SAFETY DATA SHEET

Clarion FG White Mineral Oil Spray



Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier : Clarion FG White Mineral Oil Spray				
Synonyms	: Lubricating oil aerosol.			
Material uses	: Direct and indirect food-contact lubricant; release agent.			
Code : 633595009				
Supplier's details	: CITGO Petroleum Corporation P.O. Box 4689 Houston, TX 77210 sdsvend@citgo.com			
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	 Technical Contact: (800) 248-4684 (M-F, 8 AM to 4 PM) Medical Emergency: (832) 486-4700 (24 Hr) CHEMTREC Emergency: (800) 424-9300 (24 Hr) (United States Only) 			

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.
Disposal	: Not applicable.
Storage	: Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Store in a well-ventilated place.
Response	: Not applicable.
Prevention	: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
Precautionary statements	
Hazard statements	 Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
Signal word	: Danger
GHS label elements Hazard pictograms	
Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas
OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Substance
Other means of	: Lubricating oil aerosol.
identification	

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number : Mixture

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
	10 - 30 5 - 10	74-98-6 106-97-8
* = Various ** = Mixture *** = Proprietary		

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to process variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	 Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/e	ffects, acute and delayed				
Potential acute health effect	uts				
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
Inhalation	: Breathing high concentrations can cause irregular heartbeats which can be fatal.				
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
<u>Over-exposure signs/symp</u>	<u>toms</u>				
Eye contact	: No specific data.				
Inhalation	: Breathing high concentrations can cause irregular heartbeats which may be fatal.				
Skin contact	: No specific data.				
Ingestion	No specific data.				
Indication of immediate med	lical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary				
Notes to physician	: This material (or a component) may sensitize the heart to the effects of sympathomimetic amines. Epinephrine and other sympathomimetic drugs may initiate cardiac arrthymias in individuals exposed to this material.				
Specific treatments	: Treat symptomatically and supportively.				
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.				

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Section 4. First aid measures

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.			
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".			
Environmental precautions	:	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).			
Methods and materials for co	ont	ainment and cleaning up			
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.			
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact			

Section 6. Accidental release measures

information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Eliminate all ignition sources. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use. Bulk Storage Conditions: Maintain all storage tanks in accordance with applicable regulations. Use necessary controls to monitor tank inventories. Inspect all storage tanks on a periodic basis. Test tanks and associated piping for tightness. Maintain the automatic leak detection devices to assure proper working condition.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters	
Occupational exposure lin	<u>nits</u>
Propane	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 1800 mg/m ³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1800 mg/m ³ 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant].
Butane	ACGIH TLV (United States). TWA: 800 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 800 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 10 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.
Appropriate engineering controls	: The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, vapor controls, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Individual protection meas	ures
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety glasses equipped with side shields are recommended as minimum protection in industrial settings. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Avoid skin contact with liquid. Chemical-resistant gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. Leather gloves are not protective for liquid contact.
Body protection	 Avoid skin contact with liquid. Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	: Avoid skin contact with liquid. Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Leather boots are not protective for liquid contact.
Respiratory protection	: Avoid inhalation of gases, vapors, mists or dusts. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or supplied-air respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Water white
Odor	: Little or no odor.
рН	: Not available.
Boiling point	: Not available.
Flash point	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: 0.76
Density lbs/gal	: Estimated 6.34 lbs/gal
Density gm/cm ³	: Not available.
Gravity, °API	: Estimated 55 @ 60 F
Solubility	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Flow time (ISO 2431)	: Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: Not expected to be Explosive, Self-Reactive, Self-Heating, or an Organic Peroxide under US GHS Definition(s).
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Propane Butane	LC50 Inhalation Gas. LC50 Inhalation Vapor LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat Mouse Rat	>800000 ppm 680000 mg/m³ 658000 mg/m³	15 minutes 2 hours 4 hours
Conclusion/Summary	 White mineral oil (petroleum): 25,45,50,70] DRAIZE EYE, Acute: Non-irritat DRAIZE DERMAL, Acute: Non- BUEHLER, Acute: Non-sensitiz 28-Day DERMAL, Sub-Chronic: 104-Week DERMAL, Sub-Chronic: 1 MUTAGENICITY: Modified Ames Assay: Nega in-vitro Lymphoma Assay: N Lifetime mouse skin painting stu or carcinogenic. Mineral oil mist low acute and sub-acute toxicitie repeated exposures to high con- workplace exposure levels inclu- formation and lipoid pneumonia. lower concentrations of mineral produced no significant toxicolog carcinogenic effects have been propane: Studies in laboratory a propane (1 to 10 vol.% in air) ma which may be serious or fatal. n-Butane: A n-butane exposure in dogs, causing lower contractil the myocardial threshold to epin 	ting [Rabbit]. irritating [Rabbit]. ing [Guinea Pig]. Non-irritating [Ra No skin tumors at tive [Salmonella tr egative or no toxic dies indicated that is derived from hig es in animals. Effo centrations of min de lung inflammat In acute and sub oil mists at or nea gical effects. In lo reported in any ar animals indicate e ay cause cardiac a of 5,000 ppm in a e force and other	abbit]. site of application yphimurium]. city [Mouse]. it white mineral oils ghly refined oils are ects from single an eral oil mists well a ory reaction, lipoid p-acute studies invo r current work plac ng term studies (up imal species tester xposure to extreme arrhythmias (irregu air has been showr effects. Also, buta	[Mouse]. are not mutagenic e reported to have d short-term above applicable granuloma olving exposures to be exposure levels o to two years) no d. ely high levels of lar heartbeats) n to affect the heart
Irritation/Corrosion Not available.				
Skin	: No additional information.			
Eyes Respiratory	No additional information.No additional information.			

Sensitization

Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

Not available.	
Skin	: No additional information.
Respiratory	: No additional information.
Mutagenicity	
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: No additional information.
Carcinogenicity Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary <u>Reproductive toxicity</u> Not available.	: No additional information.
Conclusion/Summary Teratogenicity Not available.	: No additional information.
Conclusion/Summary	: No additional information.
Specific target organ toxici Not available.	ty (single exposure)
Specific target organ toxici	ty (repeated exposure)
Not available.	
Aspiration hazard Not available.	
nformation on the likely outes of exposure	: Not available.
Potential acute health effects	<u>S</u>
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: Breathing high concentrations can cause irregular heartbeats which can be fatal.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the phy	vsical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: Breathing high concentrations can cause irregular heartbeats which may be fatal.
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Delayed and immediate effect	cts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate	: Not available.
effects	
effects Potential delayed effects	: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Propane	1.09	-	low
Butane	2.89		low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (Koc)

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains
	and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable	Aerosols, flammable	Aerosols, flammable- Consumer commodity
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	2.1	Not available.
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

Additional information		
DOT Classification	:	<u>Remarks</u> Refer to Code of Federal Regulations, Title 49 (49 CFR) for additional information on provisions, packaging, and Limited Quantity exceptions.
ΙΑΤΑ	:	Quantity limitation Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 75 kg. Cargo Aircraft Only: 150 kg. Special provisions Limited Quantities - Consumer Commodity
Special precautions for user	:	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code	:	Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	1	United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.
		This material is classified as an oil under Section 311 of the Clean Water Act (CWA)
		and the Oil Pollution Act of 1990 (OPA). Discharges or spills which produce a visible
		sheen on waters of the United States, their adjoining shorelines, or into conduits leading

sheen on waters of the United States, their adjoining shorelines, or into conduits leading to surface waters must be reported to the EPA's National Response Center at (800) 424-8802.

Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: propane; n-Butane

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification

: FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1

GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
Propane	10 - 30	FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas
Butane	5 - 10	SIMPLE ASPHYXIANTS FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas

State regulations

Massachusetts

: The following components are listed: PROPANE; n-Butane

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Section 15. Regulatory information

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New York	: None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	: The following components are listed: PROPANE; n-Butane
Pennsylvania	: The following components are listed: PROPANE; n-Butane
International regulations	
Inventory list	
United States	: All components are listed or exempted.
Australia	: All components are listed or exempted.
Canada	: All components are listed or exempted.
China	: All components are listed or exempted.
Europe	: All components are listed or exempted.
Japan	: Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
Malaysia	: Not determined.
New Zealand	: All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines	: All components are listed or exempted.
Republic of Korea	: All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan	: All components are listed or exempted.
Thailand	: Not determined.
Turkey	: Not determined.
Viet Nam	: Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
	Expert judgment On basis of test data

<u>History</u>	
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Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
	BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
	GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
	IATA = International Air Transport Association
	IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
	MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations
References	• Not available

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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