According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Gadus S5 V460 2

Version 2.2	Revision Date: 03/30/2020	SDS Number: 800001005902	
SECTION	1. IDENTIFICATION		
Produ	uct name	: Shell Gadus	S5 V460 2
Produ	Product code :		
Manu	ufacturer or supplier's	details	
Manu	Manufacturer/Supplier		ducts US 77210-4427
	Request omer Service	USA : (+1) 877-276 :	-7285
Spill	r gency telephone nun Information h Information		
	mmended use of the mmended use		ictions on use nd industrial grease.

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200

Based on available data this substance / mixture does not meet the classification criteria.

GHS label elements		
Hazard pictograms	: No Hazard Symbol required	
Signal word	: No signal word	
Hazard statements	 PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a health hazard under GHS criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria. 	
Precautionary statements	Prevention:	
	No precautionary phrases. Response: No precautionary phrases.	
	Response:	
	Response: No precautionary phrases. Storage:	

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Gadus S5 V460 2

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:
2.2	03/30/2020	800001005902

Print Date: 07/03/2020 Date of last issue: 10/06/2017

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Used grease may contain harmful impurities.

High-pressure injection under the skin may cause serious damage including local necrosis.

Not classified as flammable but will burn.

The classification of this material is based on OSHA HCS 2012 criteria.

Under normal conditions of use or in a foreseeable emergency, this product does not meet the definition of a hazardous chemical when evaluated according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical nature

: A lubricating grease containing polyolefins, synthetic esters and additives.

Hazardous components

Chemical name	Synonyms	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Bismuth Naphthenate	Naphthenic acids, bismuth salts	85736-59-0	1-5

SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

If inhaled	:	No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
In case of skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with wa- ter and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
		When using high pressure equipment, injection of product under the skin can occur. If high pressure injuries occur, the casualty should be sent immediately to a hospital. Do not wait for symptoms to develop. Obtain medical attention even in the absence of apparent wounds.
In case of eye contact	:	Flush eye with copious quantities of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
If swallowed	:	In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	:	Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea. Local necrosis is evidenced by delayed onset of pain and tissue damage a few hours following injection.

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Gadus S5 V460 2

Versior 2.2	Revision Date: 03/30/2020		S Number: 0001005902	Print Date: 07/03/2020 Date of last issue: 10/06/2017
Pr	otection of first-aiders	:		ng first aid, ensure that you are wearing the nal protective equipment according to the d surroundings.
me	dication of any immediate edical attention and special atment needed	:	Treat symptomatio	cally.
			vention and possil age and loss of fu Because entry wo ousness of the un determine the exte anaesthetics or ho can contribute to s surgical decompre eign material shou	ection injuries require prompt surgical inter- bly steroid therapy, to minimise tissue dam- nction. Nunds are small and do not reflect the seri- derlying damage, surgical exploration to ent of involvement may be necessary. Local of soaks should be avoided because they swelling, vasospasm and ischaemia. Prompt ession, debridement and evacuation of for- uld be performed under general anaesthet- oration is essential.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon diox- ide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water in a jet.
Specific hazards during fire- fighting	:	Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.
Specific extinguishing meth- ods	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir- cumstances and the surrounding environment.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec-	:	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
tive equipment and emer-		
gency procedures		

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Gadus S5 V460 2

Version 2.2	Revision Date: 03/30/2020		DS Number: 00001005902	Print Date: 07/03/2020 Date of last issue: 10/06/2017
Enviro	nmental precautions	:	nation. Prevent fr	containment to avoid environmental contami- om spreading or entering drains, ditches or nd, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
	ds and materials for nment and cleaning up	:		eading or entering into drains, ditches or riv- l, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
Additio	onal advice	:	see Chapter 8 of	selection of personal protective equipment this Safety Data Sheet. disposal of spilled material see Chapter 13 of Sheet.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures :	:	Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.
Advice on safe handling :	:	Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning mate- rials in order to prevent fires.
Avoidance of contact :		Strong oxidising agents.
Further information on stor- : age stability		Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labeled and closable containers.
		Store at ambient temperature.
Packaging material :	:	Suitable material: For containers or container linings, use mild steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC.
Container Advice	:	Polyethylene containers should not be exposed to high tem- peratures because of possible risk of distortion.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Gadus S5 V460 2

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:
2.2	03/30/2020	800001005902

Print Date: 07/03/2020 Date of last issue: 10/06/2017

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

Engineering measures	:	The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.
		Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.
		General Information: Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls. Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product. Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation. Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or mainte- nance. Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard con- taminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

Due to the product's semi-solid consistency, generation of mists and dusts is unlikely to occur.

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Gadus S5 V460 2

Version 2.2	Revision Date: 03/30/2020	SDS Number 8000010059	
Pers	sonal protective equip	nent	
	piratory protection	: No respir condition In accord tions sho If engined tions to a select res cific cond Check wi Where ai priate cor Select a f	ance with good industrial hygiene practices, precau- uld be taken to avoid breathing of material. ering controls do not maintain airborne concentra- level which is adequate to protect worker health, piratory protection equipment suitable for the spe- itions of use and meeting relevant legislation. th respiratory protective equipment suppliers. r-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appro- nbination of mask and filter. ilter suitable for the combination of organic gases urs and particles [Type A/Type P boiling point
Han	d protection		
	Remarks	gloves ap US: F739 suitable o gloves So usage, e. sistance o glove sup Personal Gloves m gloves, h cation of For contin through ti 480 minu short-terr recognize may not h time may and repla a good pu dependen	and contact with the product may occur the use of proved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374,) made from the following materials may provide hemical protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber uitability and durability of a glove is dependent on g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical re- of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from pliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. ust only be worn on clean hands. After using ands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Appli- a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended. huous contact we recommend gloves with break- me of more than 240 minutes with preference for > tes where suitable gloves can be identified. For n/splash protection we recommend the same but that suitable gloves offering this level of protection be available and in this case a lower breakthrough be acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance cement regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not edictor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is not on the exact composition of the glove material. ckness should be typically greater than 0.35 mm g on the glove make and model.
Eye	protection		l is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes, e eyewear is recommended.
Skin	and body protection	work clot	ection is not ordinarily required beyond standard nes. practice to wear chemical resistant gloves.
Prot	ective measures		protective equipment (PPE) should meet recom- national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.
The	mal hazards	: Not appli	cable

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Gadus S5 V460 2

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:
2.2	03/30/2020	800001005902

Print Date: 07/03/2020 Date of last issue: 10/06/2017

Environmental exposure controls

General advice : Take appropriate measures to fulfill the requirements of relevant environmental protection legislation. Avoid contamination of the environment by following advice given in Section 6. If necessary, prevent undissolved material from being discharged to waste water. Waste water should be treated in a municipal or industrial waste water treatment plant before discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing vapour.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	:	Semi-solid at ambient temperature.
Colour	:	light brown
Odour	:	Slight hydrocarbon
Odour Threshold	:	Data not available
рН	:	Not applicable
Drop point	:	260 °C / 500 °F Method: IP 396
Melting / freezing point		Not applicable
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	Data not available
Flash point	:	Not applicable
Evaporation rate	:	Data not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Data not available
Upper explosion limit / upper flammability limit	:	Typical 10 %(V)
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	Typical 1 %(V)
Vapour pressure	:	< 0.5 Pa (20 °C / 68 °F)
		estimated value(s)
Relative vapour density	:	> 1 estimated value(s)
Relative density	:	0.900 (15 °C / 59 °F)

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Gadus S5 V460 2

Vers 2.2	ion	Revision Date: 03/30/2020		S Number: 0001005902	Print Date: 07/03/2020 Date of last issue: 10/06/2017
	Density	,	:	900 kg/m3 (15.0 Method: Unspec	
	Solubili Wat	ty(ies) er solubility	:	negligible	
	Solu	ubility in other solvents	:	Data not availab	le
	Partitio octanol	n coefficient: n- /water	:	log Pow: > 6 (based on inform	nation on similar products)
	Auto-ig	nition temperature	:	> 320 °C / 608 °	F
	Decomposition temperature		:	Data not availab	le
	Viscosi Visc	ty cosity, dynamic	:	Data not availab	le
	Visc	osity, kinematic	:	Not applicable	
	Explosi	ve properties	:	Not classified	
	Oxidizi	ng properties	:	Data not availab	le
	Conduc	ctivity	:	This material is r	not expected to be a static accumulator.

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	:	The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.
Chemical stability	:	Stable.
Possibility of hazardous reac- tions	:	Reacts with strong oxidising agents.
Conditions to avoid	:	Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
Incompatible materials	:	Strong oxidising agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

the	Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise,	
		the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).

Information on likely routes of exposure

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Gadus S5 V460 2

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Print Date: 07/03/2020
2.2	03/30/2020	800001005902	Date of last issue: 10/06/2017

Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity	LD50 (rat): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Acute inhalation toxicity	Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Acute dermal toxicity	LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to skin., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to the eye., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: Not a skin sensitiser. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

: Remarks: Non mutagenic, Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

IARC

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Gadus S5 V460 2

Version 2.2	Revision Date: 03/30/2020	SDS Number: 800001005902	Print Date: 07/03/2020 Date of last issue: 10/06/2017
		human carcinogen	by IARC.
ACGII	4		is product present at levels greater than or ntified as a carcinogen or potential carcino-
OSHA		•	is product present at levels greater than or OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.
NTP			is product present at levels greater than or ntified as a known or anticipated carcinogen
Repro	ductive toxicity		
Produc	<u>ct:</u>		
			developmental toxicant., Does not impair n available data, the classification criteria are

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

not met.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used grease may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such harmful impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used grease should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: High pressure injection of product into the skin may lead to local necrosis if the product is not surgically removed.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Gadus S5 V460 2

sion Revision Date: 03/30/2020	SDS Number: Print Date: 07/03/2020 800001005902 Date of last issue: 10/06/2017
Basis for assessment	 Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the component and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representa- tive of the product as a whole, rather than for individual com- ponent(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).
Ecotoxicity	
Product: Toxicity to fish (Acute toxici- ty)	: Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not me
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/I Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not me
Toxicity to algae (Acute tox- icity)	: Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/I Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not me
Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox- icity)	: Remarks: Data not available
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chron- ic toxicity)	: Remarks: Data not available
Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: Data not available
Persistence and degradability	ity
Product:	
Biodegradability	 Remarks: Not readily biodegradable. Major constituents are inherently biodegradable, but contains components that may persist in the environment.
Bioaccumulative potential	
Product:	
Bioaccumulation	: Remarks: Contains components with the potential to bioac- cumulate.
Mobility in soil	
Product:	

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Gadus S5 V460 2

Revision Date: 03/30/2020		• • • • • • • • • •	Print Date: 07/03/2020 Date of last issue: 10/06/2017
y	:		solid under most environmental conditions. will adsorb to soil particles and will not be on water.
adverse effects ct:			
nal ecological infor-	:	ozone creation per Product is a mixter	zone depletion potential, photochemical otential or global warming potential. ure of non-volatile components, which will not r in any significant quantities under normal
		Poorly soluble m Causes physical	ixture. fouling of aquatic organisms.
	03/30/2020	03/30/2020 80	 03/30/2020 800001005902 Remarks: Semi-solid it enters soil, it mobile. Remarks: Floats adverse effects 2t: nal ecological infor- Does not have or ozone creation p. Product is a mixt be released to ai conditions of use Poorly soluble m

Disposal methods		
Waste from residues	:	Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal meth- ods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses
		Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.
Contaminated packaging	:	Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.
Local legislation Remarks	:	Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

National Regulations

US Department of Transportation Classification (49 CFR Parts 171-180)

Not regulated as a dangerous good

International Regulations

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Gadus S5 V460 2

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:
2.2	03/30/2020	800001005902

Print Date: 07/03/2020 Date of last issue: 10/06/2017

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied. MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

Special precautions for user

Remarks

: Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

Components	CAS-No.	Component RQ	Calculated product RQ
		(lbs)	(lbs)
Naphthenic acid	1338-24-5	100	*

*: Calculated RQ exceeds reasonably attainable upper limit., Shell classifies this material as an "oil" under the CERCLA Petroleum Exclusion, therefore releases to the environment are not reportable under CERCLA., The components with RQs are given for information.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

Components	CAS-No.	Component TPQ (lbs)

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

SARA 311/312 Hazards	:	No SARA Hazards
SARA 313	:	This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

Clean Water Act

This product does not contain any Hazardous Chemicals listed under the U.S. CleanWater Act, Section 311, Table 117.3.

US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know

Naphthenic acid

1338-24-5

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Gadus S5 V460 2

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Print Date: 07/03/2020
2.2	03/30/2020	800001005902	Date of last issue: 10/06/2017

California Prop. 65

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

Other regulations:

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:			
EINECS	:	All components listed or polymer exempt.	
TSCA	:	All components listed.	
DSL	:	All components listed.	

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

NFPA Rating (Health, Fire, Reac- 0, 1, 0 tivity)

Full text of other abbreviations

Abbreviations and Acronyms	:	The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this docu- ment can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific dictionaries) and/or websites.
		ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists ADR = European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road AICS = Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances ASTM = American Society for Testing and Materials BEL = Biological exposure limits BTEX = Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylenes CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service CEFIC = European Chemical Industry Council CLP = Classification Packaging and Labelling COC = Cleveland Open-Cup DIN = Deutsches Institut fur Normung DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level DSL = Canada Domestic Substance List EC = European Commission EC50 = Effective Concentration fifty ECETOC = European Chemicals Agency EINECS = The European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances EL50 = Effective Loading fifty

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Gadus S5 V460 2

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Print Date: 07/03/2020
2.2	03/30/2020	800001005902	Date of last issue: 10/06/2017
		Inventory EWC = Europea GHS = Globally Labelling of Che IARC = Internat IATA = Internati IC50 = Inhibitory IMDG = Internat INV = Chinese O IP346 = Institut determination of KECI = Korea E LC50 = Lethal O LD50 = Lethal O LD50 = Lethal D LL/EL/IL = Lethal LL50 = Lethal L MARPOL = Internation NOEC/NOEL = served Effect Lethal OE_HPV = Occo PBT = Persister PICCS = Philipp Substances PNEC = Predict REACH = Regis Chemicals RID = Regulation gerous Goods b SKIN_DES = Si STEL = Short ter TRA = Targeteo TSCA = US Toy TWA = Time-W	Harmonised System of Classification and emicals ional Agency for Research on Cancer onal Air Transport Association y Concentration fifty / Level fifty tional Maritime Dangerous Goods Chemicals Inventory e of Petroleum test method N° 346 for the f polycyclic aromatics DMSO-extractables Existing Chemicals Inventory Concentration fifty Dose fifty per cent. al Loading/Effective Loading/Inhibitory loading oading fifty rmational Convention for the Prevention of Ships No Observed Effect Concentration / No Ob- evel upational Exposure - High Production Volume nt, Bioaccumulative and Toxic bine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical red No Effect Concentration stration Evaluation And Authorisation Of ons Relating to International Carriage of Dan- by Rail

A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.

Revision Date

: 03/30/2020

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

US / EN