According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell EcoSafe EHC S3 DU 68

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SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

: Shell EcoSafe EHC S3 DU 68 Product name

Product code : 00115456

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Manufacturer/Supplier	: Shell Oil Products US PO Box 4427 Houston TX 77210-4427 USA
SDS Request	: (+1) 877-276-7285
Customer Service	:

Emergency telephone number

Spill Information	:	877-504-9351
Health Information	:	877-242-7400

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

: Fire-resistant hydraulic fluid. Recommended use

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)				
Skin sensitisation	:	Category 1		
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Oral)	:	Category 2		
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard	:	Category 3		
GHS label elements Hazard pictograms	:			
Signal word	:	Warning		
Hazard statements	:	PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or re- peated exposure.		

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ts.
rs/ spray. eye protection/
ter and soap. nedical advice/
d waata dia
ed waste dis-
skin result- crosis. als.
sl

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Chemical nature : Blend of polyalkylene glycol and additives.

Hazardous components

Chemical name	Synonyms	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Phenothiazine	phenothiazine	92-84-2	1 - 2.49
Oxazoline derivative	4-ethyl-2-(8- heptadecenyl)- 2-oxazoline-4- methanol	68140-98-7	0.1 - 0.99

SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

 If inhaled
 : No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.

 In case of skin contact
 : Remove contaminated clothing. Immediately flush skin with

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		washing with pain and/or b	s of water for at least 15 minutes, and follow by soap and water if available. If redness, swelling, listers occur, transport to the nearest medical litional treatment.
		under the ski casualty shou for symptoms	high pressure equipment, injection of product in can occur. If high pressure injuries occur, the ald be sent immediately to a hospital. Do not wait to develop. al attention even in the absence of apparent
In c	ase of eye contact	Remove cont rinsing.	h copious quantities of water. act lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue ritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
If sv	vallowed		treatment is necessary unless large quantities d, however, get medical advice.
and	st important symptoms effects, both acute and ayed	may include i Oil acne/follic of black pust Ingestion ma Local necrosi tissue damag Damage to b fatigue and a	ation (allergic skin reaction) signs and symptoms tching and/or a rash. ulitis signs and symptoms may include formation ules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. y result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea. s is evidenced by delayed onset of pain and e a few hours following injection. ood-forming organs may be evidenced by: a) naemia (RBC), b) decreased resistance to infec- xcessive bruising and bleeding (platelet effect).
Pro	tection of first-aiders	appropriate p	stering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the ersonal protective equipment according to the y and surroundings.
me	cation of any immediate dical attention and special tment needed	: Treat sympto	matically.
		vention and p age and loss Because entr ousness of th determine the anaesthetics can contribute surgical deco eign material	e injection injuries require prompt surgical inter- ossibly steroid therapy, to minimise tissue dam- of function. y wounds are small and do not reflect the seri- e underlying damage, surgical exploration to e extent of involvement may be necessary. Local or hot soaks should be avoided because they e to swelling, vasospasm and ischaemia. Prompt mpression, debridement and evacuation of for- should be performed under general anaesthet- exploration is essential.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

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Su	uitable	e extinguishing media	:		y or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon diox- may be used for small fires only.
	nsuita iedia	ble extinguishing	:	Do not use water	in a jet.
	pecific ghting	hazards during fire-	:	Fire resistant fluid from combustible	that is unlikely to burn without assistance materials.
Sp oc	•	extinguishing meth-	:		measures that are appropriate to local cir- he surrounding environment.
	•	protective equipment ghters	:	gloves are to be w large contact with Breathing Appara a confined space.	equipment including chemical resistant vorn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if spilled product is expected. Self-Contained tus must be worn when approaching a fire in Select fire fighter's clothing approved to s (e.g. Europe: EN469).

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec- tive equipment and emer- gency procedures	:	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Environmental precautions	:	Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contami- nation. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
		Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other suitable material and dispose of properly.
Additional advice	:	For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet. For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures	:	Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk as- sessment of local circumstances to help determine appropri- ate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this

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			material.		
Advice on safe handling		:	Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning mate- rials in order to prevent fires.		
Avoidance of contact		:	Strong oxidising agents.		
Further information on stor- age stability		:	Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labeled and closable containers.		
			Store at ambient	temperature.	
Packaging material		:	Suitable material: For containers or container linings, use r steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC.		
Container Advice		:		tainers should not be exposed to high tem- e of possible risk of distortion.	

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parame- ters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Phenothiazine	92-84-2	TWA	5 mg/m3	ACGIH

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

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Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA) , Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

Engineering measures :	The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations. Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is
	greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated. General Information:
	Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.
	Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.
	Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.
	Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or mainte- nance. Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or
	subsequent recycle. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard con- taminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.
Personal protective equipmen	t
Respiratory protection :	No respiratory protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices, precau- tions should be taken to avoid breathing of material.
Hand protection	
Remarks :	Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical re- sistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using

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			cation of a nor For continuous through time of 480 minutes w short-term/spla recognize that may not be av time maybe ad and replacement a good predict dependent on Glove thickness	should be washed and dried thoroughly. Appli- n-perfumed moisturizer is recommended. s contact we recommend gloves with break- f more than 240 minutes with preference for > where suitable gloves can be identified. For ash protection we recommend the same but suitable gloves offering this level of protection ailable and in this case a lower breakthrough ceptable so long as appropriate maintenance ent regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not or of glove resistance to a chemical as it is the exact composition of the glove material. as should be typically greater than 0.35 mm the glove make and model.
Eye p	protection	:	Wear full face	shield if splashes are likely to occur.
Skin a	and body protection	:		I resistant gloves/gauntlets and boots. Where ng, also wear an apron.
Protec	ctive measures	:		ective equipment (PPE) should meet recom- nal standards. Check with PPE suppliers.
Therm	nal hazards	:	Not applicable	
Envir	onmental exposure o	contro	ls	
Gene	ral advice	:	vant environm of the environm necessary, pre charged to wa municipal or in discharge to s Local guideling	ate measures to fulfill the requirements of rele- ental protection legislation. Avoid contamination ment by following advice given in Section 6. If event undissolved material from being dis- ste water. Waste water should be treated in a idustrial waste water treatment plant before urface water. es on emission limits for volatile substances ved for the discharge of exhaust air containing
ECTION	9. PHYSICAL AND C	HEMI	CAL PROPER	TIES
Appea	arance	:	no data availa	able

••		
Colour	:	Not applicable
Odour Threshold	:	Data not available
рН	:	Not applicable
pour point	:	Method: Unspecified Not applicable
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	> 280 °C / 536 °F estimated value(s)

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	Flash p	oint	:	280 °C / 536 °F	
				Method: ASTM D	992 (COC)
	Evapor	ation rate	:	Data not availabl	e
	Flamma	ability (solid, gas)	:	Data not availabl	e
		explosion limit / upper bility limit	:	Typical 10 %(V)	
		explosion limit / Lower bility limit	:	Typical 1 %(V)	
,	Vapour	pressure	:	< 0.5 Pa (20 °C /	68 °F)
				estimated value(s)
	Relative	e vapour density	:	> 1 estimated value(set)	S)
	Relative	e density	:	0.993 (15.0 °C /	59.0 °F)
	Density	,	:	993 kg/m3 (15.0 Method: ASTM D	
	Solubili Wat	ty(ies) er solubility	:	negligible	
	Solu	bility in other solvents	:	Data not availabl	e
	Partition octanol	n coefficient: n- /water	:	log Pow: > 6 (based on inform	ation on similar products)
	Auto-ig	nition temperature	:	> 320 °C / 608 °F	-
	Decom	position temperature	:	Data not availabl	e
	Viscosi [.] Visc	ty cosity, dynamic	:	Data not availabl	e
	Visc	osity, kinematic	:	68.0 mm2/s (40.0	0 °C / 104.0 °F)
				Method: ASTM D	0445
				12.3 mm2/s (100	°C / 212 °F)
				Method: ASTM D	0445
	Explosi	ve properties	:	Not classified	
	Oxidizir	ng properties	:	Data not availabl	e
	Conduc	ctivity	:	This material is n	ot expected to be a static accumulator.

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SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	:	The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.
Chemical stability	:	Stable.
Possibility of hazardous reac- tions	:	Reacts with strong oxidising agents.
Conditions to avoid	:	Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
Incompatible materials	:	Strong oxidising agents.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	:	Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).
		······································

Information on likely routes of exposure

Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.

Acute toxicity

|--|

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (rat): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to skin., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to the eye., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: Expected to be a skin sensitizer.

Components:

Phenothiazine:

Remarks: May cause an allergic skin reaction in sensitive individuals.

Remarks: Classified Skin Sensitiser Category 1B.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

: Remarks: Non mutagenic, Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

IARC	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.
OSHA	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.
NTP	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.
Reproductive toxicity	
Product:	
	: Remarks: Not a developmental toxicant., Does not impair fertility., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Exposure routes: Oral Remarks: May cause damage to organs or organ systems through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: High pressure injection of product into the skin may lead to local necrosis if the product is not surgically removed.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	:	Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representa- tive of the product as a whole, rather than for individual com- ponent(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).
Ecotoxicity		
Product: Toxicity to fish (Acute toxici- ty)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 10-100 mg/l Harmful
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 10-100 mg/l Harmful
Toxicity to algae (Acute tox- icity)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 10-100 mg/l Harmful
Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-	:	Remarks: Data not available

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	icity)					
		/ to daphnia and other invertebrates (Chron- ity)	:	Remarks: Data no	ot available	
	Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)		:	Remarks: Data not available		
	Persist	ence and degradabil	ity			
	Produc Biodeg	et: radability	:	Remarks: Readily	biodegradable.	
	Bioacc	umulative potential				
	Product: Bioaccumulation		:	Remarks: Contair cumulate.	is components with the potential to bioac-	
	Mobilit	y in soil				
	<u>Produc</u> Mobility		:	If it enters soil, it w mobile.	under most environmental conditions. vill adsorb to soil particles and will not be	
				Remarks: Floats of	on water.	
	Other a	adverse effects				
	Produc Addition mation	:t: nal ecological infor-	:	ozone creation po Product is a mixtu be released to air conditions of use. Poorly soluble mix		

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods	
Waste from residues	 Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses

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Conta	minated packaging	ground water, or Waste, spills or u Dispose in account to a recognized of the collector or c	hould not be allowed to contaminate soil or be disposed of into the environment. used product is dangerous waste. rdance with prevailing regulations, preferably collector or contractor. The competence of contractor should be established beforehand. be in accordance with applicable regional,
Local Rema	legislation urks	national, and loc : Disposal should	be in accordance with applicable regional, be in accordance with applicable regional, al laws and regulations.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

National Regulations

US Department of Transportation Classification (49 CFR Parts 171-180)

Not regulated as a dangerous good

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied. MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

Special precautions for user

Remarks

: Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

Components	CAS-No.	Component RQ	Calculated product RQ
		(lbs)	(lbs)
Normal Butyl Alcohol	71-36-3	100	100 (F003)
Normal Butyl Alcohol	71-36-3	5000	*

*: Shell classifies this material as an "oil" under the CERCLA Petroleum Exclusion, therefore releases to the environment are not reportable under CERCLA., The components with RQs are given for information.

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Calculated RQ exceeds reasonably attainable upper limit.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards	:	Respiratory or skin sensitisation Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)
SARA 313	:	This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

Clean Water Act

This product does not contain any Hazardous Chemicals listed under the U.S. CleanWater Act, Section 311, Table 117.3.

US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know

Phenothiazine	92-84-2
Normal Butyl Alcohol	71-36-3
Diphenylamine	122-39-4
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	112-34-5
Triethylene glycol monobutyl ether	143-22-6

California Prop. 65

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

California List of Hazardous Substances

Phenothiazine

92-84-2

Other regulations:

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

EINECS		Not established.
TSCA	:	All components listed.
DSL	:	Not established.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

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NFPA Rating (Health, Fire, Reac- 2, 1, 0 tivity)

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : ACGIH / TWA : Abbreviations and Acronyms :	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) 8-hour, time-weighted average
	ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists ADR = European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road AICS = Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances ASTM = American Society for Testing and Materials BEL = Biological exposure limits BTEX = Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylenes CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service CEFIC = European Chemical Industry Council CLP = Classification Packaging and Labelling COC = Cleveland Open-Cup DIN = Deutsches Institut fur Normung DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNL = Derived No Effect Level DNL = Derived No Effect Level DSL = Canada Domestic Substance List EC = European Commission EC50 = Effective Concentration fifty ECETOC = European Chemicals Agency EINECS = The European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances EL50 = Effective Loading fifty ENCS = Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory EWC = European Waste Code GHS = Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer IATA = International Maritime Dangerous Goods INV = Chinese Chemicals Inventory IP346 = Institute of Petroleum test method N° 346 for the determination of polycyclic aromatics DMSO-extractables KECI = Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory LC50 = Lethal Coscentration fifty LD50 = Lethal Coscentration fifty LD50 = Lethal Coscentration fifty DD50 = Lethal Coscentration fifty MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships

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		served Effect Lev OE_HPV = Occu PBT = Persistent PICCS = Philippin Substances PNEC = Predicte REACH = Regist Chemicals RID = Regulation gerous Goods by SKIN_DES = Ski STEL = Short ter TRA = Targeted TSCA = US Toxic TWA = Time-Wei	pational Exposure - High Production Volume , Bioaccumulative and Toxic ne Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical ed No Effect Concentration ration Evaluation And Authorisation Of Is Relating to International Carriage of Dan- r Rail n Designation m exposure limit Risk Assessment c Substances Control Act

A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.

compile the Safety Data sources Sheet Heal	quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more ces of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell th Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU ID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).
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The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

US / EN