According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200 Shell Turbo Oil T 68

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Print Date: 10/28/2020 15.12 08/14/2020 800001004655 Date of last issue: 08/13/2020 **SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION** : Shell Turbo Oil T 68 Product name Product code : 001A9784 Manufacturer or supplier's details : Shell Oil Products US Manufacturer/Supplier PO Box 4427 Houston TX 77210-4427 USA SDS Request : (+1) 877-276-7285 **Customer Service** : **Emergency telephone number** Spill Information : 877-504-9351 Health Information : 877-242-7400

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use Recommended use : Turbine oil.

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Based on available data this substance / mixture does not meet the classification criteria.

GHS label elements		
Hazard pictograms	:	No Hazard Symbol required
Signal word	:	No signal word
Hazard statements	:	PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a health hazard under GHS criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria.
Precautionary statements	:	Prevention: No precautionary phrases.
		Response:
		No precautionary phrases.
		Storage:
		No precautionary phrases.

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Disposal:

No precautionary phrases.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Used oil may contain harmful impurities.

Not classified as flammable but will burn.

The classification of this material is based on OSHA HCS 2012 criteria.

Under normal conditions of use or in a foreseeable emergency, this product does not meet the definition of a hazardous chemical when evaluated according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Chemical nature	:	Highly refined mineral oils and additives. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO- extract, according to IP346.
		* contains one or more of the following CAS-numbers: 64742

* contains one or more of the following CAS-numbers: 64742-53-6, 64742-54-7, 64742-55-8, 64742-56-9, 64742-65-0, 68037-01-4, 72623-86-0, 72623-87-1, 8042-47-5, 848301-69-9, 68649-12-7, 151006-60-9, 163149-28-8.

Hazardous components

Chemical name	Synonyms	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
(4- nonylphenoxy)acetic acid	(4- nonylphe- noxy)acetic acid	3115-49-9	0.01 - 0.09
N-phenyl-1- naphthylamine	N-1- naphthylaniline	90-30-2	0.1 - 0.24
Interchangeable low viscosity base oil (<20,5 cSt @40°C) *		Not Assigned	0 - 99.5

SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

If inhaled	:	No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
In case of skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with wa- ter and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
In case of eye contact	:	Flush eye with copious quantities of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.

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	If swall	owed	:		tment is necessary unless large quantities owever, get medical advice.
		nportant symptoms ects, both acute and l	:	of black pustules a	s signs and symptoms may include formation and spots on the skin of exposed areas. ult in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea.
	Protect	ion of first-aiders	:		ng first aid, ensure that you are wearing the nal protective equipment according to the d surroundings.
	medica	on of any immediate I attention and special ent needed	:	Treat symptomation	cally.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon diox- ide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water in a jet.
Specific hazards during fire- fighting	:	Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.
Specific extinguishing meth- ods	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir- cumstances and the surrounding environment.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec- tive equipment and emer- gency procedures	:	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Environmental precautions	:	Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contami- nation. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
		Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

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		s and materials for ment and cleaning up	:	Prevent from spre or other containm Reclaim liquid dire	It. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. ading by making a barrier with sand, earth
A	dditior	nal advice	:	For guidance on s see Section 8 of the section the sec	and dispose of properly. selection of personal protective equipment his Safety Data Sheet. disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of sheet.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures	:	Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.
Advice on safe handling	:	Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning mate- rials in order to prevent fires.
Avoidance of contact	:	Strong oxidising agents.
Product Transfer	:	Proper grounding and bonding procedures should be used during all bulk transfer operations to avoid static accumulation.
Further information on stor- age stability	:	Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labeled and closable containers.
		Store at ambient temperature.
Packaging material	:	Suitable material: For containers or container linings, use mild steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC.
Container Advice	:	Polyethylene containers should not be exposed to high tem- peratures because of possible risk of distortion.

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SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parame- ters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
Oil mist, mineral	-	TWA (Inhal-	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
		able particu-	-	
		late matter)		

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

Engineering measures	:	The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.
		Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.
		General Information: Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls. Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product. Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation. Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or mainte-

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		subsequent re Always observ washing hand drinking, and/o protective equ taminated clot	owns in sealed storage pending disposal or cycle. re good personal hygiene measures, such as s after handling the material and before eating, or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and ipment to remove contaminants. Discard con- hing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. housekeeping.
Pers	onal protective equip	ment	
	piratory protection	: No respiratory conditions of u In accordance tions should be If engineering tions to a level select respirat cific conditions Check with res Where air-filte priate combina Select a filter s	with good industrial hygiene practices, precau- e taken to avoid breathing of material. controls do not maintain airborne concentra- which is adequate to protect worker health, ory protection equipment suitable for the spe- s of use and meeting relevant legislation. spiratory protective equipment suppliers. ring respirators are suitable, select an appro- ation of mask and filter. suitable for the combination of organic gases nd particles [Type A/Type P boiling point
	d protection emarks	gloves approv US: F739) ma suitable chemi gloves Suitabi usage, e.g. fre sistance of glo glove suppliers Personal hygie Gloves must o gloves, hands cation of a nor For continuous through time o 480 minutes w short-term/spla recognize that may not be av time maybe ac and replaceme a good predict dependent on Glove thicknes	ontact with the product may occur the use of ed to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, de from the following materials may provide ical protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber lity and durability of a glove is dependent on equency and duration of contact, chemical re- ive material, dexterity. Always seek advice from s. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. ene is a key element of effective hand care. inly be worn on clean hands. After using should be washed and dried thoroughly. Appli- n-perfumed moisturizer is recommended. a contact we recommend gloves with break- f more than 240 minutes with preference for > there suitable gloves can be identified. For ash protection we recommend the same but suitable gloves offering this level of protection ailable and in this case a lower breakthrough cceptable so long as appropriate maintenance ent regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not or of glove resistance to a chemical as it is the exact composition of the glove material. as should be typically greater than 0.35 mm the glove make and model.
Eye	protection	: If material is h	andled such that it could be splashed into eyes,

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		F	protective eyew	ear is recommended.
Skin a	and body protection	١	work clothes.	s not ordinarily required beyond standard ce to wear chemical resistant gloves.
Prote	ctive measures			tive equipment (PPE) should meet recom- I standards. Check with PPE suppliers.
Thern	nal hazards	1 :	Not applicable	
Envir	onmental exposure c	ontrol	S	
Gene	ral advice	r C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	vant environmer of the environmer necessary, prev charged to wast municipal or ind discharge to sur _ocal guidelines	e measures to fulfill the requirements of rele- ntal protection legislation. Avoid contamination ent by following advice given in Section 6. If ent undissolved material from being dis- e water. Waste water should be treated in a ustrial waste water treatment plant before face water. o n emission limits for volatile substances ed for the discharge of exhaust air containing

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	:	Liquid at room temperature.
Colour	:	Colourless to pale amber
Odour Threshold	:	Data not available
рН	:	Not applicable
pour point	:	<= -24 °C / <= -11 °F Method: ASTM D97
Melting / freezing point		Data not available
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	> 280 °C / 536 °F estimated value(s)
Flash point	:	>= 240 °C / >= 464 °F
		Method: ASTM D92 (COC)
Evaporation rate	:	Data not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Data not available
Upper explosion limit / upper flammability limit	:	Typical 10 %(V)
Lower explosion limit / Lower	:	Typical 1 %(V)

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flamm	nability limit			
Vapo	ur pressure	:	< 0.5 Pa (20 °C	C / 68 °F)
			estimated value	e(s)
Relati	ive vapour density	:	> 1 estimated value	e(s)
Relati	ive density	:	0.871 (15 °C /	59 °F)
Densi	ity	:	871 kg/m3 (15 Method: ASTM	
	ility(ies) ater solubility	:	negligible	
Sc	olubility in other solvents	:	Data not availa	ble
	ion coefficient: n- ol/water	:	log Pow: > 6 (based on infor	mation on similar products)
Auto-	ignition temperature	:	> 320 °C / 608	°F
Deco	mposition temperature	:	Data not availa	ble
Visco Vis	sity scosity, dynamic	:	Data not availa	ble
Vis	scosity, kinematic	:	68 mm2/s (40.0) °C / 104.0 °F)
			Method: ASTM	D445
			8.95 mm2/s (10	00 °C / 212 °F)
			Method: ASTM	D445
Explo	sive properties	:	Not classified	
Oxidiz	zing properties	:	Data not availa	ble
Cond	uctivity	:	This material is	not expected to be a static accumulator.

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	:	The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.
Chemical stability	:	Stable.
Possibility of hazardous reac- tions	:	Reacts with strong oxidising agents.

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Incom	itions to avoid npatible materials rdous decomposition	: Strong oxidisir	emperature and direct sunlight. ng agents. tion if stored and applied as directed.
produ	•		

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	:	Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise,
		the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).

Information on likely routes of exposure

Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (rat): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to skin., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to the eye., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: Not a skin sensitiser. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

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(4-nonylphenoxy)acetic acid:

Remarks: May cause an allergic skin reaction in sensitive individuals.

N-phenyl-1-naphthylamine:

Remarks: May cause an allergic skin reaction in sensitive individuals.

Remarks: Classified Skin Sensitiser Category 1B.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

: Remarks: Non mutagenic, Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies., Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

IARC	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.
OSHA	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.
NTP	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.
Reproductive toxicity	
Product:	
	: Remarks: Not a developmental toxicant., Does not impair fertility., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	:	Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representa- tive of the product as a whole, rather than for individual com- ponent(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).	
Ecotoxicity			
Product: Toxicity to fish (Acute toxici- ty)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Toxicity to algae (Acute tox- icity)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox- icity)	:	Remarks: Data not available	

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	Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chron- ic toxicity)		:	Remarks: Data not available	
	Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)		:	Remarks: Data not available	
	Compo	onents:			
	-	nyl-1-naphthylamine: or (Acute aquatic tox-	:	1	
	Persist	ence and degradabili	ity		
	<u>Produc</u> Biodegi	<u>ət:</u> radability	:	Major constituents	dily biodegradable. s are inherently biodegradable, but contains may persist in the environment.
	Bioacc	umulative potential			
	Produc Bioaccu	: <u>t:</u> umulation	:	Remarks: Contain cumulate.	s components with the potential to bioac-
	Mobilit	y in soil			
	Produc				
	Mobility		:		Inder most environmental conditions. vill adsorb to soil particles and will not be
				Remarks: Floats of	on water.
	Other a	adverse effects			
	<u>Produc</u>	<u>:t:</u>			
	Addition mation	nal ecological infor-	:	ozone creation po Product is a mixtu	one depletion potential, photochemical tential or global warming potential. re of non-volatile components, which will not in any significant quantities under normal
				Poorly soluble mix Causes physical f	cture. ouling of aquatic organisms.
				Mineral oil does n	ot cause chronic toxicity to aquatic organ- tions less than 1 mg/l.

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SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods	
Waste from residues :	Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal meth- ods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses
	Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.
Contaminated packaging :	Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.
Local legislation Remarks	: Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

National Regulations

US Department of Transportation Classification (49 CFR Parts 171-180)

Not regulated as a dangerous good

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied. MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

Special precautions for user

Remarks

: Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

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SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act

*: This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ., Shell classifies this material as an "oil" under the CERCLA Petroleum Exclusion, therefore releases to the environment are not reportable under CERCLA.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards	: No SARA Hazards
SARA 313	: This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

Clean Water Act

This product does not contain any Hazardous Chemicals listed under the U.S. CleanWater Act, Section 311, Table 117.3.

US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	64742-65-0
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic	64741-88-4
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light, Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic, which is/are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Other regulations:

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:					
EINECS	:	All components listed or polymer exempt.			
TSCA	:	All components listed.			
DSL	:	All components listed.			

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

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NFPA Rating (Health, Fire, Reac- 0, 1, 0 tivity)

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH :	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
OSHA Z-1 :	USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Lim-
	its for Air Contaminants
ACGIH / TWA :	8-hour, time-weighted average
OSHA Z-1 / TWA :	8-hour time weighted average
Abbreviations and Acronyms :	The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this docu-
	ment can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific
	dictionaries) and/or websites.
	ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial
	Hygienists
	ADR = European Agreement concerning the International
	Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
	AICS = Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
	ASTM = American Society for Testing and Materials
	BEL = Biological exposure limits
	BTEX = Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylenes
	CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service
	CEFIC = European Chemical Industry Council
	CLP = Classification Packaging and Labelling
	COC = Cleveland Open-Cup
	DIN = Deutsches Institut fur Normung
	DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
	DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
	DSL = Canada Domestic Substance List
	EC = European Commission
	EC50 = Effective Concentration fifty ECETOC = European Center on Ecotoxicology and Toxicolo-
	gy Of Chemicals
	ECHA = European Chemicals Agency
	EINECS = The European Inventory of Existing Commercial
	Chemical Substances
	EL50 = Effective Loading fifty
	ENCS = Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances
	Inventory
	EWC = European Waste Code
	GHS = Globally Harmonised System of Classification and
	Labelling of Chemicals
	IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer
	IATA = International Air Transport Association
	IC50 = Inhibitory Concentration fifty
	IL50 = Inhibitory Level fifty
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	INV = Chinese Chemicals Inventory
	IP346 = Institute of Petroleum test method N° 346 for the
	determination of polycyclic aromatics DMSO-extractables
	KECI = Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
	LC50 = Lethal Concentration fifty
	LD50 = Lethal Dose fifty per cent.
	LL/EL/IL = Lethal Loading/Effective Loading/Inhibitory loading

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		Pollution From NOEC/NOEL = served Effect Lu OE_HPV = Occ PBT = Persiste PICCS = Philip Substances PNEC = Predic REACH = Regis Chemicals RID = Regulatio gerous Goods b SKIN_DES = S STEL = Short te TRA = Targeted TSCA = US To TWA = Time-W	ernational Convention for the Prevention of Ships No Observed Effect Concentration / No Ob- evel cupational Exposure - High Production Volume nt, Bioaccumulative and Toxic pine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical ted No Effect Concentration stration Evaluation And Authorisation Of ons Relating to International Carriage of Dan-

A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.

compile the Safety Data sources of info Sheet Health Service	ta are from, but not limited to, one or more ormation (e.g. toxicological data from Shell es, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU ase, EC 1272 regulation, etc).
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