According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Rhodina Grease BBZ

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SECTION	1. IDENTIFICATION		
Product name		: Shell Rhodina	Grease BBZ
Product code		: 001B0909	
Manu	ufacturer or supplier	's details	
Manu	facturer/Supplier	: Shell Oil Prod PO Box 4427 Houston TX 7 USA	
	Request omer Service	: (+1) 877-276-7 :	285

Emergency telephone number

Spill Information	:	877-242-7400
Health Information	:	877-504-9351

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Automotive and industrial grease.

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

1910.1200)	
Reproductive toxicity	: Category 2
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	 PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: H361f Suspected of damaging fertility. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria.
Precautionary statements	 Prevention: P201 Obtain special instructions before use. P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read
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and understood. P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
Response:
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
Storage:
P405 Store locked up.
Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

Contains alkaryl amine.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Used grease may contain harmful impurities.

High-pressure injection under the skin may cause serious damage including local necrosis.

Not classified as flammable but will burn.

The classification of this material is based on OSHA HCS 2012 criteria.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture	:	Mixture
Chemical nature	:	A lubricating grease containing highly-refined mineral oils and additives. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO- extract, according to IP346. Classification based on DMSO extract content < 3% (Regula- tion (EC) 1272/2008, Annex VI, Part 3, Note L).

Hazardous components

Chemical name	Synonyms	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Polyolefin	Dec-1-ene, dimers, hydro- genated	68649-11-6	20 - 40
Polyolefin	1-Dodecene, dimer with 1- decene, hydro- genated	151006-58-5	20 - 40
Triazole derivative	1-(N,N-bis(2- ethylhex- yl)aminomethyl)-1,2,4-triazole	91273-04-0	0.01 - 0.09
Alkaryl amine	Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction prod- ucts with 2,4,4-	68411-46-1	0.1 - 0.9

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trimethylpen-		
tene		
	trimethylpen- tene	

SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASUR	SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES			
In case of skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with wa- ter and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.		
		When using high pressure equipment, injection of product under the skin can occur. If high pressure injuries occur, the casualty should be sent immediately to a hospital. Do not wait for symptoms to develop. Obtain medical attention even in the absence of apparent wounds.		
In case of eye contact	:	Flush eye with copious quantities of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.		
If swallowed	:	In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice.		
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	:	Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea. Local necrosis is evidenced by delayed onset of pain and tissue damage a few hours following injection.		
Protection of first-aiders	:	When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.		
Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	:	Treat symptomatically.		
		High pressure injection injuries require prompt surgical inter- vention and possibly steroid therapy, to minimise tissue dam- age and loss of function. Because entry wounds are small and do not reflect the seri- ousness of the underlying damage, surgical exploration to determine the extent of involvement may be necessary. Local anaesthetics or hot soaks should be avoided because they can contribute to swelling, vasospasm and ischaemia. Prompt surgical decompression, debridement and evacuation of for- eign material should be performed under general anaesthet- ics, and wide exploration is essential.		

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

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	Suitable	e extinguishing media	:		y or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon diox- may be used for small fires only.
	Unsuitable extinguishing media		:	Do not use water	in a jet.
	Specific fighting	c hazards during fire-	:	A complex mixture gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide occurs.	istion products may include: e of airborne solid and liquid particulates and may be evolved if incomplete combustion nic and inorganic compounds.
	Specific ods	c extinguishing meth-	:		measures that are appropriate to local cir- he surrounding environment.
	Special for firefi	protective equipment ighters	:	gloves are to be w large contact with Breathing Apparat a confined space.	equipment including chemical resistant yorn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if spilled product is expected. Self-Contained tus must be worn when approaching a fire in Select fire fighter's clothing approved to s (e.g. Europe: EN469).

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec- tive equipment and emer- gency procedures	:	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Environmental precautions	:	Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contami- nation. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Prevent from spreading or entering into drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
Additional advice	:	For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet. For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures	:	Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk as- sessment of local circumstances to help determine appropri- ate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.
Advice on safe handling	:	Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin.

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		When worn a Proper	handling pro nd proper h	our and/or mists. oduct in drums, safety footwear should be andling equipment should be used. of any contaminated rags or cleaning mate- event fires.
Avoi	dance of contact	: Strong	oxidising a	gents.
	ner information on stor- stability	place.	Ū	htly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated ed and closable containers.
		Store a	at ambient te	emperature.
Pack	aging material	steel o		For containers or container linings, use mild ty polyethylene. al: PVC.
Cont	ainer Advice	•	•	ainers should not be exposed to high tem- e of possible risk of distortion.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parame- ters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
Oil mist, mineral		TWA (Inhal- able particu- late matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

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Engineering measures :		vary depending controls based Appropriate me	otection and types of controls necessary will g upon potential exposure conditions. Select on a risk assessment of local circumstances. easures include: ilation to control airborne concentrations.
			I is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is al for airborne concentrations to be generated.
		controls. Educate and tr measures relev product. Ensure approp equipment use equipment, loc Drain down sys nance. Retain drain do subsequent red Always observe washing hands drinking, and/o protective equi taminated cloth Practice good I	ures for safe handling and maintenance of ain workers in the hazards and control vant to normal activities associated with this riate selection, testing and maintenance of d to control exposure, e.g. personal protective al exhaust ventilation. stem prior to equipment break-in or mainte- owns in sealed storage pending disposal or cycle. e good personal hygiene measures, such as a after handling the material and before eating, r smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and pment to remove contaminants. Discard con- ning and footwear that cannot be cleaned.
Dama			
	onal protective equip	: No respiratory conditions of us In accordance tions should be If engineering of tions to a level select respirato cific conditions Check with res Where air-filter priate combina Select a filter s	with good industrial hygiene practices, precau- e taken to avoid breathing of material. controls do not maintain airborne concentra- which is adequate to protect worker health, ory protection equipment suitable for the spe- of use and meeting relevant legislation. piratory protective equipment suppliers. ing respirators are suitable, select an appro- tion of mask and filter. uitable for the combination of organic gases and particles [Type A/Type P boiling point
	protection emarks		ontact with the product may occur the use of ed to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374,

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		suitable chemic gloves Suitabili usage, e.g. free sistance of glov glove suppliers Personal hygier Gloves must or gloves, hands s cation of a non- For continuous through time of 480 minutes wh short-term/spla recognize that s may not be ava time maybe acc and replacement a good predictor dependent on t	e from the following materials may provide al protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber ty and durability of a glove is dependent on quency and duration of contact, chemical re- re material, dexterity. Always seek advice from Contaminated gloves should be replaced. The is a key element of effective hand care. The worn on clean hands. After using should be washed and dried thoroughly. Appli- perfumed moisturizer is recommended. Contact we recommend gloves with break- more than 240 minutes with preference for > there suitable gloves can be identified. For sh protection we recommend the same but suitable gloves offering this level of protection ilable and in this case a lower breakthrough ceptable so long as appropriate maintenance of regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not or of glove resistance to a chemical as it is the exact composition of the glove material. The should be typically greater than 0.35 mm the glove make and model.
Eye	e protection		ndled such that it could be splashed into eyes, /ear is recommended.
Ski	n and body protection	work clothes.	is not ordinarily required beyond standard ce to wear chemical resistant gloves.
Pro	tective measures		ctive equipment (PPE) should meet recom- al standards. Check with PPE suppliers.
The	ermal hazards	: Not applicable	
En	vironmental exposure co	ontrols	
Ge	neral advice	vant environme	te measures to fulfill the requirements of rele- ntal protection legislation. Avoid contamination

Face appropriate inclusives to full the requirements of fele vant environmental protection legislation. Avoid contamination of the environment by following advice given in Section 6. If necessary, prevent undissolved material from being discharged to waste water. Waste water should be treated in a municipal or industrial waste water treatment plant before discharge to surface water.
 Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing vapour.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	:	Semi-solid at room temperature.
Colour	:	light brown

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Od	our	:	Slight hydrocarbo	on
Od	our Threshold	:	Data not available	e
pН		:	Not applicable	
Dro	opping point	:	145 °C / 293 °F Method: IP 396	
Me	Iting / freezing point		Data not available	e
Init ran	ial boiling point and boiling ge	:	Data not availabl	e
Fla	sh point	:	Not applicable	
Eva	aporation rate	:	Data not available	e
Fla	mmability Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not applicable	
	Flammability (liquids)	:	Not classified as	flammable but will burn.
	wer explosion limit and upp Upper explosion limit / up- per flammability limit			nmability limit
	Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	Typical 1 %(V)	
Va	pour pressure	:	< 0.5 Pa (20 °C /	68 °F)
			estimated value(s	3)
Re	lative vapour density	:	> 1 estimated value(s	5)
Re	lative density	:	1.000 (15 °C / 59	°F)
De	nsity	:	1,000 kg/m3 (15. Method: Unspeci	
	lubility(ies) Water solubility	:	negligible	
	Solubility in other solvents	:	Data not available	e
	rtition coefficient: n- anol/water	:	log Pow: > 6 (based on inform	ation on similar products)
Aut	to-ignition temperature	:	> 320 °C / 608 °F	-
De	composition temperature	:	Data not availabl	e

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ity cosity, dynamic	:	Data not availab	е
cosity, kinematic	:	Not applicable	
ive properties	:	Classification Co	de: Not classified
ing properties	:	Data not availabl	e
ctivity	:	This material is r	not expected to be a static accumulator.
e size	:	Data not availabl	e
	03/23/2023 ity cosity, dynamic cosity, kinematic ive properties ng properties ctivity	03/23/2023 800 ity cosity, dynamic : cosity, kinematic : ive properties : ng properties : ctivity :	03/23/2023800001003888ity cosity, dynamic: Data not availablecosity, kinematic: Not applicableive properties: Classification Cong properties: Data not availablectivity: This material is r

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	:	The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.
Chemical stability	:	Stable.
Possibility of hazardous reac- tions	:	Reacts with strong oxidising agents.
Conditions to avoid	:	Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
Incompatible materials	:	Strong oxidising agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	:	Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise,
		the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).

Information on likely routes of exposure

Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.

Acute toxicity

Product:		
Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (rat): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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Components:

Polyolefin:		
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Remarks: Mortality observed is due to aspiration of the mate- rial into the lungs, rather than intrinsic toxicity of the test sub- stance. Acute toxicity caused by inhalation of this material is considered to be a highly unrealistic scenario in humans.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to skin., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to the eye., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: Not a skin sensitiser. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

Triazole derivative:

Remarks: May cause an allergic skin reaction in sensitive individuals.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

Genotoxicity in vivo : Remarks: Non mutagenic, Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies., Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

No component of this product present at levels greater than or

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		equal to 0.1% is ic human carcinoger	dentified as probable, possible or confirmed n by IARC.
OSH	A		this product present at levels greater than or n OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.
NTP			this product present at levels greater than or dentified as a known or anticipated carcinogen
IARC	,		
Asph	alt	during mastic asp mans' (IARC Grou Occupational exp	osures to straight-run bitumens and their fume ng road paving are 'possibly carcinogenic to

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Effects on fertility

Remarks: Suspected of damaging fertility.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

2

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used grease may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such harmful impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used grease should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: High pressure injection of product into the skin may lead to local necrosis if the product is not surgically removed.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

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SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	:	Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representa- tive of the product as a whole, rather than for individual com- ponent(s).
Ecotoxicity		
<u>Product:</u> Toxicity to fish (Acute toxici- ty)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/I Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Toxicity to algae (Acute tox- icity)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox- icity)	:	Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chron- ic toxicity)	:	Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Components:		
Triazole derivative:		
M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox- icity)	:	1
M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity)	:	1
Persistence and degradabilit	ty	
Product:		

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Biod	degradability	:	Major constituent	dily biodegradable. s are inherently biodegradable, but contains may persist in the environment.	
Bio	accumulative potential				
	duct: accumulation	:	Remarks: Contair cumulate.	ns components with the potential to bioac-	
Mol	pility in soil				
Pro	duct:				
Mot	bility	:		olid under most environmental conditions. will adsorb to soil particles and will not be	
			Remarks: Floats	on water.	
Oth	er adverse effects				
Pro	duct:				
Add mat	itional ecological infor- ion	:	ozone creation po Product is a mixtu	one depletion potential, photochemical otential or global warming potential. ure of non-volatile components, which will not in any significant quantities under normal	
			Poorly soluble mi Causes physical	xture. fouling of aquatic organisms.	
				ot cause chronic toxicity to aquatic organ- tions less than 1 mg/l.	

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal	methods
----------	---------

Waste from residues	 Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses. Do not dispose of tank water bottoms by allowing them to drain into the ground. This will result in soil and groundwater contamination. Waste arising from a spillage or tank cleaning should be dis-
	Waste arising from a spillage or tank cleaning should be dis- posed of in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably

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		•	ed collector or contractor. The competence of the ontractor should be established beforehand.
		Pollution from	ee International Convention for the Prevention of Ships (MARPOL 73/78) which provides tech- at controlling pollutions from ships.
Conta	iminated packaging	to a recognize the collector o Disposal shou	cordance with prevailing regulations, preferably ed collector or contractor. The competence of or contractor should be established beforehand. uld be in accordance with applicable regional, local laws and regulations.
Local Rema	l legislation arks		uld be in accordance with applicable regional, local laws and regulations.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

National Regulations

US Department of Transportation Classification (49 CFR Parts 171-180)

Not regulated as a dangerous good

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

Special precautions for user

Remarks

: Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act

*: This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

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SARA	311/312 Hazards	: Reproductive tox	icity
SARA	313	known CAS num	es not contain any chemical components with bers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) established by SARA Title III, Section 313.
Clean	Water Act		
•	roduct does not contair n 311, Table 117.3.	any Hazardous Chem	nicals listed under the U.S. CleanWater Act,
US Sta	ate Regulations		
Penns	sylvania Right To Kno	w	

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	64742-52-5
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	64742-65-0

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Asphalt, which is/are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

California List of Hazardous Substances

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic 64742-52-5

Other regulations:

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:				
TSCA	:	All components listed.		
DSL	:	All components listed.		

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

NFPA Rating (Health, Fire, Reac- 0, 1, 0 tivity)

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH	:	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
OSHA Z-1	:	USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Lim-
		its for Air Contaminants
ACGIH / TWA	:	8-hour, time-weighted average
OSHA Z-1 / TWA	:	8-hour time weighted average
Abbreviations and Acronyms	:	The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this docu- ment can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific dictionaries) and/or websites.

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial

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STEL = Short term exposure limit TRA = Targeted Risk Assessment TSCA = US Toxic Substances Control Act TWA = Time-Weighted Average vPvB = very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

A vertical bar () in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version. There has been an increase in the Health Hazard classification of this product in section 2. Ensure that the related sections (particularly sections 4, 8 & 11) are carefully studied.

Revision Date

: 03/23/2023

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