According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Gadus S3 T100 2

Version 3.2	Revision Date: 03/05/2021	SDS Number: 800001016039	Print Date: 03/06/2021 Date of last issue: 12/11/2020			
SECTION	1. IDENTIFICATION					
Produ	uct name	: Shell Gadus S3	Shell Gadus S3 T100 2			
Produ	uct code	: 001D8549	: 001D8549			
Manu	ufacturer or supplier'	s details				
Manufacturer/Supplier		PO Box 4427	Houston TX 77210-4427			
	Request omer Service	: (+1) 877-276-7 :	285			
Emei	rgency telephone nui	nber				
		: 877-504-9351				
Healt	h Information	: 877-242-7400				
Reco	ommended use of the	chemical and restric	tions on use			

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use Recommended use : Automotive and industrial grease.

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Based on available data this substance / mixture does not meet the classification criteria.

GHS label elements		
Hazard pictograms	: No Ha	azard Symbol required
Signal word	: No s	ignal word
Hazard statements	Not o HEA Not o ENV	SICAL HAZARDS: classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria. LTH HAZARDS: classified as a health hazard under GHS criteria. IRONMENTAL HAZARDS: classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria.
Precautionary statements		ention: precautionary phrases.
	Res	oonse:
	Nop	precautionary phrases.
	Stor	age:
	Nop	precautionary phrases.

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Gadus S3 T100 2

Version Revision Date: 3.2 03/05/2021

SDS Number: 800001016039

Print Date: 03/06/2021 Date of last issue: 12/11/2020

Disposal:

No precautionary phrases.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Used grease may contain harmful impurities.

High-pressure injection under the skin may cause serious damage including local necrosis. Not classified as flammable but will burn.

The classification of this material is based on OSHA HCS 2012 criteria.

: Mixture

Under normal conditions of use or in a foreseeable emergency, this product does not meet the definition of a hazardous chemical when evaluated according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture

Chemical nature	:	A lubricating grease containing highly-refined mineral oils and additives. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO-extract, according to IP346.
		Classification based on DMSO extract content < 3% (Regula- tion (EC) 1272/2008, Annex VI, Part 3, Note L).

Hazardous components

Chemical name	Synonyms	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Zinc naphthenate	Naphthenic acids, zinc salts	12001-85-3	0.1 - 0.9
Triazole derivative	1-(N,N-bis(2- ethylhex- yl)aminomethyl)-1,2,4-triazole	91273-04-0	0.01 - 0.09
Alkyl thiadiazole	2,5- bis(octyldithio)- 1,3,4- thiadiazole	13539-13-4	0.01 - 0.09

SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

In case of skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with wa- ter and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
		When using high pressure equipment, injection of product under the skin can occur. If high pressure injuries occur, the casualty should be sent immediately to a hospital. Do not wait for symptoms to develop. Obtain medical attention even in the absence of apparent wounds.

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Gadus S3 T100 2

Vers 3.2	sion	Revision Date: 03/05/2021		S Number: 0001016039	Print Date: 03/06/2021 Date of last issue: 12/11/2020
	In case	of eye contact	:	Remove contact le rinsing.	bious quantities of water. enses, if present and easy to do. Continue on occurs, obtain medical attention.
	If swallowed		:		tment is necessary unless large quantities wever, get medical advice.
	Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed		:	of black pustules a Ingestion may res Local necrosis is e	signs and symptoms may include formation and spots on the skin of exposed areas. ult in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea. evidenced by delayed onset of pain and ew hours following injection.
	Protecti	on of first-aiders	:	When administerin appropriate perso incident, injury and	ng first aid, ensure that you are wearing the nal protective equipment according to the d surroundings.
	medica	on of any immediate attention and special int needed	:	Treat symptomation	cally.
				vention and possil age and loss of fu Because entry wo ousness of the un determine the exte anaesthetics or ho can contribute to s surgical decompre eign material shou	ection injuries require prompt surgical inter- oly steroid therapy, to minimise tissue dam- nction. unds are small and do not reflect the seri- derlying damage, surgical exploration to ent of involvement may be necessary. Local ot soaks should be avoided because they swelling, vasospasm and ischaemia. Prompt ession, debridement and evacuation of for- ald be performed under general anaesthet- oration is essential.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon diox- ide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water in a jet.
Specific hazards during fire- fighting	:	Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.
Specific extinguishing meth- ods	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir- cumstances and the surrounding environment.

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Gadus S3 T100 2

Vers 3.2	sion	Revision Date: 03/05/2021		S Number: 0001016039	Print Date: 03/06/2021 Date of last issue: 12/11/2020
	Special protective equipment for firefighters		:	gloves are to be w large contact with Breathing Apparat a confined space.	equipment including chemical resistant orn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if spilled product is expected. Self-Contained us must be worn when approaching a fire in Select fire fighter's clothing approved to s (e.g. Europe: EN469).
SEC	CTION 6	ACCIDENTAL RELEA	ASE	MEASURES	
	tive equ	al precautions, protec- lipment and emer- procedures	:	Avoid contact with	skin and eyes.
	Environ	mental precautions	:	nation. Prevent fro	ontainment to avoid environmental contami- m spreading or entering drains, ditches or nd, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
		s and materials for ment and cleaning up	:		ading or entering into drains, ditches or riv- earth, or other appropriate barriers.
	Additior	nal advice	:	see Section 8 of th	election of personal protective equipment his Safety Data Sheet. isposal of spilled material see Section 13 of heet.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures :	Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.
Advice on safe handling :	Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning mate- rials in order to prevent fires.
Avoidance of contact :	Strong oxidising agents.
Further information on stor- : age stability	Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labeled and closable containers.
	Store at ambient temperature.

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Gadus S3 T100 2

Version 3.2	Revision Date: 03/05/2021	SDS Number: 800001016039	Print Date: 03/06/2021 Date of last issue: 12/11/2020
Packa	aging material		rial: For containers or container linings, use mild ensity polyethylene. terial: PVC.
Conta	iiner Advice		containers should not be exposed to high tem- ause of possible risk of distortion.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parame- ters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
Oil mist, mineral		TWA (Inhal-	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
		able particu-	-	
		late matter)		

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

Engineering measures	:	The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.
		Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is

Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

General Information: Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Gadus S3 T100 2

Version 3.2	Revision Date: 03/05/2021	SDS Number: 800001016039	Print Date: 03/06/2021 Date of last issue: 12/11/2020
		measures rele product. Ensure approp equipment use equipment, loc Drain down sy nance. Retain drain d subsequent re Always observ washing hand drinking, and/o protective equ taminated clot Practice good	rain workers in the hazards and control evant to normal activities associated with this priate selection, testing and maintenance of ed to control exposure, e.g. personal protective cal exhaust ventilation. restem prior to equipment break-in or mainte- owns in sealed storage pending disposal or ecycle. We good personal hygiene measures, such as a fiter handling the material and before eating, or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and ipment to remove contaminants. Discard con- hing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. housekeeping.
Pers	onal protective equip	ment	
	piratory protection	: No respiratory conditions of u In accordance tions should b If engineering tions to a leve select respirat cific conditions Check with res Where air-filte priate combina Select a filter s	with good industrial hygiene practices, precau- e taken to avoid breathing of material. controls do not maintain airborne concentra- l which is adequate to protect worker health, ory protection equipment suitable for the spe- s of use and meeting relevant legislation. spiratory protective equipment suppliers. ring respirators are suitable, select an appro- ation of mask and filter. suitable for the combination of organic gases and particles [Type A/Type P boiling point
	d protection emarks	gloves approv US: F739) ma suitable chem gloves Suitabi usage, e.g. fre sistance of glo glove supplier Personal hygie Gloves must o gloves, hands cation of a nor For continuous through time o 480 minutes w	ontact with the product may occur the use of ed to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, de from the following materials may provide ical protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber lity and durability of a glove is dependent on equency and duration of contact, chemical re- ove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from s. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. ene is a key element of effective hand care. only be worn on clean hands. After using should be washed and dried thoroughly. Appli- n-perfumed moisturizer is recommended. s contact we recommend gloves with break- of more than 240 minutes with preference for > where suitable gloves can be identified. For ash protection we recommend the same but

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Gadus S3 T100 2

Versi 3.2	ion	Revision Date: 03/05/2021		0S Number: 0001016039	Print Date: 03/06/2021 Date of last issue: 12/11/2020
				may not be availating maybe acception and replacement a good predictor of dependent on the Glove thickness s	itable gloves offering this level of protection ble and in this case a lower breakthrough ptable so long as appropriate maintenance regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not of glove resistance to a chemical as it is exact composition of the glove material. should be typically greater than 0.35 mm glove make and model.
	Eye pro	otection	:		lled such that it could be splashed into eyes, ar is recommended.
:	Skin an	d body protection	:	work clothes.	not ordinarily required beyond standard to wear chemical resistant gloves.
	Protect	ive measures	:		ve equipment (PPE) should meet recom- standards. Check with PPE suppliers.
-	Therma	al hazards	:	Not applicable	
	Enviro	nmental exposure c	ontro	ols	
	Genera	I advice	:	vant environment of the environment necessary, preve charged to waste municipal or indus discharge to surfa Local guidelines of	measures to fulfill the requirements of rele- al protection legislation. Avoid contamination at by following advice given in Section 6. If nt undissolved material from being dis- water. Waste water should be treated in a strial waste water treatment plant before ace water. on emission limits for volatile substances d for the discharge of exhaust air containing
SEC	TION 9	. PHYSICAL AND CI	HEMI	CAL PROPERTIE	S
	Appear	ance	:	Semi-solid at am	bient temperature.
	Colour		:	brown	
	Odour		:	Slight hydrocarb	on
	Odour ⁻	Threshold	:	Data not availab	e
	рН		:	Not applicable	
	Droppir	ng point	:	250 °C / 482 °F Method: IP 396	

- Melting / freezing point Not applicable
- Initial boiling point and boiling : Data not available range

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Gadus S3 T100 2

Version 3.2	Revision Date: 03/05/2021		S Number: 0001016039	Print Date: 03/06/2021 Date of last issue: 12/11/2020
Flas	Flash point		Not applicable	
Eva	poration rate	:	Data not availabl	e
Flam	nmability (solid, gas)	:	Data not availabl	e
	er explosion limit / upper mability limit	:	Typical 10 %(V)	
	er explosion limit / Lower mability limit	:	Typical 1 %(V)	
Vap	our pressure	:	< 0.5 Pa (20 °C /	68 °F)
			estimated value(s)
Rela	ative vapour density	:	> 1 estimated value(s)
Rela	ative density	:	1.000 (15 °C / 59)°F)
Den	sity	:	1,000 g/cm3 (15 Method: Unspec	
	ıbility(ies) Vater solubility	:	negligible	
S	Solubility in other solvents	:	Data not availabl	e
	ition coefficient: n- nol/water	:	log Pow: > 6 (based on inform	ation on similar products)
Auto	o-ignition temperature	:	> 320 °C / 608 °F	=
Dec	omposition temperature	:	Data not availabl	e
	osity /iscosity, dynamic	:	Data not availabl	e
V	iscosity, kinematic	:	Not applicable	
Expl	losive properties	:	Not classified	
Oxic	lizing properties	:	Data not availabl	e
Con	ductivity	:	This material is r	ot expected to be a static accumulator.

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	:	The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.
Chemical stability	:	Stable.

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Gadus S3 T100 2

Version 3.2	Revision Date: 03/05/2021		S Number: 0001016039	Print Date: 03/06/2021 Date of last issue: 12/11/2020	
Possib tions	ility of hazardous reac	- :	Reacts with stro	ng oxidising agents.	
Condit	Conditions to avoid		Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.		
Incom	Incompatible materials		Strong oxidising agents.		
Hazaro	dous decomposition cts	:	No decompositio	on if stored and applied as directed.	

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	: Information given is based on data on the components and
	the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise,
	the data presented is representative of the product as a
	whole, rather than for individual component(s).

Information on likely routes of exposure

Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.

Acute toxicity

Product:

Troduct.		
Acute oral toxicity	 LD50 (rat): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. 	
Acute inhalation toxicity	: Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Acute dermal toxicity	 LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. 	

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to skin., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to the eye., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: Not a skin sensitiser.

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Gadus S3 T100 2

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Print Date: 03/06/2021
3.2	03/05/2021	800001016039	Date of last issue: 12/11/2020

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

Triazole derivative:

Remarks: May cause an allergic skin reaction in sensitive individuals.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

: Remarks: Non mutagenic, Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies., Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

IARC	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.
OSHA	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.
NTP	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.
Reproductive toxicity	
Product:	
	: Remarks: Not a developmental toxicant., Does not impair fertility., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Gadus S3 T100 2

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Print Date: 03/06/2021
3.2	03/05/2021	800001016039	Date of last issue: 12/11/2020

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used grease may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such harmful impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used grease should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: High pressure injection of product into the skin may lead to local necrosis if the product is not surgically removed.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	: Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representa- tive of the product as a whole, rather than for individual com- ponent(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).
Ecotoxicity	
Product: Toxicity to fish (Acute toxici- ty)	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Acute toxicity)	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Toxicity to algae (Acute tox- icity)	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic:

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Gadus S3 T100 2

Version 3.2	Revision Date: 03/05/2021		DS Number: 0001016039	Print Date: 03/06/2021 Date of last issue: 12/11/2020
			Based on availab	le data, the classification criteria are not met.
Toxi icity)	city to fish (Chronic tox-	:	Remarks: Based are not met.	on available data, the classification criteria
aqua	city to daphnia and other atic invertebrates (Chron- xicity)	:	Remarks: Based are not met.	on available data, the classification criteria
	city to microorganisms ite toxicity)	:	Remarks: Based are not met.	on available data, the classification criteria
Com	nponents:			
Tria	zole derivative:			
M-Fa icity)	actor (Acute aquatic tox-	:	1	
M-Fa toxic	actor (Chronic aquatic sity)	:	1	
Pers	sistence and degradabili	ity		
Proc	duct:			
Biod	legradability	:	Major constituents	dily biodegradable. s are inherently biodegradable, but contains may persist in the environment.
Bioa	accumulative potential			
Proc	duct:			
Bioa	ccumulation	:	Remarks: Contair cumulate.	ns components with the potential to bioac-
Mob	ility in soil			
Proc	duct:			
Mob	ility	:		olid under most environmental conditions. will adsorb to soil particles and will not be
			Remarks: Floats of	on water.
Othe	er adverse effects			
Proc	duct:			
Addi mati	itional ecological infor- on	:	ozone creation po Product is a mixtu	one depletion potential, photochemical otential or global warming potential. ure of non-volatile components, which will not in any significant quantities under normal

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Gadus S3 T100 2

Shen C		L	
Version 3.2	Revision Date: 03/05/2021	SDS Number: 800001016039	Print Date: 03/06/2021 Date of last issue: 12/11/2020
		Poorly soluble r Causes physica	mixture. al fouling of aquatic organisms.
			s not cause chronic toxicity to aquatic organ- trations less than 1 mg/l.
SECTION	13. DISPOSAL CONS	SIDERATIONS	
Dispo	osal methods		
-	e from residues	toxicity and phy determine the p ods in complian Waste product ground water, o Do not dispose courses Do not dispose drain into the gu contamination. Waste arising fu posed of in acc to a recognised	ycle if possible. sibility of the waste generator to determine the visical properties of the material generated to proper waste classification and disposal meth- nice with applicable regulations. should not be allowed to contaminate soil or or be disposed of into the environment. into the environment, in drains or in water of tank water bottoms by allowing them to round. This will result in soil and groundwater rom a spillage or tank cleaning should be dis- ordance with prevailing regulations, preferably collector or contractor. The competence of the tractor should be established beforehand.
		Pollution from S	International Convention for the Prevention of Ships (MARPOL 73/78) which provides tech- t controlling pollutions from ships.
Conta	aminated packaging	to a recognized the collector or Disposal should	ordance with prevailing regulations, preferably collector or contractor. The competence of contractor should be established beforehand. d be in accordance with applicable regional, cal laws and regulations.
Loca Rema	l legislation arks		d be in accordance with applicable regional, cal laws and regulations.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

National Regulations

US Department of Transportation Classification (49 CFR Parts 171-180)

Not regulated as a dangerous good

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Gadus S3 T100 2

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:
3.2	03/05/2021	800001016039

Print Date: 03/06/2021 Date of last issue: 12/11/2020

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied. MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

Special precautions for user

Remarks

: Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

Components	CAS-No.	Component RQ	Calculated product RQ
		(lbs)	(lbs)

*: Calculated RQ exceeds reasonably attainable upper limit., The components with RQs are given for information., Shell classifies this material as an "oil" under the CERCLA Petroleum Exclusion, therefore releases to the environment are not reportable under CERCLA.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards	:	No SARA Hazards		
SARA 313	:	The following components are subject to reporting levels es- tablished by SARA Title III, Section 313:		
		Zinc naphthenate	12001-85-3	>= 0.1 - < 1 %
		zinc neodecanoate	27253-29-8	>= 0.1 - < 1 %
		Zinc dialkyldithiophos- phate	68457-79-4	>= 0.1 - < 1 %

Clean Water Act

This product does not contain any Hazardous Chemicals listed under the U.S. CleanWater Act, Section 311, Table 117.3.

US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know					
Zinc naphthenate	12001-85-3				
zinc neodecanoate	27253-29-8				
Zinc dialkyldithiophosphate	68457-79-4				

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Gadus S3 T100 2

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Print Date: 03/06/2021
3.2	03/05/2021	800001016039	Date of last issue: 12/11/2020

California Prop. 65

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

Other regulations:

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:					
REACH	:	Notified with Restrictions.			
TSCA	:	All components listed.			
DSL	:	Notified with Restrictions.			

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

NFPA Rating (Health, Fire, Reac- 0, 1, 0 tivity)

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH OSHA Z-1 ACGIH / TWA OSHA Z-1 / TWA Abbreviations and Acronyms		USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Lim- its for Air Contaminants 8-hour, time-weighted average 8-hour time weighted average The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this docu- ment can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific dictionaries) and/or websites.
		ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists ADR = European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road AICS = Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances ASTM = American Society for Testing and Materials BEL = Biological exposure limits BTEX = Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylenes CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service CEFIC = European Chemical Industry Council CLP = Classification Packaging and Labelling COC = Cleveland Open-Cup DIN = Deutsches Institut fur Normung DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level DSL = Canada Domestic Substance List EC = European Commission EC50 = Effective Concentration fifty ECETOC = European Center on Ecotoxicology and Toxicolo-

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Gadus S3 T100 2

	03/05	sion Date: SDS Number: 5/2021 80000101603	
gy Of Chemicals ECHA = European Chemicals Agency EINECS = The European Inventory of Existing Commerc Chemical Substances EL50 = Effective Loading fifty ENCS = Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substance Inventory EWC = European Waste Code GHS = Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer IATA = International Maritime Dangerous Goods INV = Chinese Chemicals Inventory IP346 = Institute of Petroleum test method N° 346 for th determination of polycyclic aromatics DMSO-extractables KECI = Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory LC50 = Lethal Dose fifty per cent. LL/EU/L = Lethal Loading/Effective Loading/Inhibitory los LL50 = Lethal Loading fifty MARPOL = International Exposure - High Production Vo PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PICCS = Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemica Substances PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration / No C served Effect Level OE_HPV = Occupational Exposure - High Production Vo PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PICCS = Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemica Substances PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration REACH = Registration Evaluation And Authorisation Of Chemicals RID = Regulations Relating to International Carriage of D gerous Goods by Rail SKIN_DES = Skin Designation STEL = Short term exposure limit TRA = Targeted Risk Assessment TSCA = US Toxic Substances Control Act TWA = Time-Weighted Average vPvB = very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative		ECHA = E EINECS = Chemical 3 EL50 = Eff ENCS = Ja Inventory EWC = Eu GHS = Glo Labelling of IARC = Int IATA = Int IC50 = Inh INDG = In INV = Chir IP346 = Ir determinat KECI = Ko LC50 = Le LL/EL/IL = LL50 = Le MARPOL Pollution F NOEC/NO served Eff OE_HPV = PBT = Per PICCS = F Substance PNEC = P REACH = Chemicals RID = Reg gerous Go SKIN_DES STEL = St TRA = Tar TSCA = U TWA = Tir	aropean Chemicals Agency The European Inventory of Existing Commercial Substances active Loading fifty panese Existing and New Chemical Substances ropean Waste Code bally Harmonised System of Classification and f Chemicals ernational Agency for Research on Cancer rrnational Maritime Dangerous Goods ese Chemicals Inventory stitute of Petroleum test method N° 346 for the on of polycyclic aromatics DMSO-extractables rea Existing Chemicals Inventory hal Concentration fifty hal Dose fifty per cent. Lethal Loading/Effective Loading/Inhibitory loading hal Loading fifty = International Convention for the Prevention of rom Ships EL = No Observed Effect Concentration / No Ob- ect Level Occupational Exposure - High Production Volume sistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic hilippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical s edicted No Effect Concentration Registration Evaluation And Authorisation Of Ulations Relating to International Carriage of Dan- ods by Rail = Skin Designation ort term exposure limit geted Risk Assessment S Toxic Substances Control Act te-Weighted Average

A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.

Revision Date

: 03/05/2021

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According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200 Sholl Codus S2 T100 2

Shell Gadus S3 T100 2

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material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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