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CTION 1. IDENTIFICATIO	Ν	
Product name	: Quaker State Advanced Durabilit	ty SAE 5W-30 Motor Oil
Product code	: 001D7554	
Manufacturer or supplie	r's details	
Manufacturer/Supplier	: Shell Oil Products US P.O. Box 4427 Houston TX 77210-4427 USA	
SDS Request Customer Service	: (+1) 877-276-7285 :	
Emergency telephone n	umber	
• • •	: 877-504-9351 : 877-242-7400	
Recommended use of t	ne chemical and restrictions on use	
Recommended use	: Engine oil.	

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

GHS Label element

Hazard pictograms	: No Hazard Symbol required
Signal word	: No signal word
Hazard statements	 PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a health hazard under GHS criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria.
Precautionary statements	 Prevention: No precautionary phrases. Response: No precautionary phrases. Storage: No precautionary phrases. Disposal: No precautionary phrases.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

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Used oil may contain harmful impurities. Not classified as flammable but will burn.

The classification of this material is based on OSHA HCS 2012 criteria.

Under normal conditions of use or in a foreseeable emergency, this product does not meet the definition of a hazardous chemical when evaluated according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

: Highly refined mineral oils and additives. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSOextract, according to IP346.

* contains one or more of the following CAS-numbers: 64742-53-6, 64742-54-7, 64742-55-8, 64742-56-9, 64742-65-0, 68037-01-4, 72623-86-0, 72623-87-1, 8042-47-5, 848301-69-9.

Hazardous components

Chemical Name	Synonyms	CAS-No.	Concentration (%)
Interchangeable low vis- cosity base oil (<20,5 cSt @40°C) *		Not Assigned	0 - 90

SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

General advice	:	Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions.
If inhaled	:	No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
In case of skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with wa- ter and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
In case of eye contact	:	Flush eye with copious quantities of water. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
If swallowed	:	In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	:	Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea.
Protection of first-aiders	:	When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.
Immediate medical attention,	:	Treat symptomatically.

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 special treatment
 Section 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

 Suitable extinguishing media
 : Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water in a jet.
Specific hazards during fire- fighting	:	Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.
Specific extinguishing me- thods	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir- cumstances and the surrounding environment.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

	Personal precautions, protec- tive equipment and emer- gency procedures	:	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
	Environmental precautions	:	Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contami- nation. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
			Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
	Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other suitable material and dispose of properly.
	Additional advice	:	For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Safety Data Sheet. For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Chapter 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.
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SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE		
Technical measures	: Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.	-
Precautions for safe handling	 Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials in order to prevent fires. 	
Avoidance of contact	: Strong oxidising agents.	
Product Transfer	: This material has the potential to be a static accumulator. Proper grounding and bonding procedures should be used during all bulk transfer operations.	
Storage		
Other data	 Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labeled and closable containers. 	
	Store at ambient temperature.	
Packaging material	: Suitable material: For containers or container linings, use m steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC.	ild
Container Advice	: Polyethylene containers should not be exposed to high tem- peratures because of possible risk of distortion.	

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Contains no substances with occupational exposure limit values.

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

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National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Met http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/ Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Metho http://www.osha.gov/ Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substa http://www.hse.gov.uk/ Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil		
Engineering measures	 The level of protection and typ vary depending upon potential controls based on a risk assess Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control Where material is heated, spra greater potential for airborne control 	exposure conditions. Select sment of local circumstances. airborne concentrations. yed or mist formed, there is
	General Information: Define procedures for safe han controls. Educate and train workers in th ures relevant to normal activitie Ensure appropriate selection, to equipment used to control expo equipment, local exhaust ventil Drain down system prior to equ ance. Retain drain downs in sealed s subsequent recycle. Always observe good personal washing hands after handling t drinking, and/or smoking. Rour protective equipment to remove taminated clothing and footweat Practice good housekeeping.	he hazards and control meas- es associated with this product. esting and maintenance of osure, e.g. personal protective lation. uipment break-in or mainten- torage pending disposal or hygiene measures, such as he material and before eating, tinely wash work clothing and e contaminants. Discard con-
Personal protective equipmer	nt	
Respiratory protection	 No respiratory protection is ord conditions of use. In accordance with good indust tions should be taken to avoid I If engineering controls do not n tions to a level which is adequa select respiratory protection eq cific conditions of use and mee Check with respiratory protective Where air-filtering respirators a priate combination of mask and Select a filter suitable for the co and vapours [Type A/Type P b 	trial hygiene practices, precau- breathing of material. naintain airborne concentra- ate to protect worker health, juipment suitable for the spe- ting relevant legislation. we equipment suppliers. are suitable, select an appro- d filter. ombination of organic gases

Hand protection Remarks

: Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of

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	gloves approved to relevant sta US: F739) made from the follow suitable chemical protection. P gloves Suitability and durability usage, e.g. frequency and dura sistance of glove material, dext glove suppliers. Contaminated Personal hygiene is a key elem Gloves must only be worn on c gloves, hands should be washe cation of a non-perfumed moist For continuous contact we reco through time of more than 240 480 minutes where suitable gloves short-term/splash protection we recognize that suitable gloves of may not be available and in this time maybe acceptable so long and replacement regimes are for a good predictor of glove resist dependent on the exact compo Glove thickness should be typic depending on the glove make a	wing materials may provide VC, neoprene or nitrile rubber of a glove is dependent on ation of contact, chemical re- cerity. Always seek advice from gloves should be replaced. The to feffective hand care. lean hands. After using ed and dried thoroughly. Appli- turizer is recommended. The preference for > to be can be identified. For the recommend the same, but offering this level of protection is case a lower breakthrough as appropriate maintenance ollowed. Glove thickness is no ance to a chemical as it is sistion of the glove material. cally greater than 0.35 mm
Eye protection	: If material is handled such that protective eyewear is recomme	
Skin and body protection	: Skin protection is not ordinarily work clothes. It is good practice to wear cher	
Protective measures	: Personal protective equipment mended national standards. Ch	
Environmental exposure of	controls	
General advice	: Take appropriate measures to vant environmental protection I of the environment by following necessary, prevent undissolved charged to waste water. Waste municipal or industrial waste wa discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission lin must be observed for the disch vapour.	egislation. Avoid contamination advice given in Chapter 6. If d material from being dis- water should be treated in a ater treatment plant before mits for volatile substances

Appearance	: Liquid at room temperature.
Colour	: amber
Odour	: Slight hydrocarbon
Odour Threshold	: Data not available

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Version 1.4 Revision Date: 10/06/2015 Print Date: 10/07/2015 pН : Not applicable : -30 °C / -22 °FMethod: ASTM D97 pour point Initial boiling point and boiling : > 280 °C / 536 °Festimated value(s) range : 218 °C / 424 °F Flash point Method: ASTM D93 (PMCC) Evaporation rate : Data not available Flammability (solid, gas) : Data not available Upper explosion limit : Typical 10 %(V) : Typical 1 %(V) Lower explosion limit Vapour pressure : < 0.5 Pa (20 °C / 68 °F) estimated value(s) Relative vapour density : > 1estimated value(s) Relative density : 0.886 (15 °C / 59 °F) Density : 886 kg/m3 (15.0 °C / 59.0 °F) Method: Unspecified Solubility(ies) Water solubility : negligible Solubility in other solvents : Data not available Partition coefficient: n-: Pow: > 6(based on information on similar products) octanol/water Auto-ignition temperature : > 320 °C / 608 °F Viscosity Viscosity, dynamic : Data not available : 63.8 mm2/s (40.0 °C / 104.0 °F) Viscosity, kinematic Method: ASTM D445 10.5 mm2/s (100 °C / 212 °F) Method: ASTM D445 Conductivity : This material is not expected to be a static accumulator.

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Decomposition temperature	: Data not available	

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	:	The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.
Chemical stability	:	Stable.
Possibility of hazardous reac- tions	:	Reacts with strong oxidising agents.
Conditions to avoid	:	Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
Incompatible materials	:	Strong oxidising agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form during normal storage.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	:	Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise,
		the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).

Information on likely routes of exposure

Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.

Acute toxicity

Produc	t:

Acute oral toxicity	: LD50 (rat): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:
Acute inhalation toxicity	: Remarks: Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal conditions of use.
Acute dermal toxicity	: LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating.

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Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a skin sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

: Remarks: Not considered a mutagenic hazard.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be carcinogenic.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies., Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

IARC	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.
ACGIH	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by ACGIH.
OSHA	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.
NTP	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.
Reproductive toxicity	
Product:	

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to impair fertility., Not expected to be a developmental toxicant.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

:

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

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Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not considered an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: Continuous contact with used engine oils has caused skin cancer in animal tests.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Product: Toxicity to fish (Acute toxic- ity) : Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Acute toxicity) : Toxicity to algae (Acute toxic- ity) : Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Toxicity to algae (Acute toxic- ity) : Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxic- ity) : Remarks: Data not available ity) : Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chron- ic toxicity) :	Basis for assessment	:	Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representa- tive of the product as a whole, rather than for individual com- ponent(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).
Toxicity to fish (Acute toxic- ity):Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/lToxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Acute toxicity):Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/lToxicity to algae (Acute toxic- ity):Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/lToxicity to fish (Chronic toxic- ity):Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/lToxicity to fish (Chronic toxic- ity):Remarks: Data not availableToxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chron-:Remarks: Data not available	Ecotoxicity		
aquatic invertebrates (Acute toxicity)Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/lToxicity to algae (Acute toxic- ity): Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/lToxicity to fish (Chronic toxic- ity): Remarks: Data not availableToxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chron-: Remarks: Data not available	Toxicity to fish (Acute toxic-	:	
ity) Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxic- ity) : Remarks: Data not available Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chron- : Remarks: Data not available	aquatic invertebrates (Acute	:	
ity) Toxicity to daphnia and other : Remarks: Data not available aquatic invertebrates (Chron-		:	
aquatic invertebrates (Chron-		:	Remarks: Data not available
lo toxicity)		:	Remarks: Data not available
Toxicity to bacteria (Acute : Remarks: Data not available toxicity)		:	Remarks: Data not available

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Persistence and degradabili	ity		
Product:			
Biodegradability	:	Remarks: Expected to be not rea Major constituents are expected ble, but contains components that ment.	to be inherently biodegrada-
Bioaccumulative potential			
Product:			
Bioaccumulation	:	Remarks: Contains components cumulate.	with the potential to bioac-
Mobility in soil			
Product:			
Mobility	:	Remarks: Liquid under most env If it enters soil, it will adsorb to so mobile.	
		Remarks: Floats on water.	
Other adverse effects			
no data available			
Product:			
Additional ecological informa- tion	:	Product is a mixture of non-volat expected to be released to air in Not expected to have ozone dep cal ozone creation potential or gl	any significant quantities. letion potential, photochemi
		Poorly soluble mixture. May cause physical fouling of aq	uatic organisms.
		Mineral oil is not expected to cau aquatic organisms at concentrati	

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods	
Waste from residues	: Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.
	Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or na- tional requirements and must be complied with.
Contaminated packaging	: Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably
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	to a recognized collector or cont the collector or contractor should Disposal should be in accordand national, and local laws and reg	d be established beforehand. ce with applicable regional,
	,	

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

National Regulations

US Department of Transportation Classification (49 CFR Parts 171-180)

Not regulated as a dangerous good

International Regulation

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Pollution category	: Not applicable
Ship type	: Not applicable
Product name	: Not applicable
Special precautions	: Not applicable

Special precautions for user

Remarks

- : Special Precautions: Refer to Chapter 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.
- Additional Information : MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

OSHA Hazards : No OSHA Hazards

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ., Shell classifies this material as an "oil" under the CERCLA Petroleum Exclusion, therefore releases to the environment are not reportable under CERCLA.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards	:	No SARA Hazards
SARA 302	:	No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

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SARA 313	: The following components are subject to reporting levels es- tablished by SARA Title III, Section 313:		
	Zinc alkyl dithiophosphate	68649-42-3 0.9563 %	
	Zinc dialkyl dithiophos- phate	68649-42-3 0.0954 %	
Clean Water Act			
This product does not contain Section 311, Table 117.3.	any Hazardous Chemicals listed	d under the U.S. CleanWater Act,	
California Prop 65	•	ain any chemicals known to State er, birth defects, or any other re-	
The components of this pro-	duct are reported in the follow	ving inventories:	
EINECS	: All components listed or po	lymer exempt.	
TSCA	: All components listed.		

: All components listed.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

DSL

NFPA Rating (Health, Fire, Reac- 0, 1, 0 tivity)

A vertical bar () in the left man Abbreviations and Acronyms	 in indicates an amendment from the previous version. The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this document can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific dictionaries) and/or websites. 	
	ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists ADR = European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road AICS = Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances	

AICS = Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
ASTM = American Society for Testing and Materials
BEL = Biological exposure limits
BTEX = Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylenes
CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service
CEFIC = European Chemical Industry Council
CLP = Classification Packaging and Labelling
COC = Cleveland Open-Cup
DIN = Deutsches Institut fur Normung
DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
DSL = Canada Domestic Substance List
EC = European Commission
EC50 = Effective Concentration fifty
ECETOC = European Center on Ecotoxicology and Toxicolo-

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	LL50 = Lethal Loading fifty MARPOL = International Conve Pollution From Ships NOEC/NOEL = No Observed E served Effect Level	A New Chemical Substances d New Chemical Substances ystem of Classification and or Research on Cancer bort Association in fifty Dangerous Goods ntory test method N° 346 for the matics DMSO-extractables als Inventory fty ent. ctive Loading/Inhibitory loading ention for the Prevention of Effect Concentration / No Ob- sure - High Production Volume ative and Toxic of Chemicals and Chemical oncentration ion And Authorisation Of International Carriage of Dan- mit hent Control Act e	
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This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.