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SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Shell Gadus S5 T460 1.5

Product code : 001D8547

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Manufacturer/Supplier	: Shell Oil Products US PO Box 4427 Houston TX 77210-4427
	USA
SDS Request Customer Service	: (+1) 877-276-7285 :

Emergency telephone number

Spill Information	:	877-242-7400
Health Information	:	877-504-9351

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Automotive and industrial grease.

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Reproductive toxicity :	Category 2
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms :	
Signal word :	Warning
Hazard statements :	PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: H361f Suspected of damaging fertility. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria.
Precautionary statements :	Prevention: P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

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P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
Response:
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
Storage:
P405 Store locked up.
Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

Contains alkaryl amine.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Used grease may contain harmful impurities.

High-pressure injection under the skin may cause serious damage including local necrosis.

Not classified as flammable but will burn.

The classification of this material is based on OSHA HCS 2012 criteria.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture	:	Mixture
Chemical nature	:	A lubricating grease containing polyolefins, synthetic esters and additives.

Hazardous components

Chemical name	Synonyms	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Amine phosphate	Amines, C12- 14-alkyl, reac- tion products with hexanol, phosphorus oxide (P2O5), phosphorus sulfide (P2S5) and propylene oxide	91745-46-9	0.1 - 0.9
Mercaptothiadiazole derivative	5,5'-dithiodi- 1,3,4- thiadiazole- 2(3H)-thione	72676-55-2	0.1 - 0.9
Alkaryl amine	Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction prod-	68411-46-1	0.5 - 2.9

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	ucts with 2,4,4- rimethylpen- ene	
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SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES				
In case of skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with wa- ter and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.		
		When using high pressure equipment, injection of product under the skin can occur. If high pressure injuries occur, the casualty should be sent immediately to a hospital. Do not wait for symptoms to develop. Obtain medical attention even in the absence of apparent wounds.		
In case of eye contact	:	Flush eye with copious quantities of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.		
If swallowed	:	In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice.		
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	:	Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea. Local necrosis is evidenced by delayed onset of pain and tissue damage a few hours following injection.		
Protection of first-aiders	:	When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.		
Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	:	Treat symptomatically.		
		High pressure injection injuries require prompt surgical inter- vention and possibly steroid therapy, to minimise tissue dam- age and loss of function. Because entry wounds are small and do not reflect the seri- ousness of the underlying damage, surgical exploration to determine the extent of involvement may be necessary. Local anaesthetics or hot soaks should be avoided because they can contribute to swelling, vasospasm and ischaemia. Prompt surgical decompression, debridement and evacuation of for- eign material should be performed under general anaesthet- ics, and wide exploration is essential.		

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SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon diox- ide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water in a jet.
Specific hazards during fire- fighting	:	Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.
Specific extinguishing meth- ods	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir- cumstances and the surrounding environment.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec- tive equipment and emer- gency procedures	:	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Environmental precautions	:	Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contami- nation. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Prevent from spreading or entering into drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
Additional advice	:	For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet. For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures	 Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols.
	Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk as-
	sessment of local circumstances to help determine appropri-
	ate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this

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			material.	
Advic	e on safe handling	:	Avoid inhaling va When handling p worn and proper	or repeated contact with skin. pour and/or mists. roduct in drums, safety footwear should be handling equipment should be used. of any contaminated rags or cleaning mate- revent fires.
Avoid	ance of contact	:	Strong oxidising a	agents.
Further information on stor- age stability		:	Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labeled and closable containers.	
			Store at ambient	temperature.
Packa	aging material	:	Suitable material: steel or high dens Unsuitable mater	
Conta	ainer Advice	:		tainers should not be exposed to high tem- e of possible risk of distortion.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

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L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

Engineering measures

The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select

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		Appropriate me	on a risk assessment of local circumstances. easures include: lation to control airborne concentrations.
			I is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is al for airborne concentrations to be generated.
		controls. Educate and tr measures relev product. Ensure approp equipment use equipment, loc Drain down sys nance. Retain drain do subsequent red Always observe washing hands drinking, and/o protective equi taminated cloth Practice good I	arres for safe handling and maintenance of ain workers in the hazards and control vant to normal activities associated with this riate selection, testing and maintenance of d to control exposure, e.g. personal protective al exhaust ventilation. Stem prior to equipment break-in or mainte- owns in sealed storage pending disposal or cycle. e good personal hygiene measures, such as after handling the material and before eating, r smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and pment to remove contaminants. Discard con- ning and footwear that cannot be cleaned.
Perso	onal protective equip	oment	
Resp	iratory protection	conditions of us In accordance tions should be If engineering of tions to a level select respirato cific conditions Check with res Where air-filter priate combina Select a filter s	with good industrial hygiene practices, precau- e taken to avoid breathing of material. controls do not maintain airborne concentra- which is adequate to protect worker health, ory protection equipment suitable for the spe- of use and meeting relevant legislation. piratory protective equipment suppliers. ing respirators are suitable, select an appro- tion of mask and filter. uitable for the combination of organic gases and particles [Type A/Type P boiling point
	protection emarks	gloves approve US: F739) mac	ontact with the product may occur the use of ed to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, de from the following materials may provide cal protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber

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		usage, e.g. sistance of g glove suppli Personal hy Gloves mus gloves, han cation of a r For continue through time 480 minutes short-term/s recognize th may not be time maybe and replace a good prec dependent of Glove thickr	ability and durability of a glove is dependent on frequency and duration of contact, chemical re- glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from ers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. giene is a key element of effective hand care. t only be worn on clean hands. After using ds should be washed and dried thoroughly. Appli- non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended. bus contact we recommend gloves with break- e of more than 240 minutes with preference for > s where suitable gloves can be identified. For splash protection we recommend the same but nat suitable gloves offering this level of protection available and in this case a lower breakthrough acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance ment regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not lictor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is on the exact composition of the glove material. ness should be typically greater than 0.35 mm on the glove make and model.
Eyeı	protection		s handled such that it could be splashed into eyes, yewear is recommended.
Skin	and body protection	work clothe	ion is not ordinarily required beyond standard s. actice to wear chemical resistant gloves.
Prote	ective measures		otective equipment (PPE) should meet recom- ional standards. Check with PPE suppliers.
Ther	mal hazards	: Not applical	ble
Envi	ronmental exposure o	controls	
Gene	eral advice	vant enviror of the enviror necessary, charged to municipal o discharge to Local guide	priate measures to fulfill the requirements of rele- mental protection legislation. Avoid contamination onment by following advice given in Section 6. If prevent undissolved material from being dis- waste water. Waste water should be treated in a r industrial waste water treatment plant before o surface water. lines on emission limits for volatile substances served for the discharge of exhaust air containing
SECTION	9. PHYSICAL AND C	HEMICAL PROPE	RTIES
Арре	arance	: Semi-solid	at ambient temperature.
Colo	ur	: light brown	
<u> </u>		.	

Odour : Slight hydrocarbon

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	Odour	Threshold	:	Data not available	e
	pН			Not applicable	-
	•	ng point		250 °C / 482 °F	
	Бтөрріі		•	Method: IP 396	
	Melting	point/freezing point		Not applicable	
	Initial b range	oiling point and boiling	:	Data not availabl	e
	Flash p	point	:	Not applicable	
	Evapor	ation rate	:	Data not available	e
	Flamm Flar	ability nmability (solid, gas)	:	Not applicable	
	Flar	nmability (liquids)	:	Not classified as	flammable but will burn.
	Upp	explosion limit and upp per explosion limit / up- flammability limit			nmability limit
		ver explosion limit / ver flammability limit	:	Typical 1 %(V)	
	Vapour	· pressure	:	< 0.5 Pa (20 °C /	68 °F)
				estimated value(s	3)
	Relativ	e vapour density	:	> 1 estimated value(s	5)
	Relativ	e density	:	1.000 (15.0 °C / §	59.0 °F)
	Density	/	:	1,000 kg/m3 (15. Method: Unspeci	
	Solubili Wat	ity(ies) ter solubility	:	negligible	
	Solu	ubility in other solvents	:	Data not available	e
	Partitio octanol	n coefficient: n- I/water	:	log Pow: > 6 (based on inform	ation on similar products)
	Auto-ig	nition temperature	:	> 320 °C / 608 °F	-
	Decom	position temperature	:	Data not availabl	e

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	osity scosity, dynamic scosity, kinematic		ata not availa ot applicable	ble
Explo	osive properties	: Cl	assification C	ode: Not classified
Oxidi	zing properties	: Da	ata not availal	ble
Cond	luctivity	: Th	is material is	not expected to be a static accumulator.

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	:	The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.
Chemical stability	:	Stable.
Possibility of hazardous reac- tions	:	Reacts with strong oxidising agents.
Conditions to avoid	:	Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
Incompatible materials	:	Strong oxidising agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	:	Information given is based on data on the components and
		the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise,
		the data presented is representative of the product as a
		whole, rather than for individual component(s).

Information on likely routes of exposure

Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity	50 (rat): > 5,000 mg/kg marks: Low toxicity sed on available data, the classific	ation criteria are not met.
Acute inhalation toxicity	emarks: Based on available data, the not met.	e classification criteria
Acute dermal toxicity	50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg marks: Low toxicity sed on available data, the classific	ation criteria are not met.

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Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to skin., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to the eye., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

Amine phosphate: Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: Not a skin sensitiser. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

Amine phosphate:

Remarks: Experimental data has shown that the concentration of potentially sensitising components present in this product does not induce skin sensitisation. May cause an allergic skin reaction in sensitive individuals.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

Genotoxicity in vivo : Remarks: Non mutagenic, Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

IARC	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.
OSHA	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.

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NTP

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Effects on fertility

Remarks: Suspected of damaging fertility.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration toxicity

Product: Not an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used grease may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such harmful impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used grease should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: High pressure injection of product into the skin may lead to local necrosis if the product is not surgically removed.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	 Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representa- tive of the product as a whole, rather than for individual com-
	ponent(s).

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E	cotoxicity			
	roduct: oxicity to fish (Acute toxic /)	;i- :	Remarks: LL/EL/I Practically non to: Based on availab	
a	oxicity to daphnia and otl quatic invertebrates (Acu oxicity)		Remarks: LL/EL/I Practically non to Based on availab	
	oxicity to algae (Acute to ity)	x- :	Remarks: LL/EL/I Practically non to: Based on availab	
	oxicity to fish (Chronic to ity)	x- :	Remarks: Based are not met.	on available data, the classification criteria
a	oxicity to daphnia and otl quatic invertebrates (Chr toxicity)		Remarks: Based are not met.	on available data, the classification criteria
	oxicity to microorganisms Acute toxicity)	s :	Remarks: Based are not met.	on available data, the classification criteria
Р	ersistence and degrada	bility		
	roduct: iodegradability	:	Major constituents	dily biodegradable. s are inherently biodegradable, but contains may persist in the environment.
В	ioaccumulative potenti	al		
	roduct: ioaccumulation	:	Remarks: Contair cumulate.	is components with the potential to bioac-
м	lobility in soil			
	roduct: lobility	:		olid under most environmental conditions. vill adsorb to soil particles and will not be
			Remarks: Floats	on water.

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Other adverse effects

Product:

Additional ecological infor- : mation	Does not have ozone depletion potential, photochemical ozone creation potential or global warming potential. Product is a mixture of non-volatile components, which will not be released to air in any significant quantities under normal conditions of use.
	Poorly soluble mixture. Causes physical fouling of aquatic organisms.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods	
Wests from residues	

Waste from residues	:	Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses. Do not dispose of tank water bottoms by allowing them to drain into the ground. This will result in soil and groundwater contamination. Waste arising from a spillage or tank cleaning should be disposed of in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognised collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand.
		MARPOL - see International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (MARPOL 73/78) which provides technical aspects at controlling pollutions from ships.
Contaminated packaging	:	Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.
Local legislation Remarks	:	Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

National Regulations

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US Department of Transportation Classification (49 CFR Parts 171-180)

Not regulated as a dangerous good

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

Special precautions for user

Remarks

: Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act

*: This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ., Shell classifies this material as an "oil" under the CERCLA Petroleum Exclusion, therefore releases to the environment are not reportable under CERCLA.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards	:	Reproductive toxicity
SARA 313	:	This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

Clean Water Act

This product does not contain any Hazardous Chemicals listed under the U.S. CleanWater Act, Section 311, Table 117.3.

US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	64742-65-0
Propan-2-ol	67-63-0
diphenylamine	122-39-4

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California Prop. 65

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

Other regulations:

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:				
TSCA	:	All components listed.		
DSL	:	Notified with Restrictions.		

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

NFPA Rating (Health, Fire, Reac- 0, 1, 0 tivity)

Full text of other abbreviations

Abbreviations and Acronyms	 The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc). The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this document can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific dictionaries) and/or websites. The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this document can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific dictionaries) and/or websites.
	ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists ADR = European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road AICS = Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances ASTM = American Society for Testing and Materials BEL = Biological exposure limits BTEX = Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylenes CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service CEFIC = European Chemical Industry Council CLP = Classification Packaging and Labelling COC = Cleveland Open-Cup DIN = Deutsches Institut fur Normung DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level DSL = Canada Domestic Substance List EC = European Commission

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		ECETOC = Eur gy Of Chemical ECHA = Europe EINECS = The Chemical Subst EL50 = Effective ENCS = Japane Inventory EWC = Europea GHS = Globally Labelling of Che IARC = Internati IC50 = Inhibitory IL50 = Inhibitory IMDG = Internati IC50 = Inhibitory IMDG = Internati INV = Chinese O IP346 = Institut determination o KECI = Korea E LC50 = Lethal D LL/EL/IL = Letha LL50 = Lethal D LL/EL/IL = Letha LC50 = Lethal D MARPOL = Internati NOEC/NOEL = served Effect Lethal OE_HPV = Occo PBT = Persister PICCS = Philipp Substances PNEC = Predict REACH = Regis Chemicals RID = Regulatio gerous Goods E SKIN_DES = SI STEL = Short te TRA = Targeteo TSCA = US Toy TWA = Time-W	ean Chemicals Agency European Inventory of Existing Commercial tances e Loading fifty ese Existing and New Chemical Substances an Waste Code Harmonised System of Classification and emicals ional Agency for Research on Cancer ional Air Transport Association y Concentration fifty / Level fifty tional Maritime Dangerous Goods Chemicals Inventory te of Petroleum test method N° 346 for the f polycyclic aromatics DMSO-extractables Existing Chemicals Inventory Concentration fifty Dose fifty per cent. al Loading/Effective Loading/Inhibitory loading oading fifty emational Convention for the Prevention of Ships No Observed Effect Concentration / No Ob- evel supational Exposure - High Production Volume nt, Bioaccumulative and Toxic bine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical ted No Effect Concentration stration Evaluation And Authorisation Of ons Relating to International Carriage of Dan- by Rail

A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version. There has been an increase in the Health Hazard classification of this product in section 2. Ensure that the related sections (particularly sections 4, 8 & 11) are carefully studied.

Revision Date

: 03/03/2023

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200 Shell Gadus S5 T460 1.5

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