According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Advance 4T Ultra 15W-50 (SN/MA2)

| Version | Revision Date: | SDS Number: | Print Date: 09/16/2020 |
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SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

: Advance 4T Ultra 15W-50 (SN/MA2) Product name

Product code : 001F4000

Manufacturer or supplier's details

| Manufacturer/Supplier | : Shell Oil Products US PO Box 4427 Houston TX 77210-4427 |
|-----------------------|---|
| SDS Request | USA : (+1) 877-276-7285 |
| Customer Service | : |

Emergency telephone number

| Spill Information | : | 877-504-9351 |
|--------------------|---|--------------|
| Health Information | : | 877-242-7400 |

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use Recommended use

: Engine oil.

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Based on available data this substance / mixture does not meet the classification criteria.

| GHS label elements | | |
|--------------------------|---|---|
| Hazard pictograms | : | No Hazard Symbol required |
| Signal word | : | No signal word |
| Hazard statements | : | PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a health hazard under GHS criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria. |
| Precautionary statements | : | Prevention: No precautionary phrases. Response: No precautionary phrases. |
| | | Storage: No precautionary phrases. |

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Disposal:

No precautionary phrases.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Used oil may contain harmful impurities.

Not classified as flammable but will burn.

The classification of this material is based on OSHA HCS 2012 criteria.

Under normal conditions of use or in a foreseeable emergency, this product does not meet the definition of a hazardous chemical when evaluated according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

| Substance / Mixture | : Mixture |
|---------------------|---|
| Chemical nature | Synthetic base oil and additives. Highly refined mineral oil. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO- extract, according to IP346. The highly refined mineral oil is only present as additive dilu- ent. |
| | |

Hazardous components

| Chemical name | Synonyms | CAS-No. | Concentration (% w/w) |
|---------------|-----------------|------------|-----------------------|
| Alkaryl amine | bis(nonylphenyl | 36878-20-3 | 1 - 3 |
| |)amine | | |
| Alkylphenol | dodecylphenol | 27193-86-8 | 0.1 - 0.3 |

SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

| If inhaled | reatment necessary mptoms persist, obta | under normal conditions of use. ain medical advice. |
|---|---|---|
| In case of skin contact | and follow by washin | clothing. Flush exposed area with wa- g with soap if available. curs, obtain medical attention. |
| In case of eye contact | ng. | quantities of water. if present and easy to do. Continue curs, obtain medical attention. |
| If swallowed | | is necessary unless large quantities , get medical advice. |
| Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed | lack pustules and sp | and symptoms may include formation ots on the skin of exposed areas. hausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea. |

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| Pr | rotection of first-aiders | : | appropriate pers | ring first aid, ensure that you are wearing the onal protective equipment according to the nd surroundings. |
| Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed | | : | Treat symptoma | tically. |

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

| Suitable extinguishing media | : | Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon diox- ide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only. |
|---|---|---|
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : | Do not use water in a jet. |
| Specific hazards during fire- fighting | : | Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds. |
| Specific extinguishing meth- ods | : | Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir- cumstances and the surrounding environment. |
| Special protective equipment for firefighters | : | Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469). |

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

| Personal precautions, protec- tive equipment and emer- gency procedures | : | Avoid contact with skin and eyes. |
|---|---|--|
| Environmental precautions | : | Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contami- nation. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. |
| Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up | : | Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other suitable material and dispose of properly. |

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| | | | |
| ۸ddit | ional advice | · For guideneo a | n collection of normanal protoctive acuinman |

Additional advice : For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet. For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

| Technical measures | : | Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk as- sessment of local circumstances to help determine appropri- ate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material. |
|---|---|---|
| Advice on safe handling | : | Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning mate- rials in order to prevent fires. |
| Avoidance of contact | : | Strong oxidising agents. |
| Product Transfer | : | Proper grounding and bonding procedures should be used during all bulk transfer operations to avoid static accumulation. |
| Further information on stor- age stability | : | Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labeled and closable containers. |
| | | Store at ambient temperature. |
| Packaging material | : | Suitable material: For containers or container linings, use mild steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC. |
| Container Advice | : | Polyethylene containers should not be exposed to high tem- peratures because of possible risk of distortion. |

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

| Components | CAS-No. | Value type | Control parame- | Basis |
|-------------------|--------------|---------------|--------------------|----------|
| | | (Form of | ters / Permissible | |
| | | exposure) | concentration | |
| Oil mist, mineral | Not Assigned | TWA (Mist) | 5 mg/m3 | OSHA Z-1 |
| Oil mist, mineral | | TWA (Inhal- | 5 mg/m3 | ACGIH |
| | | able particu- | - | |
| | | late matter) | | |

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Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

1

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

Engineering measures

The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include:

Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.

Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

General Information:

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

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| | | | |

Personal protective equipment

| Respiratory protection | : | No respiratory protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices, precautions should be taken to avoid breathing of material. If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter. Select a filter suitable for the combination of organic gases and vapours and particles [Type A/Type P boiling point >65°C (149°F)]. |
|----------------------------|---|--|
| Hand protection Remarks | : | Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended. For continuous contact we recommend gloves with break-through time of more than 240 minutes with preference for > 480 minutes where suitable gloves can be identified. For short-term/splash protection we recommend the same but recognize that suitable gloves offering this level of protection may not be available and in this case a lower breakthrough time maybe acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not a good predictor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Glove thickness should be typically greater than 0.35 mm depending on the glove make and model. |
| Eye protection | : | If material is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes, protective eyewear is recommended. |
| Skin and body protection | : | Skin protection is not ordinarily required beyond standard work clothes. It is good practice to wear chemical resistant gloves. |
| Protective measures | : | Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recom- mended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers. |
| Thermal hazards | : | Not applicable |

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Environmental exposure controls

General advice : Take appropriate measures to fulfill the requirements of relevant environmental protection legislation. Avoid contamination of the environment by following advice given in Section 6. If necessary, prevent undissolved material from being discharged to waste water. Waste water should be treated in a municipal or industrial waste water treatment plant before discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing vapour.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

| Appearance | : | liquid |
|---|---|---|
| Colour | : | amber |
| Odour Threshold | : | Data not available |
| рН | : | Not applicable |
| pour point | : | -30 °C / -22 °F Method: ISO 3016 |
| Melting / freezing point | | Data not available |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range | : | > 280 °C / 536 °F estimated value(s) |
| Flash point | : | 235 °C / 455 °F |
| | | Method: EN ISO 2592 |
| Evaporation rate | : | Data not available |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | : | Data not available |
| Upper explosion limit / upper flammability limit | : | Typical 10 %(V) |
| Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit | : | Typical 1 %(V) |
| Vapour pressure | : | < 0.5 Pa (20 °C / 68 °F) |
| | | estimated value(s) |
| Relative vapour density | : | > 1 estimated value(s) |
| Relative density | : | 0.867 (15 °C / 59 °F) |
| | | |

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| | Density | , | : | 867 kg/m3 (15.0 Method: ASTM D | |
| | Solubili Wat | ty(ies) er solubility | : | negligible | |
| | Solu | bility in other solvents | : | Data not availabl | e |
| | Partitio octanol | n coefficient: n- /water | : | log Pow: > 6 (based on inform | ation on similar products) |
| | Auto-ig | nition temperature | : | > 320 °C / 608 °F | - |
| | Decom | position temperature | : | Data not availabl | e |
| | Viscosi Visc | ty cosity, dynamic | : | Data not availabl | e |
| | Visc | osity, kinematic | : | 149 mm2/s (40 ° | C / 104 °F) |
| | | | | Method: ASTM D | 0445 |
| | | | | 20.5 mm2/s (100 | °C / 212 °F) |
| | | | | Method: ASTM D | 0445 |
| | Explosi | ve properties | : | Not classified | |
| | Oxidiziı | ng properties | : | Data not availabl | e |
| | Conduc | ctivity | : | This material is n | ot expected to be a static accumulator. |

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

| Reactivity | : | The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph. |
|---|---|--|
| Chemical stability | : | Stable. |
| Possibility of hazardous reac- tions | : | Reacts with strong oxidising agents. |
| Conditions to avoid | : | Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight. |
| Incompatible materials | : | Strong oxidising agents. |
| Hazardous decomposition products | : | No decomposition if stored and applied as directed. |

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

| Basis for a | ssessment |
|-------------|-----------|
|-------------|-----------|

: Information given is based on data on the components and

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the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).

Information on likely routes of exposure

Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.

Acute toxicity

| Product: | |
|---------------------------|--|
| Acute oral toxicity | LD50 (rat): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
| Acute inhalation toxicity | : Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
| Acute dermal toxicity | LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to skin., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to the eye., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: Not a skin sensitiser. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

: Remarks: Non mutagenic, Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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| | | | | |
| IARC | | | is product present at levels greater than or entified as probable, possible or confirmed by IARC. | |
| ACGIH | | No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by ACGIH. | | |
| OSHA | N | No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens. | | |
| NTP | | No component of this product present at levels greater th equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated card by NTP. | | |
| Repro | ductive toxicity | | | |
| <u>Produ</u> | <u>ct:</u> | : | | |

Remarks: Not a developmental toxicant., Does not impair fertility., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: Continuous contact with used engine oils has caused skin cancer in animal tests.

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Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

| Basis for assessment | : | Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representa- tive of the product as a whole, rather than for individual com- ponent(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract). |
|---|---|---|
| Ecotoxicity | | |
| Product: Toxicity to fish (Acute toxici- ty) | : | Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
| Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Acute toxicity) | : | Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
| Toxicity to algae (Acute tox- icity) | : | Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
| Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox- icity) | : | Remarks: Data not available |
| Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chron- ic toxicity) | : | Remarks: Data not available |
| Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity) | : | Remarks: Data not available |
| Components: | | |
| Alkylphenol: M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox- icity) | : | 10 |
| M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity) | : | 10 |

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|---------------|--|---|--|---|--|
| F | Persistence and degradabil | lity | | | |
| F | Product: | | | | |
| E | Biodegradability | | Remarks: Not readily biodegradable. Major constituents are inherently biodegradable, but contains components that may persist in the environment. | | |
| E | Bioaccumulative potential | | | | |
| <u>F</u> | Product: | | | | |
| E | Bioaccumulation | : | Remarks: Contair cumulate. | is components with the potential to bioac- | |
| R | Mobility in soil | | | | |
| Ē | Product: | | | | |
| N | Aobility | Remarks: Liquid under most environmental conditions If it enters soil, it will adsorb to soil particles and will no mobile. | | | |
| | | | Remarks: Floats | on water. | |
| c | Other adverse effects | | | | |
| F | Product: | | | | |
| A | Additional ecological infor- nation | : | ozone creation po Product is a mixtu be released to air conditions of use. | one depletion potential, photochemical otential or global warming potential. Ire of non-volatile components, which will not in any significant quantities under normal | |
| | | | Poorly soluble mized and the contract of the c | couling of aquatic organisms. | |

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

| Disposal methods | |
|------------------------|---|
| Waste from residues | Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses |
| | Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste. |
| Contaminated packaging | : Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of |

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| Disposal | | Disposal should | contractor should be established beforehand. d be in accordance with applicable regional, cal laws and regulations. |
| Local Rema | legislation urks | • | d be in accordance with applicable regional, cal laws and regulations. |

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

National Regulations

US Department of Transportation Classification (49 CFR Parts 171-180)

Not regulated as a dangerous good

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied. MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

Special precautions for user

Remarks

: Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

| Components | CAS-No. | Component RQ | Calculated product RQ |
|------------|----------|--------------|-----------------------|
| | | (lbs) | (lbs) |
| Ethanediol | 107-21-1 | 5000 | * |

*: Calculated RQ exceeds reasonably attainable upper limit., Shell classifies this material as an "oil" under the CERCLA Petroleum Exclusion, therefore releases to the environment are not reportable under CERCLA., The components with RQs are given for information.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

| Components | CAS-No. | Component TPQ (lbs) |
|------------|---------|---------------------|

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SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

| SARA 311/312 Hazards | : No SARA Hazards |
|----------------------|--|
| SARA 313 | : This material does not contain any chemical components wit known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313. |

Clean Water Act

This product does not contain any Hazardous Chemicals listed under the U.S. CleanWater Act, Section 311, Table 117.3.

US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know

| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic | 64742-54-7 |
|---|------------|
| Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil- | 72623-87-1 |
| based | |
| Ethanediol | 107-21-1 |

California Prop. 65

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

Other regulations:

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

| EINECS | : | Notified with Restrictions. |
|--------|---|-----------------------------|
| TSCA | : | All components listed. |
| DSL | : | All components listed. |

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

NFPA Rating (Health, Fire, Reac- 0, 1, 0 tivity)

Full text of other abbreviations

| ACGIH | : | USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) |
|----------------|---|---|
| OSHA Z-1 | : | USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Lim- |
| | | its for Air Contaminants |
| ACGIH / TWA | : | 8-hour, time-weighted average |
| OSHA Z-1 / TWA | : | 8-hour time weighted average |

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|----------------------------|------------------------------|---|---|
| Abbreviations and Acronyms | | | bbreviations and acronyms used in this docu- oked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific id/or websites. |
| | | ACGIH = Ameri Hygienists ADR = Europea Carriage of Dari AICS = Australi ASTM = Americ BEL = Biologica BTEX = Benze CAS = Chemica CEFIC = Europe CLP = Classific COC = Clevela DIN = Deutsche DMEL = Derive DNEL = Derive DNEL = Derive DSL = Canada EC = Europear EC50 = Effectiv ECETOC = Europe GHS = Globally Labelling of Ch IARC = Internat IC50 = Inhibitor IL50 = Inhibitor IL50 = Inhibitor IMDG = Internat INV = Chinese IP346 = Institu determination of KECI = Korea B LC50 = Lethal L LJ50 = Lethal L MARPOL = Inter NOEC/NOEL = served Effect L OE_HPV = Occ PBT = Persiste PICCS = Philip Substances | ican Conference of Governmental Industrial an Agreement concerning the International negrous Goods by Road ian Inventory of Chemical Substances can Society for Testing and Materials al exposure limits one, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylenes al Abstracts Service bean Chemical Industry Council cation Packaging and Labelling nd Open-Cup es Institut fur Normung ed Minimal Effect Level d No Effect Level Domestic Substance List n Commission ve Concentration fifty ropean Center on Ecotoxicology and Toxicolo- ls ean Chemicals Agency European Inventory of Existing Commercial tances re Loading fifty ese Existing and New Chemical Substances an Waste Code / Harmonised System of Classification and emicals tional Agency for Research on Cancer tional Agency for Research on Cancer tional Air Transport Association ry Concentration fifty y Level fifty ational Maritime Dangerous Goods Chemicals Inventory te of Petroleum test method N° 346 for the of polycyclic aromatics DMSO-extractables Existing Chemicals Inventory Concentration fifty Dose fifty per cent. Ial Loading/Effective Loading/Inhibitory loading .oading fifty ernational Convention for the Prevention of Ships No Observed Effect Concentration / No Ob- |

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Advance 4T Ultra 15W-50 (SN/MA2)

| Version | Revision Date: | SDS Number: | Print Date: 09/16/2020 | |
|---------|----------------|--------------|--------------------------------|--|
| 1.4 | 09/14/2020 | 800010016752 | Date of last issue: 02/21/2018 | |
| | | | | |

REACH = Registration Evaluation And Authorisation Of Chemicals RID = Regulations Relating to International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail SKIN_DES = Skin Designation STEL = Short term exposure limit TRA = Targeted Risk Assessment TSCA = US Toxic Substances Control Act TWA = Time-Weighted Average vPvB = very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.

| Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet | : | The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc). |
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Revision Date : 09/14/2020

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