According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

# Shell Tellus S4 ME 46

Version 4.3	Revision Date: 03/04/2021	SDS Number: 800001015775	Print Date: 03/05/2021 Date of last issue: 03/27/2020
SECTION	1. IDENTIFICATION		
Produ	ict name	: Shell Tellus S	4 ME 46
Produ	uct code	: 001D7767	
Manu	facturer or supplier	s details	
Manufacturer/Supplier :		: Shell Oil Pro PO Box 4427 Houston TX USA	
	Request omer Service	: (+1) 877-276- :	7285
		mber : 877-504-9351 : 877-242-7400	
	mmended use of the mmended use	e chemical and restr : Hydraulic oil	ictions on use
Restri	ictions on use	and distributio in aviation hyd greases, and other motor ve from releasing	ental Protection Agency prohibits processing n of this chemical/product for any use other than draulic fluid in aircraft systems lubricants and new or replacement parts for automobiles and ehicles. In addition, all persons are prohibited p PIP (3:1) to water during manufacturing, pro- bution in commerce, and commercial use of PIP
SECTION	2. HAZARDS IDENT	IFICATION	

# GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Reproductive toxicity	:	Category 2
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard	:	Category 2

2

#### **GHS** label elements

Hazard pictograms



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Signa	l word	:	Warning				
Haza	Hazard statements		PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.				
Preca	Precautionary statements		Prevention: P201 Obtain special instructions before use. P273 Avoid release to the environment. P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.				
			Response: P308 + P313 IF e attention. P391 Collect spil	exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ lage.			
			<b>Storage:</b> No precautionary	y phrases.			
			<b>Disposal:</b> P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.				
	rdous components whi ains Phenol, isopropyla			label: iphenyl phosphate > 5%].			
	hazards which do no		• • • • •				

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Used oil may contain harmful impurities.

High-pressure injection under the skin may cause serious damage including local necrosis. Not classified as flammable but will burn.

The classification of this material is based on OSHA HCS 2012 criteria.

#### SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture

: Mixture

Chemical nature

: Blend of polyolefins and additives.

#### Hazardous components

Chemical name	Synonyms	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Phenol, isopropylat- ed, phosphate (3:1) [Triphenyl phosphate > 5%]	Phenol, iso- propylated, phosphate (3:1)	68937-41-7	0.25 - 0.9

#### SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

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In	n case	of skin contact	:	ter and follow by w	nated clothing. Flush exposed area with wa- vashing with soap if available. on occurs, obtain medical attention.
				under the skin car casualty should be for symptoms to d	pressure equipment, injection of product n occur. If high pressure injuries occur, the e sent immediately to a hospital. Do not wait evelop. tention even in the absence of apparent
In	n case	of eye contact	:	Remove contact le rinsing.	pious quantities of water. enses, if present and easy to do. Continue on occurs, obtain medical attention.
lf	swallo	owed	:		tment is necessary unless large quantities wever, get medical advice.
a		portant symptoms ects, both acute and	:	of black pustules a Ingestion may res Local necrosis is a	signs and symptoms may include formation and spots on the skin of exposed areas. ult in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea. evidenced by delayed onset of pain and ew hours following injection.
Ρ	Protecti	on of first-aiders	:		ng first aid, ensure that you are wearing the nal protective equipment according to the d surroundings.
m	nedical	on of any immediate attention and special nt needed	:	Treat symptomation	cally.
				vention and possil age and loss of fu Because entry wo ousness of the un determine the external anaesthetics or ho can contribute to s surgical decompre- eign material should	ection injuries require prompt surgical inter- bly steroid therapy, to minimise tissue dam- nction. unds are small and do not reflect the seri- derlying damage, surgical exploration to ent of involvement may be necessary. Local of soaks should be avoided because they swelling, vasospasm and ischaemia. Prompt ession, debridement and evacuation of for- uld be performed under general anaesthet- oration is essential.

#### SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon diox- ide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water in a jet.

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Specific hazards during fire- fighting		:	Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.		
Speci ods	fic extinguishing meth-	:		measures that are appropriate to local cir- the surrounding environment.	
Special protective equipment for firefighters		:	gloves are to be v large contact with Breathing Appara a confined space.	equipment including chemical resistant vorn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if spilled product is expected. Self-Contained tus must be worn when approaching a fire in Select fire fighter's clothing approved to is (e.g. Europe: EN469).	

#### SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec- tive equipment and emer- gency procedures	:	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Environmental precautions	:	Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other suitable material and dispose of properly.
Additional advice	:	For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet. For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

#### SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures	:	Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.
Advice on safe handling	:	Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used.

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			Properly dispose rials in order to pr	of any contaminated rags or cleaning mate- event fires.	
Avoid	ance of contact	:	Strong oxidising a	agents.	
Product Transfer		:	Proper grounding and bonding procedures should be used during all bulk transfer operations to avoid static accumulation.		
Further information on stor- age stability		:	Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labeled and closable containers.		
			Store at ambient	temperature.	
Packa	aging material	:	Suitable material: steel or high dens Unsuitable mater		
Conta	iner Advice	:		tainers should not be exposed to high tem- e of possible risk of distortion.	

#### SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Components with workplace control parameters

#### Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

#### Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA) , Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

Engineering measures	:	The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.
		Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.

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			I is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is al for airborne concentrations to be generated.
		controls. Educate and tr measures rele product. Ensure approp equipment use equipment, loc Drain down sy nance. Retain drain do subsequent re Always observ washing hands drinking, and/o	ures for safe handling and maintenance of rain workers in the hazards and control vant to normal activities associated with this priate selection, testing and maintenance of ed to control exposure, e.g. personal protective rai exhaust ventilation. Stem prior to equipment break-in or mainte- bowns in sealed storage pending disposal or cycle. e good personal hygiene measures, such as a fiter handling the material and before eating, or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and pment to remove contaminants. Discard con- ning and footwear that cannot be cleaned.
Pers	onal protective equi	oment	
	iratory protection	: No respiratory conditions of u In accordance tions should be If engineering tions to a level select respirato cific conditions Check with res Where air-filter priate combina Select a filter s	with good industrial hygiene practices, precau- e taken to avoid breathing of material. controls do not maintain airborne concentra- which is adequate to protect worker health, ory protection equipment suitable for the spe- of use and meeting relevant legislation. spiratory protective equipment suppliers. ring respirators are suitable, select an appro- tion of mask and filter. suitable for the combination of organic gases and particles [Type A/Type P boiling point
	l protection emarks	gloves approve US: F739) mad suitable chemi gloves Suitabil usage, e.g. fre sistance of glo glove suppliers Personal hygie Gloves must o gloves, hands cation of a nor	ontact with the product may occur the use of ed to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, de from the following materials may provide cal protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber ity and durability of a glove is dependent on quency and duration of contact, chemical re- ve material, dexterity. Always seek advice from s. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. ene is a key element of effective hand care. nly be worn on clean hands. After using should be washed and dried thoroughly. Appli- perfumed moisturizer is recommended. s contact we recommend gloves with break-

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			480 minutes when short-term/splash recognize that sui may not be availa time maybe accept and replacement a good predictor of dependent on the Glove thickness s	ore than 240 minutes with preference for > re suitable gloves can be identified. For protection we recommend the same but table gloves offering this level of protection ble and in this case a lower breakthrough otable so long as appropriate maintenance regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not of glove resistance to a chemical as it is exact composition of the glove material. hould be typically greater than 0.35 mm glove make and model.
Eye	protection	:		lled such that it could be splashed into eyes, ar is recommended.
Skir	and body protection	:	work clothes.	not ordinarily required beyond standard to wear chemical resistant gloves.
Prot	ective measures	:	•	ve equipment (PPE) should meet recom- standards. Check with PPE suppliers.
The	rmal hazards	:	Not applicable	
Env	rironmental exposure co	ontre	ols	

General advice : Take appropriate measures to fulfill the requirements of relevant environmental protection legislation. Avoid contamination of the environment by following advice given in Section 6. If necessary, prevent undissolved material from being discharged to waste water. Waste water should be treated in a municipal or industrial waste water treatment plant before discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing vapour.

### SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	: Liquid at room temperature.
Colour	: light brown
Odour	: Slight hydrocarbon
Odour Threshold	: Data not available
рН	: Not applicable
pour point	: -51 °C / -60 °F Method: ISO 3016
Melting / freezing point	Data not available

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	itial boiling point and boiling nge	:	> 280 °C / 536 °F estimated value(	
FI	ash point	:	250 °C / 482 °F	
			Method: ISO 259	2
E	vaporation rate	:	Data not availabl	e
FI	ammability (solid, gas)	:	Data not availabl	e
	pper explosion limit / upper ammability limit	:	Typical 10 %(V)	
	ower explosion limit / Lower ammability limit	:	Typical 1 %(V)	
V	apour pressure	:	< 0.5 Pa (20 °C /	68 °F)
			estimated value(	5)
R	elative vapour density	:	> 1 estimated value(s	5)
R	elative density	:	0.832 (15 °C / 59	°F)
D	ensity	:	832 kg/m3 (15.0 Method: ISO 121	
S	olubility(ies) Water solubility	:	negligible	
	Solubility in other solvents	:	Data not availabl	e
	artition coefficient: n- ctanol/water	:	log Pow: > 6 (based on inform	ation on similar products)
A	uto-ignition temperature	:	> 320 °C / 608 °F	-
D	ecomposition temperature	:	Data not availabl	e
Vi	iscosity Viscosity, dynamic	:	Data not availabl	e
	Viscosity, kinematic	:	46 mm2/s (40.0 °	°C / 104.0 °F)
			Method: ASTM D	0445
			7.7 mm2/s (100 °	°C / 212 °F)
			Method: ASTM D	9445
E	xplosive properties	:	Not classified	

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0>	kidizing properties	:	Data not availab	le
Conductivity		:	This material is r	not expected to be a static accumulator.
SECTIO	ON 10. STABILITY AND R	EAC	ΤΙVITY	
Re	eactivity	:		s not pose any further reactivity hazards in listed in the following sub-paragraph.
Cł	nemical stability	:	Stable.	
	ossibility of hazardous reac- ns	• :	Reacts with stro	ng oxidising agents.

Conditions to avoid	: Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
Incompatible materials	: Strong oxidising agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	: No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

#### SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

whole, rather than for individual component(s).	Basis for assessment	Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).
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#### Information on likely routes of exposure

Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.

#### Acute toxicity

Product:		
Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (rat): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

#### Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to skin., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

#### Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to the eye., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

#### Product:

Remarks: Not a skin sensitiser. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

#### Product:

: Remarks: Non mutagenic, Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Carcinogenicity

#### Product:

Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

IARC	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.
OSHA	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.
NTP	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.
Reproductive toxicity	
Product:	
	Remarks: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

#### STOT - single exposure

#### Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### STOT - repeated exposure

#### Product:

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Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Aspiration toxicity

#### Product:

Not an aspiration hazard.

#### Further information

#### Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: High pressure injection of product into the skin may lead to local necrosis if the product is not surgically removed.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

#### SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	<ul> <li>Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product.</li> <li>Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products.</li> <li>Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representa- tive of the product as a whole, rather than for individual com- ponent(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).</li> </ul>

#### Ecotoxicity

#### Product:

Toxicity to fish (Acute toxici- ty)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 1-10 mg/l Toxic
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 1-10 mg/l Toxic
Toxicity to algae (Acute tox- icity)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 1-10 mg/l Toxic
Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox- icity)	:	Remarks: Data not available
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data not available

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	Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)		Remarks: Data not available		
<u>Cc</u>	omponents:				
M-	Phenol, isopropylated, phosphate M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox- : 1 icity)			yl phosphate > 5%]:	
M-Factor (Chronic aquatic : 10 toxicity)					
Ре	Persistence and degradability				
Pr	oduct:				
Bio	Biodegradability		Remarks: Not readily biodegradable. Major constituents are inherently biodegradable, but contains components that may persist in the environment.		
Bioaccumulative potential					
<u>Pr</u>	Product:				
Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Contains componer cumulate.		ns components with the potential to bioac-			
Мо	obility in soil				
Pr	oduct:				
Mo	bbility	:		under most environmental conditions. will adsorb to soil particles and will not be	
			Remarks: Floats on water.		
Ot	her adverse effects				
Pr	oduct:				
Ad	ditional ecological infor- ation	:	ozone creation po Product is a mixto	cone depletion potential, photochemical otential or global warming potential. ure of non-volatile components, which will not in any significant quantities under normal	
			Poorly soluble mi Causes physical	xture. fouling of aquatic organisms.	

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#### SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods		
Waste from residues		Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal meth- ods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses
		Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste. Waste arising from a spillage or tank cleaning should be dis- posed of in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognised collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Do not dispose of tank water bottoms by allowing them to drain into the ground. This will result in soil and groundwater contamination.
		MARPOL - see International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (MARPOL 73/78) which provides technical aspects at controlling pollutions from ships.
Contaminated packaging	:	Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.
Local legislation Remarks	:	Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.

#### **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### **National Regulations**

#### US Department of Transportation Classification (49 CFR Parts 171-180)

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### **International Regulations**

IS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,
3:1) (Triphenyl phosphate

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Pack Labe	ing group Is	: III : 9	
IMDG-Code UN number		: UN 3082	
Proper shipping name		N.O.S.	ENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, propylated phosphate (3:1) (Triphenyl phosphate
Class	S	: 9	
Packing group		: 111	
Labe	els	: 9	
Marii	ne pollutant	: yes	

#### Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied. MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

#### Special precautions for user

Remarks

: Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

#### **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act

\*: This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ., Shell classifies this material as an "oil" under the CERCLA Petroleum Exclusion, therefore releases to the environment are not reportable under CERCLA.

#### SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

#### SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards	:	Reproductive toxicity
SARA 313	:	This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

#### **Clean Water Act**

This product does not contain any Hazardous Chemicals listed under the U.S. CleanWater Act, Section 311, Table 117.3.

#### US State Regulations

#### California Prop. 65

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

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#### Other regulations:

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

The Environmental Protection Agency prohibits processing and distribution of this chemical/product for any use other than in aviation hydraulic fluid in aircraft, lubricants and greases, and new or replacement parts for automobiles and other motor vehicles. In addition, all persons are prohibited from releasing PIP (3:1) to water during manufacturing, processing, distribution in commerce, and commercial use of PIP (3:1).

#### The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

EINECS	:	Not established.
TSCA	:	All components listed.
DSL	:	All components listed.

#### **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Further information

NFPA Rating (Health, Fire, Reac- 0, 1, 0 tivity)

#### Full text of other abbreviations

Abbreviations and Acronyms	:	The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this docu- ment can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific dictionaries) and/or websites.

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists ADR = European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road AICS = Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances ASTM = American Society for Testing and Materials BEL = Biological exposure limits BTEX = Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylenes CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service CEFIC = European Chemical Industry Council

CLP = Classification Packaging and Labelling

COC = Cleveland Open-Cup

DIN = Deutsches Institut fur Normung

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

DSL = Canada Domestic Substance List

EC = European Commission

EC50 = Effective Concentration fifty

ECETOC = European Center on Ecotoxicology and Toxicology Of Chemicals

ECHA = European Chemicals Agency

EINECS = The European Inventory of Existing Commercial

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		ENCS = Japar Inventory EWC = Europe GHS = Globall Labelling of Cr IARC = Interna IATA = Interna IC50 = Inhibito IMDG = Interna INV = Chinese IP346 = Institu determination of KECI = Korea LC50 = Lethal LD50 = Lethal LL/EL/IL = Leth LL50 = Lethal MARPOL = Int Pollution From NOEC/NOEL = served Effect L OE_HPV = Oc PBT = Persiste PICCS = Philip Substances PNEC = Predia REACH = Reg Chemicals RID = Regulati gerous Goods SKIN_DES = S STEL = Short f TRA = Targete TSCA = US To	ve Loading fifty nese Existing and New Chemical Substances ean Waste Code y Harmonised System of Classification and nemicals ational Agency for Research on Cancer tional Air Transport Association ry Concentration fifty ry Level fifty ational Maritime Dangerous Goods Chemicals Inventory ute of Petroleum test method N° 346 for the of polycyclic aromatics DMSO-extractables Existing Chemicals Inventory Concentration fifty Dose fifty per cent. hal Loading/Effective Loading/Inhibitory loading Loading fifty ernational Convention for the Prevention of Ships = No Observed Effect Concentration / No Ob- evel cupational Exposure - High Production Volume ent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic opine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical cted No Effect Concentration istration Evaluation And Authorisation Of
A ver	tical bar ( ) in the left ı		nendment from the previous version.

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet	:	The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).
Revision Date	:	03/04/2021

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

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Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Print Date: 03/05/2021
4.3	03/04/2021	800001015775	Date of last issue: 03/27/2020

to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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