves. Avoid breathing vapor.

Response

: Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.

Storage

: Not applicable.

Disposal

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Supplemental label

elements

: Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Hazards not otherwise

classified

: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	≥75 - ≤90	64742-54-7
Polysulfides, di-tert-dodecyl	≤5	68425-15-0
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	≤3	64742-55-8

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

Additional information

: Mineral oil of petroleum origin Product containing mineral oil with less than 3% DMSO extract as

measured by IP 346

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

: Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contactInhalationNo known significant effects or critical hazards.No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact

: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin

reaction.

Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : No specific data.

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Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness dryness cracking

Ingestion : No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may

be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash

contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

: Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. phosphorus oxides Zinc oxides sulfur oxides

Hydrogen sulfide Mercaptans Silicon Dioxide

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

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Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours.	
Polysulfides, di-tert-dodecyl	None.	

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Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic

ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).

TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable

fraction

NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).

TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).

TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Advisory OEL

: Metalworking fluids: USA: NIOSH (REL) TWA 0.5 mg/m3 Mineral oil mist: USA: OSHA (PEL) TWA 5 mg/m3, NIOSH (REL) TWA 5 mg/m3, STEL 10 mg/m3, ACGIH (TLV) TWA 5 mg/m3 (highly refined)

Appropriate engineering controls

: Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with sideshields.

Skin protection Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Hydrocarbon-proof gloves Fluorinated rubber

nitrile rubber

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, and the contact time.

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Ensure adequate ventilation and check that a safe, breathable atmosphere is present before entry into confined spaces In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. The use of breathing apparatus must comply strictly with the manufacturer's instructions and the regulations governing their choices and uses

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature (20°C / 68°F) and pressure (1013 hPa) unless otherwise indicated

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid. [limpid]

Color : Clear.

Odor : Characteristic.
Odor threshold : Not available.

pH : Not available.

Melting point/freezing point : Not available.

Boiling point : Not available.

Flash point : Open cup: >210°C (>410°F) [ASTM D 92]

Evaporation rate : Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.
Lower and upper explosive : Not available.

(flammable) limits

Vapor pressure : Not available.
Vapor density : Not available.

 Relative density
 : 0.858 [ASTM D 4052]

 Density
 : 0.858 g/cm³ [15°C]

Solubility : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

Miscible with water : No.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Viscosity : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 21 to 24 mm²/s (21 to 24 cSt) [ISO 3104]

Flow time (ISO 2431) : Not available.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

Incompatible materials : Strong oxidizing agents

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Hazardous decomposition products

: Carbon monoxide.
Carbon dioxide.
phosphorus oxides
Zinc oxides
sulfur oxides
Hydrogen sulfide
Mercaptans
Silicon Dioxide

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/substance	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure	Test
Distillates (petroleum),	LC50 Inhalation Dusts	Rat - Male,	>5 mg/l	4 hours	OECD 403
hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	and mists	Female	_		Read across
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit - Male,	>5000 mg/kg	-	OECD 402
		Female			Read across
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male,	>5000 mg/kg	-	OECD 401
		Female			Read across
Polysulfides, di-tert-dodecyl	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-	OECD 402
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2500 mg/kg	-	TEPA and
					OECD
Distillates (petroleum),	LC50 Inhalation Dusts	Rat	5.1 mg/l	4 hours	OECD 403
hydrotreated light paraffinic	and mists				
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-	OECD 402
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-	OECD 420

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Irritation/Corrosion

Skin
 Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
 Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
 Respiratory
 Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Sensitization

Skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are met.Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Mutagenicity

Product/substance	Test	Experiment	Result
Polysulfides, di-tert-dodecyl	OECD 473	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative
	OECD 476	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative
	OECD 474	Experiment: In vivo Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Teratogenicity

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Product/substance	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Polysulfides, di-tert-dodecyl	•	Rat - Male, Female	1000 mg/kg NOEL	-

Conclusion/Summary: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contactInhalationNo known significant effects or critical hazards.No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin

reaction.

Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness dryness cracking

Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects

: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Product/substance	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Polysulfides, di-tert-dodecyl	Sub-acute NOAEL Oral	Rat - Male, Female	1000 mg/kg	-

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General

: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently

exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/substance	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
VALONA MS 7023 HC Polysulfides, di-tert-dodecyl Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	83333.3	83333.3	N/A	N/A	N/A
	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	5.1

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/substance	Result	Species	Exposure	Test
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours	OECD 201
	Acute EC50 >10000 mg/l	Crustaceans - Daphnia magna	48 hours	OECD 202
	Chronic NOEL >100 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours	OECD 201
	Chronic NOEL >1000 mg/l	Crustaceans - Daphnia magna	21 days	-
Polysulfides, di-tert-dodecyl	Acute LC50 100.1 mg/l Chronic NOEC >100 mg/l	Fish Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours 72 days	- OECD 201
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata	72 hours	OECD 201
, J ,	Acute EC50 >10000 mg/l Chronic NOEL 10 mg/l Chronic NOEL >1000 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	48 hours 21 days 21 days	OECD 202 OECD 211 -

Persistence and degradability

	1	1		1	
Product/substance	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	OECD 301F	31 % - Not readily -	28 days	-	Activated sludge
Product/substance	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis	•	Biodegradability
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	-		-		Not readily

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Bioaccumulative potential

Product/substance	LogK _{ow}	BCF	Potential
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	>4	-	high
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	>12	-	high

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Mobility in soil

: Given its physical and chemical characteristics, the product generally shows low soil mobility The product is insoluble and floats on water Loss by evaporation is limited Forms an emulsion

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	IMDG	ICAO/IATA
UN/ID No	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

Additional information

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

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Transport in bulk according : Not available.

to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

: TSCA 8(a) PAIR: Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me **U.S. Federal regulations**

TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis(iso-Bu and pentyl)

esters, zinc salts

Clean Air Act Section 112

(b) Hazardous Air **Pollutants (HAPs)** : Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class I Substances

: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

: Not listed

Class II Substances

DEA List I Chemicals

: Not listed

(Precursor Chemicals)

DEA List II Chemicals

: Not listed

(Essential Chemicals)

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification : SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B

HNOC - Defatting irritant

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
Distillates (petroleum),	≥75 - ≤90	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
hydrotreated heavy paraffinic		
Polysulfides, di-tert-dodecyl	≤5	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B
Distillates (petroleum),	≤3	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
hydrotreated light paraffinic		

State regulations

Massachusetts : The following components are listed: OIL MIST, MINERAL; MINERAL OIL,

PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, HYDROTREATED LIGHT PARAFFINIC

New York : None of the components are listed. **New Jersey** : None of the components are listed. **Pennsylvania** : None of the components are listed.

California Prop. 65

To the best of our knowledge, this product does not contain any substances known to the State of California to cause cancer, developmental and/or reproductive harm

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

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Not listed

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

Australia inventory (AIIC)

Canada inventory (DSL/NDSL)

China inventory (IECSC)

Europe inventory (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP)

Japan inventory

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

Philippines inventory (PICCS)

Korea inventory (KECI)

Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI)

Thailand inventory

Turkey inventory

United States inventory (TSCA 8b)

Vietnam inventory

: All components are listed or exempted.

: Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined.

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

: All components are listed or exempted.: All components are listed or exempted.

: Not determined.

: Not determined.

: Not determined.

: Not determined.

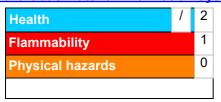
: All components are listed or exempted.

: Not determined.

The information stated in this section relates solely to the conformity of the chemical product with the countries Inventories. The information used to confirm the inventory status of this product may be based on additional data to the chemical composition shown in Section 3. Other regulations may apply for importation or marketing authorizations.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B	Calculation method

History

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Date of previous revision : No previous validation

Version : 1

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

References : Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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