According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Gadus S3 U460AD 1

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SECTION	1. IDENTIFICATION		
Produ	ict name	: Shell Gadus S3 U460AD 1	
Produ	ict code	: 00115993	
Manu	facturer or supplier's	details	
Manu	facturer/Supplier	: Shell Oil Products US PO Box 4427 Houston TX 77210-4427 USA	
	Request mer Service	: (+1) 877-276-7285	
	gency telephone num	ber	
		: 877-504-9351	
Health	n Information	: 877-242-7400	
Base	mmandad usa of the	homical and restrictions on use	

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use Recommended use : Automotive and industrial grease.

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)				
Eye irritation	Category 2			
GHS label elements				
Hazard pictograms				
Signal word	Warning			
Hazard statements :	PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: H319 Causes serious eye irritation. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria.			
Precautionary statements	Prevention: P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.			

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Response:

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.

Storage:

No precautionary phrases.

Disposal:

No precautionary phrases.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Used grease may contain harmful impurities.

High-pressure injection under the skin may cause serious damage including local necrosis.

Not classified as flammable but will burn.

The classification of this material is based on OSHA HCS 2012 criteria.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture	:	Mixture
Chemical nature	:	A lubricating grease containing highly-refined mineral oils and additives. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO- extract, according to IP346.

Hazardous components

Chemical name	Synonyms	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Calcium alkaryl sul- phonate	calcium do- decylbenzene- sulphonate	26264-06-2	2.5 - 5
Antimony Dithiocar- bamate		Not Assigned	1 - 2.49

SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

If inhaled	:	No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
In case of skin contact :		Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with wa- ter and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
		When using high pressure equipment, injection of product under the skin can occur. If high pressure injuries occur, the casualty should be sent immediately to a hospital. Do not wait for symptoms to develop. Obtain medical attention even in the absence of apparent

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In case of eye contact		:	wounds. Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Transport to the nearest medical facility for additional treat- ment.			
lf s	vallowed	:	In general no trea are swallowed, ho	tment is necessary unless large quantities wever, get medical advice.		
and	Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed		Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea. Local necrosis is evidenced by delayed onset of pain and tissue damage a few hours following injection.			
Pro	tection of first-aiders			ng first aid, ensure that you are wearing the nal protective equipment according to the d surroundings.		
me	cation of any immediate dical attention and special tment needed		Treat symptomatio	cally.		
			vention and possil age and loss of fu Because entry wo ousness of the un determine the exte anaesthetics or ho can contribute to s surgical decompre eign material shou	ection injuries require prompt surgical inter- oly steroid therapy, to minimise tissue dam- nction. unds are small and do not reflect the seri- derlying damage, surgical exploration to ent of involvement may be necessary. Local of soaks should be avoided because they swelling, vasospasm and ischaemia. Prompt ession, debridement and evacuation of for- uld be performed under general anaesthet- oration is essential.		

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon diox- ide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water in a jet.
Specific hazards during fire- fighting	:	Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.
Specific extinguishing meth-	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

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0	ds			cumstances and t	he surrounding environment.
	Special protective equipment for firefighters		:	gloves are to be w large contact with Breathing Apparate a confined space.	equipment including chemical resistant vorn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if spilled product is expected. Self-Contained tus must be worn when approaching a fire in Select fire fighter's clothing approved to s (e.g. Europe: EN469).

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec- tive equipment and emer- gency procedures	:	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Environmental precautions	:	Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contami- nation. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Shovel into a suitable clearly marked container for disposal or reclamation in accordance with local regulations.
Additional advice	:	For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet. For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures :	Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk as- sessment of local circumstances to help determine appropri- ate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.
Advice on safe handling :	Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning mate- rials in order to prevent fires.
Avoidance of contact :	Strong oxidising agents.
Further information on stor- : age stability	Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labeled and closable containers.
	Store at ambient temperature.

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Pack	aging material		al: For containers or container linings, use mild nsity polyethylene. erial: PVC.
Conta	ainer Advice		ontainers should not be exposed to high tem- use of possible risk of distortion.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parame- ters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
Oil mist, mineral		TWA (Inhal-	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
		able particu-	-	
		late matter)		

Contains no substances with occupational exposure limit values.

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

	The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.
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			l is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is al for airborne concentrations to be generated.
		 General Information: Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls. Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product. Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation. Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard con taminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping. 	
			duct's semi-solid consistency, generation of s is unlikely to occur.
	onal protective equip	: No respiratory conditions of us In accordance tions should be If engineering of tions to a level select respirato cific conditions Check with res Where air-filter priate combina Select a filter s	with good industrial hygiene practices, precau- taken to avoid breathing of material. controls do not maintain airborne concentra- which is adequate to protect worker health, ory protection equipment suitable for the spe- of use and meeting relevant legislation. piratory protective equipment suppliers. ing respirators are suitable, select an appro- tion of mask and filter. uitable for the combination of organic gases and particles [Type A/Type P boiling point
	l protection emarks	gloves approve US: F739) mac suitable chemic gloves Suitabili usage, e.g. free sistance of glov glove suppliers	ontact with the product may occur the use of ed to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, le from the following materials may provide cal protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber ty and durability of a glove is dependent on quency and duration of contact, chemical re- ve material, dexterity. Always seek advice from b. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. ne is a key element of effective hand care.

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			gloves, hands shi cation of a non-per For continuous continuous continuous through time of m 480 minutes whe short-term/splash recognize that su may not be availat time maybe acce and replacement a good predictor dependent on the Glove thickness s	be worn on clean hands. After using ould be washed and dried thoroughly. Appli- erfumed moisturizer is recommended. ontact we recommend gloves with break- nore than 240 minutes with preference for > re suitable gloves can be identified. For a protection we recommend the same but itable gloves offering this level of protection able and in this case a lower breakthrough ptable so long as appropriate maintenance regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not of glove resistance to a chemical as it is e exact composition of the glove material. should be typically greater than 0.35 mm a glove make and model.
Eye	protection	:	Wear full face shi	eld if splashes are likely to occur.
Skin	and body protection	:		esistant gloves/gauntlets and boots. Where also wear an apron.
Prote	ective measures	:		ve equipment (PPE) should meet recom- standards. Check with PPE suppliers.
Ther	mal hazards	:	Not applicable	
Envi	ronmental exposure c	ontro	ols	
	eral advice		Take appropriate vant environment of the environment necessary, preve charged to waste municipal or indu discharge to surfa Local guidelines of	measures to fulfill the requirements of rele- al protection legislation. Avoid contamination at by following advice given in Section 6. If nt undissolved material from being dis- water. Waste water should be treated in a strial waste water treatment plant before ace water. on emission limits for volatile substances d for the discharge of exhaust air containing

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

vapour.

Appearance	:	solid
Colour	:	black
Odour	:	Slight hydrocarbon
Odour Threshold	:	Data not available
рН	:	Not applicable
Drop point	:	>= 121 °C / >= 250 °F Method: ASTM D2265

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Me	ting / freezing point		Not applicable	
Initi ran	al boiling point and boiling ge	:	Data not availabl	e
Fla	sh point	:	Method: Unspeci Not applicable	fied
Eva	poration rate	:	Data not availabl	e
Fla	nmability (solid, gas)	:	Data not availabl	e
	per explosion limit / upper nmability limit	:	Typical 10 %(V)	
	ver explosion limit / Lower nmability limit	:	Typical 1 %(V)	
Vap	oour pressure	:	< 0.5 Pa (20 °C /	68 °F)
			estimated value(s)
Rel	ative vapour density	:	> 1 estimated value(s	s)
Rel	ative density	:	1.000 (15.0 °C /	59.0 °F)
Der	nsity	:	1,000 kg/m3 (15. Method: Unspeci	
	ubility(ies) Water solubility	:	negligible	
:	Solubility in other solvents	:	Data not availabl	e
	tition coefficient: n- anol/water	:	log Pow: > 6 (based on inform	ation on similar products)
Aut	o-ignition temperature	:	> 320 °C / 608 °F	=
Dec	composition temperature	:	Data not availabl	e
	cosity √iscosity, dynamic	:	Data not availabl	e
,	Viscosity, kinematic	:	414 - 506 mm2/s	(40.0 °C / 104.0 °F)
			Method: ASTM D	0445
Exp	losive properties	:	Not classified	
Oxi	dizing properties	:	Data not availabl	e
Cor	nductivity	:	This material is n	ot expected to be a static accumulator.

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SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	:	The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.
Chemical stability	:	Stable.
Possibility of hazardous reac- tions	:	Reacts with strong oxidising agents.
Conditions to avoid	:	Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
Incompatible materials	:	Strong oxidising agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	:	Information given is based on data on the components and	
		the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise,	
		the data presented is representative of the product as a	
		whole, rather than for individual component(s).	

Information on likely routes of exposure

Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.

Acute toxicity

Product:	
Acute oral toxicity	 LD50 (rat): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Acute inhalation toxicity	: Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Acute dermal toxicity	 LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to skin., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Causes serious eye irritation.

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Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: Not a skin sensitiser. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

: Remarks: Non mutagenic, Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies., Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

IARC	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.
OSHA	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.
NTP	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.
Reproductive toxicity	
Product:	
	: Remarks: Not a developmental toxicant., Does not impair fertility., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used grease may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such harmful impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used grease should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: High pressure injection of product into the skin may lead to local necrosis if the product is not surgically removed.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	:	Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representa- tive of the product as a whole, rather than for individual com- ponent(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).
Ecotoxicity		
<u>Product:</u> Toxicity to fish (Acute toxici- ty)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Toxicity to algae (Acute tox- icity)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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Toxic icity)	ity to fish (Chronic tox-	:	Remarks: Data no	ot available
	ity to daphnia and other tic invertebrates (Chron- icity)	:	Remarks: Data no	ot available
	ity to microorganisms e toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data no	ot available
Persi	stence and degradabili	ity		
<u>Prod</u> Biode	<u>uct:</u> egradability	:	Major constituent	adily biodegradable. s are inherently biodegradable, but contains may persist in the environment.
Bioa	ccumulative potential			
<u>Prod</u> Bioac	uct: cumulation	:	Remarks: Contair cumulate.	ns components with the potential to bioac-
Mobi	lity in soil			
<u>Prod</u>	uct:			
Mobil	ity	:		olid under most environmental conditions. will adsorb to soil particles and will not be
			Remarks: Floats	on water.
Othe	r adverse effects			
<u>Prod</u>	uct:			
Addit matic	ional ecological infor- n	:	ozone creation po Product is a mixtu	cone depletion potential, photochemical otential or global warming potential. ure of non-volatile components, which will not in any significant quantities under normal
			Poorly soluble mi Causes physical f	xture. fouling of aquatic organisms.
				not cause chronic toxicity to aquatic organ- ntions less than 1 mg/l.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods	
Mante frame realidures	Descus an accurate if a south to

Waste from	residues
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: Recover or recycle if possible.

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		toxicity and ph determine the ods in complia	nsibility of the waste generator to determine the ysical properties of the material generated to proper waste classification and disposal meth- nce with applicable regulations. e into the environment, in drains or in water
		ground water,	t should not be allowed to contaminate soil or or be disposed of into the environment. or used product is dangerous waste.
Conta	aminated packaging	to a recognize the collector o Disposal shou	cordance with prevailing regulations, preferably d collector or contractor. The competence of r contractor should be established beforehand. Id be in accordance with applicable regional, ocal laws and regulations.
Loca Rema	I legislation arks		ld be in accordance with applicable regional, ocal laws and regulations.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

National Regulations

US Department of Transpo	rtation Classification (49 CFR Parts 171-180)
UN/ID/NA number	: UN 3082
Proper shipping name	: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (CALCIUM DODECYLBENZENESULFONATE)
Class	: 9
Packing group	: III
Labels	: 9
Reportable quantity	CALCIUM DODECYLBENZENESULFONATE (1,000 lb)
ERG Code	: 171
Marine pollutant	: no

International Regulations

IATA-DGR Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied. MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

Special precautions for user

Remarks

: Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

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SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

(lbs)	(11)
((lbs)
Calcium alkaryl sulphonate 26264-06-2 1000	*

*: Calculated RQ exceeds reasonably attainable upper limit.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards	:	Serious eye damage or eye irritation
SARA 313	:	This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

Clean Water Act

Clean W	ater Act		
The follov 117.3:	wing Hazardous Chemicals	s are listed under the	e U.S. CleanWater Act, Section 311, Table
	Calcium alkaryl sulpho- nate	26264-06-2	5 %
US State	Regulations		
Pennsylv	vania Right To Know		
	Calcium alkaryl sulphona	te	26264-06-2
Californi	a Prop. 65		
	luct does not contain any c or any other reproductive h		State of California to cause cancer, birth
Californi	a List of Hazardous Subs	stances	
	Calcium alkaryl sulphona	te	26264-06-2
Other re	gulations:		
The regu to this ma	-	ended to be compre	hensive. Other regulations may apply
The com	ponents of this product a	are reported in the	following inventories:
EINECS	: N	lot established.	
TSCA	: A	Il components listed	l.

DSL : Not established.

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SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

NFPA Rating (Health, Fire, Reac- 1, 1, 0 tivity)

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH OSHA Z-1 ACGIH / TWA OSHA Z-1 / TWA Abbreviations and Acronyms	: : : :	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Lim- its for Air Contaminants 8-hour, time-weighted average 8-hour time weighted average The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this docu- ment can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific dictionaries) and/or websites.
		ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists ADR = European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road AICS = Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances ASTM = American Society for Testing and Materials BEL = Biological exposure limits BTEX = Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylenes CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service CEFIC = European Chemical Industry Council CLP = Classification Packaging and Labelling COC = Cleveland Open-Cup DIN = Deutsches Institut fur Normung DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level DSL = Canada Domestic Substance List EC = European Commission EC50 = Effective Concentration fifty ECETOC = European Center on Ecotoxicology and Toxicolo- gy Of Chemicals ECHA = European Chemicals Agency EINECS = The European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances EL50 = Effective Loading fifty ENCS = Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory EWC = European Waste Code GHS = Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer IATA = International Air Transport Association IC50 = Inhibitory Concentration fifty IL50 = Inhibitory Level fifty IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods INV = Chinese Chemicals Inventory

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		determination of KECI = Korea LC50 = Lethal LD50 = Lethal LL/EL/IL = Leth LL50 = Lethal I MARPOL = Int Pollution From NOEC/NOEL = served Effect L OE_HPV = Oc PBT = Persiste PICCS = Philip Substances PNEC = Predic REACH = Reg Chemicals RID = Regulati gerous Goods SKIN_DES = S STEL = Short t TRA = Targete TSCA = US To TWA = Time-W	ernational Convention for the Prevention of Ships No Observed Effect Concentration / No Ob- evel cupational Exposure - High Production Volume ent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic pine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical cted No Effect Concentration istration Evaluation And Authorisation Of ons Relating to International Carriage of Dan-	

A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet	:	The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).
Revision Date	:	07/17/2020

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