According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Omala S4 GX 320

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ę	SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION						
	Produc	t name	:	Shell Omala S4 G	SX 320		
	Produc	t code	:	001D7852			
	Manuf	acturer or supplier's	deta	ails			
	ivianuta	acturer/Supplier	:	Shell Oil Produc PO Box 4427 Houston TX 772			

: (+1) 877-276-7285

USA

: 877-242-7400

: 877-504-9351

:

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Gear lubricant.

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency telephone number

SDS Request

Customer Service

Spill Information

Health Information

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Based on available data this substance / mixture does not meet the classification criteria.

GHS label elements		
Hazard pictograms	:	No Hazard Symbol required
Signal word	:	No signal word
Hazard statements	:	PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a health hazard under GHS criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria.
Precautionary statements	:	Prevention: No precautionary phrases. Response: No precautionary phrases. Storage: No precautionary phrases.

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Disposal:

No precautionary phrases.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Used oil may contain harmful impurities.

Not classified as flammable but will burn.

The classification of this material is based on OSHA HCS 2012 criteria.

Under normal conditions of use or in a foreseeable emergency, this product does not meet the definition of a hazardous chemical when evaluated according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Chemical nature : Blend of polyolefins and additives.

Hazardous components

Contains no hazardous ingredients according to GHS

SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES In case of skin contact Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with wa-• ter and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention. Flush eye with copious quantities of water. In case of eye contact 1 Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention. If swallowed In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice. Most important symptoms : Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation and effects, both acute and of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. delayed Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea. Protection of first-aiders When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the 5 appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings. Indication of any immediate Treat symptomatically. medical attention and special treatment needed

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SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon diox- ide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water in a jet.
Specific hazards during fire- fighting	:	Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.
Specific extinguishing meth- ods	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir- cumstances and the surrounding environment.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec- tive equipment and emer- gency procedures	:	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Environmental precautions	:	Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contami- nation. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
		Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other suitable material and dispose of properly.
Additional advice	:	For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet. For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

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	Technical measures		:	Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.			
Advice on safe handling Avoidance of contact		:	Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning mate rials in order to prevent fires.				
		:	Strong oxidising a	gents.			
	Product	Transfer	:		and bonding procedures should be used asfer operations to avoid static accumulation.		
	Further information on stor- age stability		:	place.	htly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated led and closable containers.		
				Store at ambient t	emperature.		
	Packag	ing material	:	Suitable material: steel or high dens Unsuitable materia			
	Contain	er Advice	:		ainers should not be exposed to high tem- e of possible risk of distortion.		

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substanc-

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es http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

Engineering measures :	The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.
	Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.
	 General Information: Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls. Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product. Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation. Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.
Personal protective equipment	
Respiratory protection :	No respiratory protection is ordinarily required under normal

Respiratory protection	 No respiratory protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices, precautions should be taken to avoid breathing of material. If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter. Select a filter suitable for the combination of organic gases and vapours and particles [Type A/Type P boiling point >65°C (149°F)].
Hand protection Remarks	: Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of

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			US: F739) made f suitable chemical gloves Suitability a usage, e.g. freque sistance of glove glove suppliers. C Personal hygiene Gloves must only gloves, hands sho cation of a non-pe For continuous co through time of m 480 minutes wher short-term/splash recognize that sui may not be availa time maybe accept and replacement a good predictor of dependent on the Glove thickness s	to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, from the following materials may provide protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber and durability of a glove is dependent on ency and duration of contact, chemical re- material, dexterity. Always seek advice from contaminated gloves should be replaced. is a key element of effective hand care. be worn on clean hands. After using ould be washed and dried thoroughly. Appli- erfumed moisturizer is recommended. ontact we recommend gloves with break- ore than 240 minutes with preference for > re suitable gloves can be identified. For protection we recommend the same but table gloves offering this level of protection ble and in this case a lower breakthrough otable so long as appropriate maintenance regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not of glove resistance to a chemical as it is exact composition of the glove material. hould be typically greater than 0.35 mm glove make and model.
Eye p	protection			led such that it could be splashed into eyes, ar is recommended.
Skin	and body protection	۱	work clothes.	not ordinarily required beyond standard to wear chemical resistant gloves.
Prote	ctive measures			ve equipment (PPE) should meet recom- standards. Check with PPE suppliers.
Therr	nal hazards	: 1	Not applicable	
Envii	onmental exposure c	ontrol	s	
Gene	ral advice	v c r	vant environments of the environmer necessary, prever	measures to fulfill the requirements of rele- al protection legislation. Avoid contamination at by following advice given in Section 6. If ant undissolved material from being dis- water. Waste water should be treated in a

charged to waste water. Waste water should be treated in a municipal or industrial waste water treatment plant before discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance:Liquid at room temperature.Colour:amber

vapour.

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	Odour		:	Data not availabl	e
	Odour ⁻	Threshold	:	Data not availabl	e
	рН		:	Not applicable	
	pour po	bint	:	-42 °C / -44 °F Method: ISO 301	6
	Melting	/ freezing point		Data not availabl	e
	Initial b range	oiling point and boiling	:	> 280 °C / 536 °F estimated value(
	Flash p	oint	:	252 °C / 486 °F	
				Method: ISO 259	2
	Evapor	ation rate	:	Data not availabl	e
	Flamm: Flan	ability nmability (solid, gas)	:	Not applicable	
	Flan	nmability (liquids)	:	Not classified as	flammable but will burn.
	Upp	explosion limit and upp er explosion limit / up- flammability limit			nmability limit
		er explosion limit / er flammability limit	:	Typical 1 %(V)	
	Vapour	pressure	:	< 0.5 Pa (20 °C /	68 °F)
				estimated value(s)
	Relative	e vapour density	:	> 5	
	Relative	e density	:	0.883 (15 °C / 59	°F)
	Density	,	:	883 kg/m3 (15.0 Method: ISO 121	
	Solubili Wat	ty(ies) er solubility	:	negligible	
	Solu	ubility in other solvents	:	Data not availabl	e
	Partitio octanol	n coefficient: n- /water	:	log Pow: > 6 (based on inform	ation on similar products)
	Auto-ig	nition temperature	:	> 320 °C / 608 °F	-

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Deco	omposition temperature	:	Data not availab	e	
	Viscosity Viscosity, dynamic		Data not available		
V	Viscosity, kinematic		335 mm2/s (40.0 °C / 104.0 °F)		
			Method: Unspec	fied	
			40 mm2/s (100 °	C / 212 °F)	
			Method: Unspec	fied	
Explo	Explosive properties		Classification Co	de: Not classified	
Oxid	izing properties	: Data not available		e	
Conc	ductivity	: This material is not expected to be a static accumulator.		ot expected to be a static accumulator.	
Parti	cle size	:	Data not availab	e	

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	:	The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.
Chemical stability	:	Stable.
Possibility of hazardous reac- tions	:	Reacts with strong oxidising agents.
Conditions to avoid	:	Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
Incompatible materials	:	Strong oxidising agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	:	Information given is based on data on the components and
		the toxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise,
		the data presented is representative of the product as a
		whole, rather than for individual component(s).

Information on likely routes of exposure

Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity

: LD50 (rat): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity

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		Based on availa	able data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Acute inhalation toxicity		: Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.		
Acute dermal toxicity		Remarks: Low t	: LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to skin., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to the eye., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: Not a skin sensitiser. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

Genotoxicity in vivo

: Remarks: Non mutagenic, Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies., Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

IARC	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.
OSHA	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.

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NTP			s product present at levels greater than or ntified as a known or anticipated carcinogen
Reproductive toxicity <u>Product:</u> Effects on fertility			evelopmental toxicant., Does not impair available data, the classification criteria are

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment :	Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representa- tive of the product as a whole, rather than for individual com- ponent(s).
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E	cotoxicity			
	roduct: oxicity to fish (Acute tr)	oxici- :	Remarks: Based are not met. Practically non to LL/EL/IL50 > 100	
ad	oxicity to daphnia and quatic invertebrates (/ xicity)		Remarks: Based are not met. Practically non to LL/EL/IL50 > 100	
	oxicity to algae (Acute ity)	e tox- :	Remarks: Based are not met. Practically non to LL/EL/IL50 > 100	
	oxicity to fish (Chronic ity)	tox- :	Remarks: Based are not met.	on available data, the classification criteria
ac	oxicity to daphnia and quatic invertebrates ((toxicity)		Remarks: Based are not met.	on available data, the classification criteria
	oxicity to microorganis Acute toxicity)	sms :	Remarks: Based are not met.	on available data, the classification criteria
P	ersistence and degr	adability		
P	roduct:			
	iodegradability	:	Major constituent components that Persistent per IM International Oil F tion: "A non-persi consists of hydroo by volume, distills at least 95% of w	Pollution Compensation (IOPC) Fund defini- stent oil is oil, which, at the time of shipment, carbon fractions, (a) at least 50% of which, at a temperature of 340°C (645°F) and (b) hich, by volume, distils at a temperature of then tested by the ASTM Method D-86/78 or
Bi	ioaccumulative pote	ential		
	roduct: ioaccumulation	:	Remarks: Contair cumulate.	ns components with the potential to bioac-

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Mobi	lity in soil		
Prod	uct:		
Mobil	ity		uid under most environmental conditions. il, it will adsorb to soil particles and will not be
		Remarks: Flo	pats on water.
Othe	r adverse effects		
Prod	uct:		
Additi matio	ional ecological infor- n	ozone creation Product is a	ve ozone depletion potential, photochemical on potential or global warming potential. mixture of non-volatile components, which will not to air in any significant quantities under normal use.
		Poorly solubl Causes phys	e mixture. ical fouling of aquatic organisms.
			bes not cause chronic toxicity to aquatic organ- entrations less than 1 mg/l.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods	
Waste from residues	 Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses. Do not dispose of tank water bottoms by allowing them to drain into the ground. This will result in soil and groundwater contamination. Waste arising from a spillage or tank cleaning should be disposed of in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognised collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand.
	MARPOL - see International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (MARPOL 73/78) which provides tech- nical aspects at controlling pollutions from ships.
Contaminated packaging	: Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional,

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		national, and lo	cal laws and regulations.
Local Rema	legislation urks	•	be in accordance with applicable regional, cal laws and regulations.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

National Regulations

US Department of Transportation Classification (49 CFR Parts 171-180)

Not regulated as a dangerous good

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

Special precautions for user

Remarks

: Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act

*: This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ., Shell classifies this material as an "oil" under the CERCLA Petroleum Exclusion, therefore releases to the environment are not reportable under CERCLA.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards	: No SARA Hazards
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SARA 313 : This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

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Clean Water Act

This product does not contain any Hazardous Chemicals listed under the U.S. CleanWater Act, Section 311, Table 117.3.

US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	64742-54-7
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8

California Prop. 65

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

Other regulations:

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:			
TSCA	:	All components listed.	
DSL	:	All components listed.	

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

NFPA Rating (Health, Fire, Reac- 0, 1, 0 tivity)

Full text of other abbreviations

Abbreviations and Acronyms	: The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this docu- ment can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific dictionaries) and/or websites.
	ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists ADR = European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road AICS = Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances ASTM = American Society for Testing and Materials BEL = Biological exposure limits BTEX = Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylenes CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service CEFIC = European Chemical Industry Council CLP = Classification Packaging and Labelling COC = Cleveland Open-Cup DIN = Deutsches Institut fur Normung DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level DSL = Canada Domestic Substance List

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		ECETOC = Eu gy Of Chemical ECHA = Europ EINECS = The Chemical Subs EL50 = Effectiv ENCS = Japar Inventory EWC = Europe GHS = Globall Labelling of CH IARC = Interna IC50 = Inhibito IL50 = Inhibito IMDG = Interna INV = Chinese IP346 = Institu determination KECI = Korea LC50 = Lethal LD50 = Lethal LL/EL/IL = Lett LL50 = Lethal MARPOL = Int Pollution From NOEC/NOEL = served Effect I OE_HPV = OC PBT = Persiste PICCS = Philip Substances PNEC = Predia REACH = Reg Chemicals RID = Regulat gerous Goods SKIN_DES = S STEL = Short TRA = Targete TSCA = US TO TWA = Time-V	ve Concentration fifty ropean Center on Ecotoxicology and Toxicolo- als bean Chemicals Agency a European Inventory of Existing Commercial stances ve Loading fifty nese Existing and New Chemical Substances ean Waste Code y Harmonised System of Classification and nemicals ational Agency for Research on Cancer tional Air Transport Association my Concentration fifty ry Level fifty ational Maritime Dangerous Goods Chemicals Inventory ute of Petroleum test method N° 346 for the of polycyclic aromatics DMSO-extractables Existing Chemicals Inventory Concentration fifty Dose fifty per cent. hal Loading/Effective Loading/Inhibitory loading Loading fifty remational Convention for the Prevention of Ships = No Observed Effect Concentration / No Ob- Level coupational Exposure - High Production Volume ent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic opine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical cted No Effect Concentration istration Evaluation And Authorisation Of ions Relating to International Carriage of Dan-

A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.

Sources of key data used to	:	The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more
compile the Safety Data		sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell
Sheet		Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU
		IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).

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The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

US / EN