According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

## Shell Tellus S4 ME 32

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SECTION	1. IDENTIFICATION		
Produ	uct name	: Shell Tellus S4	ME 32
Produ	uct code	: 001D7766	
Manu	facturer or supplier	's details	
Manu	facturer/Supplier	: Shell Oil Prod PO Box 4427 Houston TX 7 USA	
	SDS Request Customer Service		285
Spill I	gency telephone nu nformation h Information	imber : 877-504-9351 : 877-242-7400	
	mmended use of the mmended use	e chemical and restric : Hydraulic oil	ctions on use
Restr	ictions on use	and distribution in aviation hydr greases, and n other motor vel from releasing	ental Protection Agency prohibits processing of this chemical/product for any use other than raulic fluid in aircraft systems lubricants and ew or replacement parts for automobiles and nicles. In addition, all persons are prohibited PIP (3:1) to water during manufacturing, pro- ution in commerce, and commercial use of PIP

## GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Reproductive toxicity	:	Category 2
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard	:	Category 2

1

#### **GHS** label elements

Hazard pictograms



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Signa	ll word	: Warning	
Haza	rd statements	HEALTH HAZ H361 Suspec ENVIRONME	as a physical hazard under GHS criteria.
Preca	autionary statements	P273 Avoid re	special instructions before use. elease to the environment. rotective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ n.
		<b>Response:</b> P308 + P313 attention. P391 Collect	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/
		<b>Storage:</b> No precautio	nary phrases.
		Disposal:	e of contents/ container to an approved waste dis-
	rdous components whi ains Phenol, isopropyla		the label: [Triphenyl phosphate > 5%].
Othe	r hazards which do no	ot result in classific	cation

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Used oil may contain harmful impurities.

High-pressure injection under the skin may cause serious damage including local necrosis. Not classified as flammable but will burn.

The classification of this material is based on OSHA HCS 2012 criteria.

#### SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture

: Mixture

Chemical nature

: Blend of polyolefins and additives.

#### Hazardous components

Chemical name	Synonyms	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Phenol, isopropylat- ed, phosphate (3:1) [Triphenyl phosphate > 5%]	Phenol, iso- propylated, phosphate (3:1)	68937-41-7	0.25 - 0.9

#### SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

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In c	ase of skin contact	:	ter and follow by v	nated clothing. Flush exposed area with wa- vashing with soap if available. on occurs, obtain medical attention.
			under the skin car casualty should b for symptoms to c	pressure equipment, injection of product n occur. If high pressure injuries occur, the e sent immediately to a hospital. Do not wait evelop. tention even in the absence of apparent
In c	ase of eye contact	:	Remove contact l rinsing.	pious quantities of water. enses, if present and easy to do. Continue on occurs, obtain medical attention.
lf sv	vallowed	:		tment is necessary unless large quantities wever, get medical advice.
	t important symptoms effects, both acute and yed	:	of black pustules Ingestion may res Local necrosis is	signs and symptoms may include formation and spots on the skin of exposed areas. ult in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea. evidenced by delayed onset of pain and ew hours following injection.
Prot	ection of first-aiders	:		ng first aid, ensure that you are wearing the nal protective equipment according to the d surroundings.
med	cation of any immediate lical attention and special tment needed	:	Treat symptomati	cally.
			vention and possi age and loss of fu Because entry we ousness of the un determine the ext anaesthetics or he can contribute to s surgical decompre eign material show	ection injuries require prompt surgical inter- bly steroid therapy, to minimise tissue dam- nction. unds are small and do not reflect the seri- derlying damage, surgical exploration to ent of involvement may be necessary. Local of soaks should be avoided because they swelling, vasospasm and ischaemia. Prompt ession, debridement and evacuation of for- uld be performed under general anaesthet- oration is essential.

### SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon diox- ide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water in a jet.

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Speci fightin	fic hazards during fire- g	:	A complex mixtur gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide occurs.	ustion products may include: e of airborne solid and liquid particulates and e may be evolved if incomplete combustion nic and inorganic compounds.
Speci ods	fic extinguishing meth-	:	U U	measures that are appropriate to local cir- he surrounding environment.
	Special protective equipment for firefighters		gloves are to be v large contact with Breathing Appara a confined space.	equipment including chemical resistant vorn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if spilled product is expected. Self-Contained tus must be worn when approaching a fire in Select fire fighter's clothing approved to Is (e.g. Europe: EN469).

#### SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec- tive equipment and emer- gency procedures	:	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Environmental precautions	:	Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other suitable material and dispose of properly.
Additional advice	:	For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet. For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

#### SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures	:	Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.
Advice on safe handling	:	Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used.

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			Properly dispose rials in order to p	of any contaminated rags or cleaning mate- event fires.
Avoi	Avoidance of contact		Strong oxidising a	agents.
	Further information on stor- age stability		place.	ghtly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated
			Store at ambient	temperature.
Pack	aging material	:	Suitable material: steel or high dens Unsuitable mater	
Cont	ainer Advice	:		tainers should not be exposed to high tem- e of possible risk of distortion.

#### SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Components with workplace control parameters

#### **Biological occupational exposure limits**

No biological limit allocated.

#### Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

Engineering measures	:	The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.
		Where material is heated sprayed or mist formed there is

Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

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General Information: Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls. Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product. Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation. Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping. Personal protective equipment Respiratory protection • No respiratory protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices, precautions should be taken to avoid breathing of material. If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker health. select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter. Select a filter suitable for the combination of organic gases and vapours and particles [Type A/Type P boiling point >65°C (149°F)]. Hand protection Remarks Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using aloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended. For continuous contact we recommend gloves with breakthrough time of more than 240 minutes with preference for >

480 minutes where suitable gloves can be identified. For

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				recognize that sui may not be availa time maybe accept and replacement a good predictor of dependent on the Glove thickness s	protection we recommend the same but table gloves offering this level of protection ble and in this case a lower breakthrough otable so long as appropriate maintenance regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not of glove resistance to a chemical as it is exact composition of the glove material. hould be typically greater than 0.35 mm glove make and model.
	Eye pro	otection	:		lled such that it could be splashed into eyes, ar is recommended.
	Skin ar	nd body protection	:	work clothes.	not ordinarily required beyond standard to wear chemical resistant gloves.
	Protect	ive measures	:		ve equipment (PPE) should meet recom- standards. Check with PPE suppliers.
	Therma	al hazards	:	Not applicable	
Environmental exposure controls					
	Genera	al advice	:	vant environment of the environment necessary, prever charged to waste municipal or indus discharge to surfa Local guidelines of	measures to fulfill the requirements of rele- al protection legislation. Avoid contamination at by following advice given in Section 6. If at undissolved material from being dis- water. Waste water should be treated in a strial waste water treatment plant before ace water. on emission limits for volatile substances I for the discharge of exhaust air containing
SEC	TION 9	. PHYSICAL AND CHE	ЕМІС	CAL PROPERTIES	8
	Appear	ance	:	Liquid at room te	mperature.
	Colour		:	light brown	
	Odour		:	Slight hydrocarbo	on
	Odour <sup>·</sup>	Threshold	:	Data not availabl	е
l	рН		:	Not applicable	
I	pour po	bint	:	-54 °C / -65 °F Method: ISO 301	6
	Melting	/ freezing point		Data not availabl	e
	Initial b range	oiling point and boiling	:	> 280 °C / 536 °F estimated value(	

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Flas	h point	:	240 °C / 464 °F	
			Method: ISO 259	92
Eva	poration rate	:	Data not availab	le
Flam	nmability (solid, gas)	:	Data not availab	le
	er explosion limit / upper mability limit	:	Typical 10 %(V)	
	er explosion limit / Lower mability limit	:	Typical 1 %(V)	
Vapo	our pressure	:	< 0.5 Pa (20 °C /	′ 68 °F)
			estimated value(	s)
Rela	tive vapour density	:	> 1 estimated value(	s)
Rela	tive density	:	0.825 (15 °C / 59	∂°F)
Den	sity	:	825 kg/m3 (15.0 Method: ISO 12 <sup>-</sup>	
	bility(ies)		n o gli gib lo	
	Vater solubility	:	negligible	
	Solubility in other solvents			le
	ition coefficient: n- nol/water	:	log Pow: > 6 (based on inform	nation on similar products)
Auto	-ignition temperature	:	> 320 °C / 608 °l	=
Dec	omposition temperature	:	Data not availab	le
	osity /iscosity, dynamic	:	Data not availab	le
V	iscosity, kinematic	:	32 mm2/s (40.0	°C / 104.0 °F)
			Method: ASTM [	0445
			6 mm2/s (100 °C	C / 212 °F)
			Method: ASTM [	0445
Expl	osive properties	:	Not classified	
Oxid	lizing properties	:	Data not availab	le

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	Conduc	ctivity	:	This material is r	ot expected to be a static accumulator.
SEC	CTION 1	0. STABILITY AND RE	EAC	ΤΙνΙΤΥ	
	Reactiv	vity	:		s not pose any further reactivity hazards in listed in the following sub-paragraph.
	Chemical stability		:	Stable.	
	Possibi tions	ility of hazardous reac-	:	Reacts with stror	ng oxidising agents.
	Conditi	ons to avoid	:	Extremes of tem	perature and direct sunlight.
	Incomp	oatible materials	:	Strong oxidising	agents.
	Hazard produc	lous decomposition ts	:	No decompositio	n if stored and applied as directed.

#### SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	: Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise,
	the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.

#### Acute toxicity

Product:	
Acute oral toxicity	<ul> <li>LD50 (rat): &gt; 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.</li> </ul>
Acute inhalation toxicity	: Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Acute dermal toxicity	<ul> <li>LD50 (Rabbit): &gt; 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.</li> </ul>

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

#### Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to skin., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

#### Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to the eye., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

#### Product:

Remarks: Not a skin sensitiser. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

#### Product:

: Remarks: Non mutagenic, Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Carcinogenicity

#### Product:

Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

IARC	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.
OSHA	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.
NTP	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.
Reproductive toxicity	
Product:	
	Remarks: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

#### STOT - single exposure

#### Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### STOT - repeated exposure

#### Product:

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Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Aspiration toxicity

#### Product:

Not an aspiration hazard.

#### Further information

#### Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: High pressure injection of product into the skin may lead to local necrosis if the product is not surgically removed.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

#### SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	<ul> <li>Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product.</li> <li>Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products.</li> <li>Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representa- tive of the product as a whole, rather than for individual com- ponent(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).</li> </ul>

#### Ecotoxicity

#### Product:

Toxicity to fish (Acute toxici- ty)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 1-10 mg/l Toxic
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 1-10 mg/l Toxic
Toxicity to algae (Acute tox- icity)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 1-10 mg/l Toxic
Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox- icity)	:	Remarks: Data not available
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data not available

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		/ to microorganisms toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data no	ot available
	Components:				
	Pheno	l, isopropylated, pho	sph	ate (3:1) [Tripheny	/l phosphate > 5%]:
		or (Acute aquatic tox-			
	M-Fact toxicity	or (Chronic aquatic )	:	10	
	Persist	tence and degradabi	lity		
	Produc	<u>st:</u>			
	Biodeg	radability	:	Major constituent	dily biodegradable. s are inherently biodegradable, but contains may persist in the environment.
	Bioaccumulative potential				
	<u>Produc</u>	<u>st:</u>			
	Bioacc	umulation	:	Remarks: Contair cumulate.	ns components with the potential to bioac-
	Mobilit	y in soil			
	<u>Produc</u>	<u>st:</u>			
	Mobility	/	:		under most environmental conditions. will adsorb to soil particles and will not be
				Remarks: Floats	on water.
	Other a	adverse effects			
	<u>Produc</u>	<u>st:</u>			
	Addition mation	nal ecological infor-	:	ozone creation po Product is a mixtu	one depletion potential, photochemical otential or global warming potential. ure of non-volatile components, which will not in any significant quantities under normal
				Poorly soluble mi Causes physical f	xture. fouling of aquatic organisms.

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#### SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods	
Waste from residues :	Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal meth- ods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses
	Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste. Waste arising from a spillage or tank cleaning should be dis- posed of in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognised collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Do not dispose of tank water bottoms by allowing them to drain into the ground. This will result in soil and groundwater contamination.
	MARPOL - see International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (MARPOL 73/78) which provides tech- nical aspects at controlling pollutions from ships.
Contaminated packaging :	Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.
Local legislation Remarks	: Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.

#### **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### **National Regulations**

#### US Department of Transportation Classification (49 CFR Parts 171-180)

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### **International Regulations**

JN 3082
I.O.S.
Phenol, isopropylated phosphate (3:1) (Triphenyl phosphate 5%)

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Pac Lab	king group els	: III : 9	
UN	G-Code number	: UN 3082	
Prot	per shipping name	N.O.S.	NTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, ropylated phosphate (3:1) (Triphenyl phosphate
Clas	S	: 9	
Pac	king group	: 111	
Lab	els	: 9	
Mar	ine pollutant	: yes	

#### Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied. MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

#### Special precautions for user

Remarks

: Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

#### SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act

#### CERCLA Reportable Quantity

Components	CAS-No.	Component RQ	Calculated product RQ
		(lbs)	(lbs)
Naphthalene	91-20-3	100	*
*: Calculated RQ exceeds reasonably attainable upper limit., The components with RQs are given for information., Shell classifies this material as an "oil" under the CERCLA Petroleum Exclusion, therefore releases to the environment are not reportable under CERCLA.			
SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.			
SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity			
This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.			

SARA 311/312 Hazards	:	Reproductive toxicity

# SARA 313 : This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

#### **Clean Water Act**

	The following Hazardous Chemica	als are listed unde	r the U.S. CleanWater Act, S	ection 311, Table
U	117.3:			
	Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.0002 %	
ļ	The following Hazardous Chemica 117.3: Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.0002 %	

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#### **US State Regulations**

#### California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Naphthalene, which is/are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

#### Other regulations:

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

The Environmental Protection Agency prohibits processing and distribution of this chemical/product for any use other than in aviation hydraulic fluid in aircraft, lubricants and greases, and new or replacement parts for automobiles and other motor vehicles. In addition, all persons are prohibited from releasing PIP (3:1) to water during manufacturing, processing, distribution in commerce, and commercial use of PIP (3:1).

#### The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

EINECS	:	Not established.
TSCA	:	All components listed.
DSL	:	All components listed.

#### **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

#### **Further information**

NFPA Rating (Health, Fire, Reac- 0, 1, 0 tivity)

#### Full text of other abbreviations

Abbreviations and Acronyms	:	The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this docu- ment can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific dictionaries) and/or websites.
		ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
		ADR = European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
		AICS = Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances ASTM = American Society for Testing and Materials
		BEL = Biological exposure limits BTEX = Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylenes
		CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service
		CEFIC = European Chemical Industry Council
		CLP = Classification Packaging and Labelling COC = Cleveland Open-Cup
		DIN = Deutsches Institut für Normung
		DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
		DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
		DSL = Canada Domestic Substance List

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	ECETOC = Euro gy Of Chemicals ECHA = Europe EINECS = The Chemical Subst EL50 = Effective ENCS = Japane Inventory EWC = Europea GHS = Globally Labelling of Che IARC = Internati IC50 = Inhibitory IL50 = Inhibitory IMDG = Internati INV = Chinese O IP346 = Institut determination of KECI = Korea E LC50 = Lethal D LL/EL/IL = Lethal LL50 = Lethal D LL/EL/IL = Lethal LL50 = Lethal D DS0 = Lethal C DS0 = Lethal C DS0 = Lethal C EC50 = Lethal C DS0 = Lethal C EC50 = Lethal C DS0 = Lethal C EC50 = Lethal C BT = Persister PICCS = Philipp Substances PNEC = Predict REACH = Regis Chemicals RID = Regulatic gerous Goods b SKIN_DES = SI STEL = Short te TRA = Targeteo TSCA = US Toy TWA = Time-W	e Concentration fifty opean Center on Ecotoxicology and Toxicolo- s aan Chemicals Agency European Inventory of Existing Commercial cances e Loading fifty ase Existing and New Chemical Substances an Waste Code Harmonised System of Classification and emicals ional Agency for Research on Cancer onal Air Transport Association y Concentration fifty / Level fifty tional Maritime Dangerous Goods Chemicals Inventory e of Petroleum test method N° 346 for the f polycyclic aromatics DMSO-extractables Existing Chemicals Inventory Concentration fifty Dose fifty per cent. al Loading/Effective Loading/Inhibitory loading oading fifty emational Convention for the Prevention of Ships No Observed Effect Concentration / No Ob- evel upational Exposure - High Production Volume nt, Bioaccumulative and Toxic bine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical ted No Effect Concentration stration Evaluation And Authorisation Of ons Relating to International Carriage of Dan- oy Rail

A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version. Due to a change in detail in Section 15, this document has been released as a significant change.

Sources of key data used to : compile the Safety Data Sheet

The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

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: 03/04/2021

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