SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: CITGO Diamond Oil 12
Synonyms	: Lubricating oil; CITGO [®] Material Code: 633090001
Code	: 633091001
MSDS #	: 633091001

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Not applicable.

Supplier's details	:	CITGO Petroleum Corporation P.O. Box 4689 Houston, TX 77210 sdsvend@citgo.com
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	:	Technical Contact: (800) 248-4684 Medical Emergency: (832) 486-4700 CHEMTREC Emergency: (800) 424-9300 (United States Only)

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	: ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



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Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Precautionary statements	
General	: Keep out of reach of children.
Prevention	: Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.
Response	: IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. Wash with plenty of soap and water or use a recognized skin cleanser.
Storage	: Store in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. Store locked up. Store in a dry place and a closed container. Empty containers may contain material residues which can ignite with explosive force. Misuse of empty containers can be dangerous if used to store toxic, flammable, or reactive materials. Cutting or welding of empty containers can cause fire, explosion, or release of toxic fumes from residues. Do not pressurize or expose empty containers to open flame, sparks, or heat. Keep container closed and drum bungs in place. All label warnings and precautions must be observed. Return empty drums to a qualified reconditioner. Consult appropriate federa state and local authorities before reusing, reconditioning, reclaiming, recycling, or disposing of empty containers and/or waste residues of this material.
Disposal	 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.
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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture Other means of identification

: Substance

: Lubricating oil;

CITGO[®] Material Code: 633090001

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS	number	

: Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	>99	64742-55-8

* = Various ** = Mixture *** = Proprietary

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to process variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary f	rst aid measures
Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	 Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects			
Eye contact :	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Inhalation :	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Skin contact :	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Ingestion :	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.		
Over-exposure signs/symptoms			
Eye contact :	No specific data.		
Inhalation :	No specific data.		
Skin contact :	No specific data.		
Ingestion :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting		

Section 4. First aid measures

Indication of immediate mee	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: If ingested, this material presents a significant aspiration and chemical pneumonitis hazard. Induction of emesis is not recommended. Consider activated charcoal and/or gastric lavage. If patient is obtunded, protect the airway by cuffed endotracheal intubation or by placement of the body in a Trendelenburg and left lateral decubitus position.
Specific treatments	: Treat symptomatically and supportively.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: No specific data.
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	tiv	e equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	<u>nt</u>	ainment and cleaning up

Small spill
 Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see
	Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.
	Bulk Storage Conditions: Maintain all storage tanks in accordance with applicable regulations. Use necessary controls to monitor tank inventories. Inspect all storage tanks on a periodic basis. Test tanks and associated piping for tightness. Maintain the automatic leak detection devices to assure proper working condition.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist

be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Appropriate engineering controls	: Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some
	cases, vapor controls, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will

Individual protection measures

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety glasses equipped with side shields are recommended as minimum protection in industrial settings. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Avoid skin contact with liquid. Chemical-resistant gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. Leather gloves are not protective for liquid contact.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	: Avoid skin contact with liquid. Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Leather boots are not protective for liquid contact.
Respiratory protection	: Avoid inhalation of gases, vapors, mists or dusts. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or supplied-air respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Clear to light amber.
Odor	: Mild petroleum odor
рН	: Not available.
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: Not available.
Flash point	: Open cup: 152°C (305.6°F) [Cleveland]
Evaporation rate	: <1 (butyl acetate = 1)
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: <0.13 kPa (<1 mm Hg)
Relative vapor density	: >1 [Air = 1]
Relative density	: 0.84
Density Ibs/gal	: Estimated 7 lbs/gal
Density gm/cm ³	: Not available.
Gravity, °API	: Estimated 37 @ 60 F
Solubility	: Very slightly soluble in the following materials: cold water.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.

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Viscosity	: Kinematic: 7 mm ² /s (7 cSt)
Flow time (ISO 2431)	: Not available.
Particle characteristics	
Median particle size	: Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

	-
Reactivity	: Not expected to be Explosive, Self-Reactive, Self-Heating, or an Organic Peroxide under US GHS Definition(s).
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	3900 mg/m ³	4 hours	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-	
Conclusion/Summary	: Distillates (petroleum), hydro highly refined oils are reported t Effects from single and short-te oil mists well above applicable w reaction, lipoid granuloma forma studies involving exposures to b current work place exposure lev	o have low act rm repeated ex vorkplace expo ation and lipoid ower concentra	ute and sub-acute to posures to high con posure levels include l pneumonia. In acuta ations of mineral oil r	kicities in animals. centrations of mineral ung inflammatory te and sub-acute nists at or near	
Irritation/Corrosion					
Not available.					
Skin	: No additional information.				
Eyes	: No additional information.				
Respiratory	: No additional information.				
Sensitization					
Not available.					
Skin	: No additional information.				
Respiratory	: No additional information.				
Mutagenicity					
Not available.					
Conclusion/Summary	: No additional information.				
Carcinogenicity Not available.					
Conclusion/Summary	:				
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Section 11. Toxicological information

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic: In long term studies (up to two years) no carcinogenic effects have been reported in any animal species tested.

Classification

	Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP				
	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	None.	-	-				
	Reproductive toxicity Not available.							
Ι	Conclusion/Summary : No additional information. Teratogenicity Not available.							
	Conclusion/Summary : No additional information.							
	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Not available.							
	pecific target organ toxicity Not available.	<u>/ (repeated</u>	<u>exposure)</u>					
A	spiration hazard							
ľ	lame				Result			
٦	Distillates (petroleum), hydroti	reated light p	paraffinic		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1			
ro	ormation on the likely utes of exposure	: Routes o	f entry antio	cipated: Dermal.				
Po	tential acute health effects							
E	ye contact		-	t effects or critical haz				
lr	halation		-	t effects or critical haz				
S	kin contact	: No know	n significan	t effects or critical haz	zards.			
lr	ngestion	: May be f	atal if swalle	owed and enters airwa	ays.			
<u>Sy</u>	mptoms related to the phys	sical, chemi	ical and to	xicological characte	ristics			
Е	ye contact	: No speci	fic data.					
Ir	Inhalation : No specific data.							
S	Skin contact : No specific data.							
Ir	Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting							
De	layed and immediate effect	s and also	chronic eff	fects from short and	long term exposure			
<u>S</u>	<u>hort term exposure</u>							
	Potential immediate effects	: Not avail	able.					
	Potential delayed effects : Not available.							
	Long term exposure Potential immediate : Not available. effects							
	Potential delayed effects : Not available.							
	Potential chronic health effects							
٢	lot available.							
	General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.							

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	(gases)	(vapors)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
CITGO Diamond Oil 12	5000	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	5000	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A

Toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition: Not available.coefficient (Koc)

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	Not regulated.	Not available.	Not available.
UN proper shipping name	-	Not available.	Not available.
Transport hazard class(es)	-	Not available.	Not available.
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

 U.S. Federal regulations
 United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted. This material is classified as an oil under Section 311 of the Clean Water Act (CWA) and the Oil Pollution Act of 1990 (OPA). Discharges or spills which produce a visible sheen on waters of the United States, their adjoining shorelines, or into conduits leading to surface waters must be reported to the EPA's National Response Center at (800) 424-8802.

SARA 302/304		odionto					
Composition/information							
SARA 304 RQ	: Not	applicable.					
SARA 311/312							
Classification			ZARD - Category 1				
Composition/information							
Name		%	Classification	n			
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffin		>99	ASPIRATION	HAZARD - Category	/ 1		
State regulations							
Massachusetts	: No	ne of the comp	oonents are listed.				
New York	: No	ne of the comp	oonents are listed.				
New Jersey	: No	ne of the comp	oonents are listed.				
Pennsylvania : None of the components are listed.			oonents are listed.				
International regulations							
Rotterdam Convention on	Prior In	formed Cons	<u>ent (PIC)</u>				
Not listed.							
Inventory list							
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Section 15. Regulatory information

United States	: All components are listed or exempted.
Australia	: All components are listed or exempted.
Canada	: All components are listed or exempted.
China	: All components are listed or exempted.
Europe	: All components are listed or exempted.
Japan	: Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
Malaysia	: Not determined
New Zealand	: All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines	: All components are listed or exempted.
Republic of Korea	: All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan	: All components are listed or exempted.
Thailand	: All components are listed or exempted.
Turkey	: All components are listed or exempted.
Viet Nam	: All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

	Justification				
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Ca	Regulatory data				
History					
Date of printing	: 10/19/2022				
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 10/19/2022				
Date of previous issue	: 10/7/2020				
Version	n : 3				
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition co MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevent as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = mar UN = United Nations	efficient on of Pollution From Ships, 1973			

Section 16. Other information

References

: MSDS Notation 7/14/03: THis MSDS is based on an FCN dated 7/14/03 that changed the base oil (100%) from EXXON 3262 White Oil to PETROCAN ATF Base Oil P50] [Former MSDS notation: This product is a rebrand of Exxon 3262 White Oil Base (Exxon product code 383262-03262). Component, physical, chemical and other data was taken from Exxon's MSDS dated 3/22/99.]

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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