# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

Mystik® JT-4® ALL-IN-ONE 2-Cycle Outboard Engine Oil



# Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: Mystik® JT-4® ALL-IN-ONE 2-Cycle Outboard Engine Oil	
Synonyms	: Two cycle engine oil Engine oil	
Material uses	: Two cycle engine oil	
Code	: 663099002	
Supplier's details	: CITGO Petroleum Corporation P.O. Box 4689 Houston, TX 77210 sdsvend@citgo.com	
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: Technical Contact: (800) 248-4684 Medical Emergency: (832) 486-4700 CHEMTREC Emergency: (800) 424-9300	

(United States Only)

# Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	<ul> <li>This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).</li> </ul>
Classification of the substance or mixture	<ul> <li>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3</li> </ul>
GHS label elements	

Hazard pictograms



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Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Combustible liquid.</li> <li>Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
General	: Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Thoroughly wash exposed areas and clothing with soap and water. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. IF SWALLOWED: Do not induce vomiting. If you feel unwell, seek medical attention and show the label when possible. Keep out of reach of children.
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from flames and hot surfaces No smoking. Avoid release to the environment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Response	: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store in a dry place and/or in closed container. Store in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

# Section 2. Hazards identification

Disposal

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

### Hazards not otherwise classified

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

: None known.

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of identification	: Two cycle engine oil Engine oil

### CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number	: Not applicable.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	≥10 - <20	64742-47-8
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	≥10 - ≤25	64742-65-0
Residual oils (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed	≤3	64742-62-7
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	≤1.3	64742-94-5

\* = Various \*\* = Mixture \*\*\* = Proprietary

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to process variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necess	sary first aid measures
Eye contact	<ul> <li>Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Potential acute health eff	ects				
Eye contact	: Causes s	erious eye irritation.			
Inhalation	: No known	n significant effects or critic	al hazards.		
Skin contact	: Causes s	kin irritation.			
Ingestion	: No known	n significant effects or critic	al hazards.		
Over-exposure signs/syn	nptoms				
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# Section 4. First aid measures

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate med	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: Treat symptomatically and supportively.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

### See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces. SMALL FIRE: Steam, CO <sub>2</sub> , dry chemical or inert gas (e.g., nitrogen). LARGE FIRE: Use foam, water fog or water spray. Water fog and spray are effective in cooling containers and adjacent structures. However, water can cause frothing and/or may not extinguish the fire. Water can be used to cool the external walls of vessels to prevent excessive pressure, ignition or explosion.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Combustible liquid. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, p	rotective equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

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# Section 6. Accidental release measures

For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
Methods and materials for co	nt	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	contact the env ventilati adequa from a from he electrica	appropriate persona with eyes, skin and ironment. Use only on is inadequate. D tely ventilated. Kee compatible material, at, sparks, open flar al (ventilating, lightin Empty containers ret er.	clothing. Aver with adequat o not enter s o in the origin kept tightly of ne or any oth g and materi	old breathing va e ventilation. V torage areas an al container or closed when no her ignition soun al handling) eq	apor or mist. Ave Vear appropriate nd confined space an approved alte t in use. Store a rce. Use explosi uipment. Use or	bid release to respirator w ces unless ernative mac nd use away on-proof nly non-spark	o vhen de v king
Advice on general occupational hygiene	handled drinking	drinking and smokir I, stored and proces I and smoking. Ren I eating areas. See es.	sed. Worker	s should wash	hands and face and protective e	before eating quipment be	
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in area, av all igniti and sea reseale Use ap	accordance with low original container p way from incompatite on sources. Separa aled until ready for us d and kept upright to propriate containme atible materials befor	rotected from le materials te from oxidi se. Containe prevent leal nt to avoid er	n direct sunlight (see Section 10 zing materials. ers that have be kage. Do not s nvironmental co	t in a dry, cool ar )) and food and ( Keep container een opened must tore in unlabeled	id well-ventil drink. Elimin tightly close be carefully containers.	ated nate d
	regulati tanks o	orage Conditions: ons. Use necessary n a periodic basis. tic leak detection de	controls to r est tanks an	monitor tank inv id associated p	ventories. Inspection Inspectina Inspectina Inspectina Inspectina Inspectina Inspectina	ct all storage	
	the flam meet O the des	spaces in tanks and mable range. Vapo SHA requirements a ign and control of ha ble and combustible	r may be ign ind applicable izards associ	ited by static di e fire codes. A iated with the h	scharge. Storag dditional informa andling and stora	e area must tion regardir age of	t
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# Section 7. Handling and storage

documents including, but not limited to, the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) publications NFPA 30 ("Flammable and Combustible Liquid Code"), NFPA 77 ("Recommended Practice on Static Electricity") and the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, ("Protection Against Ignitions Arising Out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents").

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Control parameters Occupational exposure limits** Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours. Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours. Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: Mist Residual oils (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed ACGIH TLV (United States, 6/2013). TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction NIOSH REL (United States, 4/2013). TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours. Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: Mist OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. **Appropriate engineering** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any controls recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure **Environmental exposure** they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some controls cases, vapor controls, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures
 Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
 Eye/face protection
 Safety glasses equipped with side shields are recommended as minimum protection in industrial settings. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk

assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

### Skin protection

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hand protection	: Avoid skin contact with liquid. Chemical-resistant gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. Leather gloves are not protective for liquid contact.
Body protection	<ul> <li>Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Other skin protection	: Avoid skin contact with liquid. Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Leather boots are not protective for liquid contact.
Respiratory protection	: Avoid inhalation of gases, vapors, mists or dusts. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or supplied-air respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	iquid.	
Color	Purple.	
Odor	/lild petroleum odor	
рН	lot available.	
Boiling point	lot available.	
Flash point	Closed cup: 80°C (176°F) [Pensky-Martens (ASTM D-93)] Dpen cup: 90°C (194°F) [Cleveland.]	
Evaporation rate	1 (n-butyl acetate. = 1)	
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	lot available.	
Vapor pressure	0.013 kPa (<0.1 mm Hg) [room temperature]	
Vapor density	1 [Air = 1]	
Relative density	.897	
Density lbs/gal	7.47 lbs/gal	
Density gm/cm <sup>3</sup>	lot available.	
Gravity, °API	6.25 @ 60 F	
Solubility	nsoluble in the following materials: cold water.	
Flow time (ISO 2431)	lot available.	
Viscosity	(inematic (40°C (104°F)): 0.62 cm²/s (62 cSt)	
Viscosity SUS	Estimated 287 SUS @104 F	

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity		Not expected to be Explosive, Self-Reactive, Self-Heating, or an Organic Peroxide under US GHS Definition(s).
Chemical stability	:	The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

	ler normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should be produced.
•	active or incompatible with the following materials: lizing materials
bra	id all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, ze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not w vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects Acute toxicity

Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
LDLo Oral	Rat	5 mL/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal Rabbit LD50 Oral LD50 Dermal Rat Rabbit LD50 Oral Rat	LD50 DermalRabbit>2000 mg/kgLD50 OralRat>5000 mg/kgLD50 DermalRabbit>5000 mg/kgLD50 OralRat>5000 mg/kg

from highly refined oils are reported to have low acute and sub-acute toxicities in animals. Effects from single and short-term repeated exposures to high concentrations of mineral oil mists well above applicable workplace exposure levels include lung inflammatory reaction, lipoid granuloma formation and lipoid pneumonia. In acute and sub-acute studies involving exposures to lower concentrations of mineral oil mists at or near current work place exposure levels produced no significant toxicological effects.

### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result		Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	Skin - Mild i	rritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 UI	-
Skin	: No addition	nal information.				
Eyes	: No addition	nal information.				
Respiratory	: No addition	nal information.				
<u>Sensitization</u>						
Not available.						
Skin	: No addition	nal information.				
Respiratory	: No additio	nal information.				
<u>Mutagenicity</u>						
Not available.						
Conclusion/Summary	: No additio	nal information.				
Carcinogenicity						
Not available.						
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: No addition	nal information.				
Reproductive toxicity						
Not available.						
Conclusion/Summary	: No addition	nal information.				
Teratogenicity						
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# Section 11. Toxicological information

### Not available.

### **Conclusion/Summary** : No additional information.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

### **Aspiration hazard**

Name			Result			
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.			ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1			
Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Routes of entry antic	cipated: Dermal,	nhalation.			
Potential acute health effec	<u>ts</u>					
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye	irritation.				
Inhalation	: No known significant	t effects or critica	l hazards.			
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritatior	ו.				
Ingestion	: No known significant	t effects or critica	l hazards.			
Symptoms related to the ph	ysical, chemical and to	<u>kicological char</u>	acteristics			
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms r pain or irritation watering redness	may include the f	ollowing:			
Inhalation	: No specific data.					
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms r irritation redness	may include the f	ollowing:			
Ingestion	: No specific data.					
Delayed and immediate effe	cts and also chronic eff	ects from short	and long term exp	<u>oosure</u>		
Short term exposure						
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.					
Potential delayed effects Long term exposure	: Not available.					
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.					
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.					
Potential chronic health ef	<u>fects</u>					
Not available.						
General	: No known significant	t effects or critica	l hazards.			
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant	t effects or critica	l hazards.			
Mutagenicity	: No known significant	t effects or critica	l hazards.			
Teratogenicity	: No known significant	t effects or critica	l hazards.			
Developmental effects	: No known significant	t effects or critica	l hazards.			
Fertility effects	: No known significant					
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# Section 11. Toxicological information

# Section 12. Ecological information

### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Acute LC50 2200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	4 days
, ,	Acute LC50 2600 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 2900 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	4 days 96 hours
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.		

### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	2.8 to 6.5	99 to 5780	high

### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

### Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
RCRA classification	: D018

# Section 14. Transport information

# Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	NA1993	NA1993	NA1993
UN proper shipping name	Combustible liquid, n.o.s. (contains Petroleum Distillates) (Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light, Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.)	Combustible liquid, n.o.s. (contains Petroleum Distillates) (Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light, Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.)	Combustible liquid, n.o.s. (contains Petroleum Distillates) (Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light, Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.)
Transport hazard class(es)	Combustible liquid.	3	3
Packing group	Ш	111	111
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

**Oil:** The product(s) represented by this SDS is (are) regulated as "oil" under 49 CFR Part 130. Shipments by rail or highway in packaging having a capacity of 3500 gallons or more or in a quantity greater 42,000 gallons are subject to these requirements. In addition, mixtures containing 10% or more of this product may be subject to these requirements.

# Additional information DOT Classification : Non-bulk packages (less than or equal to 119 gal) of combustible liquids are not regulated as hazardous materials. Non-bulk packages (less than or equal to 119 gal) of combustible liquids are not regulated as hazardous materials. TDG Classification : Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3). Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code : Not available.

# Section 15. Regulatory information

	Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: benzene; naphthalene; toluene; ethylbenzene
	oldan match Act (offA) off. Benzene, haphthalene, toldene, ethylbenzene
	Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: benzene; naphthalene; toluene; ethylbenzene
	This material is classified as an oil under Section 311 of the Clean Water Act (CWA) and the Oil Pollution Act of 1990 (OPA). Discharges or spills which produce a visible sheen on waters of the United States, their adjoining shorelines, or into conduits leading to surface waters must be reported to the EPA's National Response Center at (800) 424-8802.
SARA 302/304	
Composition/information	<u>i on ingredients</u>
SARA 304 RQ	: Not applicable.
<u>SARA 311/312</u>	

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# Section 15. Regulatory information

### Classification

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	Classification
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	≥10 - <20	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	≤1.3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

### **State regulations**

Massachusetts	: None of the components are listed.
New York	: None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	: The following components are listed: Alkarylamine
Pennsylvania	: None of the components are listed.

### California Prop. 65 Clear and Reasonable Warnings (2018)

▲ WARNING: This product can expose you to Benzene, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. This product can expose you to chemicals including Ethylbenzene, Naphthalene, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Toluene, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca. gov.

Ingredient name	%	Cancer	Reproductive	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
benzene	<0.001	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.
toluene	<0.0001	No.	Yes.	-	Yes.
ethylbenzene	<0.0001	Yes.	No.	Yes.	-
naphthalene	<0.1	Yes.	No.	Yes.	-

### International regulations

### **Inventory list**

United States	: All components are listed or exempted.	
Australia	: Not determined.	
Canada	: All components are listed or exempted.	
China	: Not determined.	
Europe	: Not determined.	
Japan	: Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.	
Malaysia	: Not determined.	
New Zealand	: Not determined.	
Philippines	: Not determined.	
Republic of Korea	: Not determined.	
Taiwan	: Not determined.	
Thailand	: Not determined.	
Turkey	: Not determined.	
Viet Nam	: Not determined.	

# Section 16. Other information

### National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Reprinted with permission from NFPA 704-2001, Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response Copyright ©1997, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This reprinted material is not the complete and official position of the National Fire Protection Association, on the referenced subject which is represented only by the standard in its entirety.

Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification			Justification	
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3		On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method		
History		,		
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Date of previous issue	:	4/26/2018		
Version	:	3		
Key to abbreviations	:	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations		
References	:	Not available.		
Indicates information th	at ha	s changed from previously issued version.		

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# Section 16. Other information

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