According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Paper Machine Oil S2 M 320

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Print Date: 03/05/2019
1.0	03/04/2019	800010034092	Date of last issue: -

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name :	Shell Paper Machine Oil S2 M 320
----------------	----------------------------------

Product code : 001H2426

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Manufacturer/Supplier	: Shell Oil Products US PO Box 4427 Houston TX 77210-4427 USA
SDS Request Customer Service	: (+1) 877-276-7285 :

Emergency telephone number

Spill Information	:	877-504-9351
Health Information	:	877-242-7400

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200

Long-term (chronic) aquatic : Category 3 hazard

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms	: No symbol
Signal word	: No signal word
Hazard statements	 PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a health hazard under GHS criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	Prevention: P273 Avoid release to the environment.
	Response: No precautionary phrases.
	Storage: No precautionary phrases.
	Disposal: P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste posal plant.

dis-

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Paper Machine Oil S2 M 320

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Print Da
1.0	03/04/2019	800010034092	Date of

Print Date: 03/05/2019 Date of last issue: -

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis. Used oil may contain harmful impurities. Not classified as flammable but will burn. The classification of this material is based on OSHA HCS 2012 criteria.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical nature : Highly refined mineral oils and additives. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSOextract, according to IP346.

Hazardous components

Chemical name	Synonyms	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
2,6-di-tert-butyl phe-	2,6-di-tert-	128-39-2	0.1 - 0.3
nol	butylphenol		

SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

If inhaled	:	No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
In case of skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with wa- ter and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
In case of eye contact	:	Flush eye with copious quantities of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
If swallowed	:	In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	:	Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea.
Protection of first-aiders	:	When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.
Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	:	Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media :

: Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Paper Machine Oil S2 M 320

Version 1.0	Revision Date: 03/04/2019		DS Number: 0010034092	Print Date: 03/05/2019 Date of last issue: -	
Unsuit media	able extinguishing	:	Do not use water	in a jet.	
	Specific hazards during fire- fighting		Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.		
Specif ods	ic extinguishing meth-	:		measures that are appropriate to local cir- the surrounding environment.	
•	al protective equipment fighters	:	gloves are to be v large contact with Breathing Appara a confined space.	equipment including chemical resistant vorn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if spilled product is expected. Self-Contained tus must be worn when approaching a fire in Select fire fighter's clothing approved to Is (e.g. Europe: EN469).	

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec- tive equipment and emer- gency procedures	:	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Environmental precautions	:	Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contami- nation. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
		Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other suitable material and dispose of properly.
Additional advice	:	For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Safety Data Sheet. For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Chapter 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures		Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of
		vapours, mists or aerosols.
		Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk as-

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Paper Machine Oil S2 M 320

Versio 1.0	on Revision Date: 03/04/2019		DS Number: 0010034092	Print Date: 03/05/2019 Date of last issue: -	
				circumstances to help determine appropri- ife handling, storage and disposal of this	
Advice on safe handling		:	Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning mate- rials in order to prevent fires.		
ļ	Avoidance of contact	:	Strong oxidising a	igents.	
Product Transfer		:	Proper grounding and bonding procedures should be used during all bulk transfer operations to avoid static accumulation.		
Further information on stor- age stability		:	place.	htly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated led and closable containers.	
			Store at ambient	emperature.	
F	Packaging material	:	Suitable material: steel or high dens Unsuitable materi		
Container Advice		:		ainers should not be exposed to high tem- e of possible risk of distortion.	

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parame- ters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
Oil mist, mineral		TWA (Inhal-	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
		able fraction)		

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Paper Machine Oil S2 M 320

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Print Date: 03/05/2019
1.0	03/04/2019	800010034092	Date of last issue: -

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

Engineering measures :	The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.
	Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.
	 General Information: Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls. Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product. Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation. Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.
Personal protective equipmen	t
Respiratory protection :	No respiratory protection is ordinarily required under normal

	Respiratory protection	 No respiratory protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices, precautions should be taken to avoid breathing of material. If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter. Select a filter suitable for the combination of organic gases and vapours [Type A/Type P boiling point >65°C (149°F)].
--	------------------------	---

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Paper Machine Oil S2 M 320

ersion .0	Revision Date: 03/04/2019	SDS Number: 800010034092	Print Date: 03/05/2019 Date of last issue: -
Hand protection Remarks		gloves approve US: F739) mad suitable chemic gloves Suitabilit usage, e.g. freq sistance of glov glove suppliers. Personal hygier Gloves must on gloves, hands s cation of a non- For continuous through time of 480 minutes wh short-term/splas recognize that s may not be ava time maybe acc and replacemen a good predicto dependent on th Glove thickness	ntact with the product may occur the use of d to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, e from the following materials may provide cal protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber ty and durability of a glove is dependent on juency and duration of contact, chemical re- e material, dexterity. Always seek advice from Contaminated gloves should be replaced. ne is a key element of effective hand care. If be worn on clean hands. After using should be washed and dried thoroughly. Appli- perfumed moisturizer is recommended. contact we recommend gloves with break- more than 240 minutes with preference for > here suitable gloves can be identified. For sh protection we recommend the same, but suitable gloves offering this level of protection ilable and in this case a lower breakthrough ceptable so long as appropriate maintenance nt regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not r of glove resistance to a chemical as it is ne exact composition of the glove material. a should be typically greater than 0.35 mm and glove make and model.
Eye p	protection		ndled such that it could be splashed into eyes, rear is recommended.
Skin a	and body protection	work clothes.	is not ordinarily required beyond standard ce to wear chemical resistant gloves.
Prote	ctive measures		tive equipment (PPE) should meet recom- al standards. Check with PPE suppliers.
Therr	nal hazards	: Not applicable	
Envir	ronmental exposure	controls	
Gene	ral advice	vant environme of the environm necessary, prev charged to was municipal or inc discharge to su Local guidelines	te measures to fulfill the requirements of rele- ntal protection legislation. Avoid contamination ent by following advice given in Chapter 6. If yent undissolved material from being dis- te water. Waste water should be treated in a lustrial waste water treatment plant before rface water. s on emission limits for volatile substances ed for the discharge of exhaust air containing

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

- Appearance
- : Liquid at room temperature.

vapour.

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Paper Machine Oil S2 M 320

Vers 1.0	sion	Revision Date: 03/04/2019		S Number: 0010034092	Print Date: 03/05/2019 Date of last issue: -
	Colour		:	amber	
	Odour			Slight hydrocarbo	n
		Threshold	•	Data not available	
		Theshold	•		e
	рН	•	:	Not applicable	
	pour po	oint	:	-9 °C / 16 °F Method: ISO 301	6
	Initial bo range	oiling point and boiling	:	> 280 °C / 536 °F estimated value(s	
	Flash p	oint	:	250 °C / 482 °F	
				Method: ISO 259	2
	Evapora	ation rate	:	Data not available	e
	Flamma	ability (solid, gas)	:	Data not available	e
		explosion limit / upper bility limit	:	Typical 10 %(V)	
		explosion limit / Lower bility limit	:	Typical 1 %(V)	
	Vapour	pressure	:	< 0.5 Pa (20 °C /	68 °F)
				estimated value(s	5)
	Relative	e vapour density	:	> 1 estimated value(s	5)
	Relative	e density	:	0.9 (15.0 °C / 59.	0 °F)
	Density	,	:	900 kg/m3 (15.0 Method: ISO 121	°C / 59.0 °F) 85
	Solubili Wat	ty(ies) er solubility	:	negligible	
	Solu	bility in other solvents	:	Data not available	e
	Partition octanol	n coefficient: n- /water	:	log Pow: > 6 (based on inform	ation on similar products)
	Auto-ig	nition temperature	:	> 320 °C / 608 °F	-
	Decom Viscosit	position temperature ty	:	Data not availabl	e

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Paper Machine Oil S2 M 320

Versio 1.0	on Revision Date: 03/04/2019		S Number: 010034092	Print Date: 03/05/2019 Date of last issue: -
	Viscosity, dynamic	:	Data not availab	le
	Viscosity, kinematic	:	25 mm2/s (100 °	C / 212 °F)
			Method: ASTM [0445
			320 mm2/s (40.0) °C / 104.0 °F)
			Method: ASTM [0445
E	xplosive properties	:	Not classified	
С	Dxidizing properties	:	Data not availab	le
С	Conductivity	:	This material is r	not expected to be a static accumulator.

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	:	The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.
Chemical stability	:	Stable.
Possibility of hazardous reac- tions	:	Reacts with strong oxidising agents.
Conditions to avoid	:	Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
Incompatible materials	:	Strong oxidising agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	:	Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise,
		the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).

Information on likely routes of exposure

Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.

Acute toxicity

Product:		
Acute oral toxicity	 LD50 (rat): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not m 	et.
Acute inhalation toxicity	: Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	l

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Paper Machine Oil S2 M 320

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Print Date: 03/05/2019	
1.0	03/04/2019	800010034092	Date of last issue: -	
Aquita		· ID50 (Pabbit):	> 5,000 ma/ka	

 Acute dermal toxicity
 : LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

 Remarks: Low toxicity:
 Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to skin., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to the eye., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: Not a skin sensitiser. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

: Remarks: Non mutagenic, Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies., Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

IARC	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.
OSHA	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.
NTP	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Paper Machine Oil S2 M 320

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:
1.0	03/04/2019	800010034092

Print Date: 03/05/2019 Date of last issue: -

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Remarks: Not a developmental toxicant., Does not impair fertility., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

1

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

2

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	 Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representa- tive of the product as a whole, rather than for individual com- ponent(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).
Ecotoxicity	

Product:

Toxicity to fish (Acute toxici-

ty)

Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 10-100 mg/l

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Paper Machine Oil S2 M 320

Version 1.0	Revision Date: 03/04/2019		0S Number: 0010034092	Print Date: 03/05/2019 Date of last issue: -
			Harmful	
	icity to daphnia and other atic invertebrates (Acute city)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/II Harmful	L50 10-100 mg/l
Tox icity	icity to algae (Acute tox-)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/II Harmful	L50 10-100 mg/l
Toxi icity	icity to fish (Chronic tox-)	:	Remarks: Data no	ot available
aqua	icity to daphnia and other atic invertebrates (Chron- xicity)	:	Remarks: Data no	ot available
	icity to microorganisms ute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data no	ot available
Pers	sistence and degradabili	ity		
	<u>duct:</u> degradability	:	Major constituents	dily biodegradable. s are inherently biodegradable, but contains may persist in the environment.
Bio	accumulative potential			
Pro	duct:			
Bioa	accumulation	:	Remarks: Contair cumulate.	is components with the potential to bioac-
Mot	bility in soil			
Pro	duct:			
Mob	bility	:		Inder most environmental conditions. vill adsorb to soil particles and will not be
			Remarks: Floats of	on water.
Oth	er adverse effects			
	<u>duct:</u> itional ecological infor- ion	:	ozone creation po Product is a mixtu	one depletion potential, photochemical itential or global warming potential. ire of non-volatile components, which will not in any significant quantities under normal
			Poorly soluble mix	kture.

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Paper Machine Oil S2 M 320

Version 1.0	Revision Date: 03/04/2019	SDS Number: 800010034092	Print Date: 03/05/2019 Date of last issue: -
		Causes phys	ical fouling of aquatic organisms.
			es not cause chronic toxicity to aquatic organ- entrations less than 1 mg/l.
SECTION	13. DISPOSAL CONS	BIDERATIONS	
Dispo	osal methods		
Wast	e from residues	It is the respond toxicity and p determine the ods in compli	ecycle if possible. Insibility of the waste generator to determine the hysical properties of the material generated to proper waste classification and disposal meth- ance with applicable regulations. se into the environment, in drains or in water
		ground water	ct should not be allowed to contaminate soil or , or be disposed of into the environment. or used product is dangerous waste.
Conta	aminated packaging	to a recognize the collector o Disposal sho	cordance with prevailing regulations, preferably ed collector or contractor. The competence of or contractor should be established beforehand. uld be in accordance with applicable regional, local laws and regulations.
	l legislation		
Rema	arks		uld be in accordance with applicable regional, local laws and regulations.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

National Regulations

US Department of Transportation Classification (49 CFR Parts 171-180)

Not regulated as a dangerous good

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied. MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

Special precautions for user

Remarks

: Special Precautions: Refer to Chapter 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Paper Machine Oil S2 M 320

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:
1.0	03/04/2019	800010034092

Print Date: 03/05/2019 Date of last issue: -

needs to comply with in connection with transport.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act

*: This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ., Shell classifies this material as an "oil" under the CERCLA Petroleum Exclusion, therefore releases to the environment are not reportable under CERCLA.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards	:	No SARA Hazards
SARA 313	:	This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

Clean Water Act

This product does not contain any Hazardous Chemicals listed under the U.S. CleanWater Act, Section 311, Table 117.3.

US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know

Residual Oils (Petroleum) Solvent Dewaxed	64742-62-7
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	64742-65-0
Zinc dialkyldithiophosphate	28629-66-5
zinc bis(dinonylnaphthalenesulphonate)	28016-00-4
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	64742-65-0

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light, distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light, which is/are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

California List of Hazardous Substances

Residual Oils (Petroleum) Solvent Dewaxed	64742-62-7
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	64742-65-0

Other regulations:

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

EINECS	:	Not established.

TSCA	:	All components listed.

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Paper Machine Oil S2 M 320

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Print Date: 03/05/2019
1.0	03/04/2019	800010034092	Date of last issue: -

DSL

: All components listed.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

NFPA Rating (Health, Fire, Reac- 0, 1, 0 tivity)

Full text of other abbreviations

Full text of other appreviatio	ns	
ACGIH OSHA Z-1	:	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Lim- its for Air Contaminants
ACGIH / TWA	:	8-hour, time-weighted average
OSHA Z-1 / TWA	:	8-hour time weighted average
Abbreviations and Acronyms	:	The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this docu- ment can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific dictionaries) and/or websites.
		ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
		ADR = European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
		AICS = Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances ASTM = American Society for Testing and Materials
		BEL = Biological exposure limits
		BTEX = Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylenes
		CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service
		CEFIC = European Chemical Industry Council
		CLP = Classification Packaging and Labelling
		COC = Cleveland Open-Cup DIN = Deutsches Institut fur Normung
		DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
		DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
		DSL = Canada Domestic Substance List
		EC = European Commission
		EC50 = Effective Concentration fifty
		ECETOC = European Center on Ecotoxicology and Toxicolo- gy Of Chemicals
		ECHA = European Chemicals Agency
		EINECS = The European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
		EL50 = Effective Loading fifty
		ENCS = Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory
		EWC = European Waste Code
		GHS = Globally Harmonised System of Classification and
		Labelling of Chemicals IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer
		IATA = International Air Transport Association
		IC50 = Inhibitory Concentration fifty

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Paper Machine Oil S2 M 320

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Print Date: 03/05/2019	
1.0	03/04/2019	800010034092	Date of last issue: -	
		INV = Chinese IP346 = Institu determination of KECI = Korea LC50 = Lethal LD50 = Lethal LL/EL/IL = Leth LL50 = Lethal MARPOL = Int Pollution From NOEC/NOEL = served Effect L OE_HPV = Oc PBT = Persiste PICCS = Philip Substances PNEC = Predic REACH = Reg Chemicals RID = Regulati gerous Goods SKIN_DES = S STEL = Short t TRA = Targete TSCA = US To	Ational Maritime Dangerous Goods Chemicals Inventory Ite of Petroleum test method N° 346 for the of polycyclic aromatics DMSO-extractables Existing Chemicals Inventory Concentration fifty Dose fifty per cent. hal Loading/Effective Loading/Inhibitory loading Loading fifty ernational Convention for the Prevention of Ships = No Observed Effect Concentration / No Ob- evel cupational Exposure - High Production Volume ent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic pine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical cted No Effect Concentration istration Evaluation And Authorisation Of ons Relating to International Carriage of Dan-	-

A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet	:	The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).
Revision Date	:	03/04/2019

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other

materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

US / EN