According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Gadus S3 U460AC 1

Version 2.0	Revision Date: 07/23/2020	SDS Number: 800010041867	Print Date: 07/24/2020 Date of last issue: 06/15/2020
SECTION	1. IDENTIFICATION		
Product name		: Shell Gadus S	33 U460AC 1
Produ	uct code	: 00115992	

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Manufacturer/Supplier	: Shell Oil Products US PO Box 4427 Houston TX 77210-4427 USA
SDS Request	: (+1) 877-276-7285
Customer Service	:

Emergency telephone number

Spill Information	•	877-504-9351
opin mormation	•	011 304 3331
Health Information	:	877-242-7400
	•	

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Automotive and industrial grease.

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

1910.1200)		
Eye irritation	:	Category 2
GHS label elements		
Hazard pictograms	:	
Signal word	:	Warning
Hazard statements	:	PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: H319 Causes serious eye irritation. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria.
Precautionary statements	:	Prevention:
		P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Gadus S3 U460AC 1

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Print Date: 07/24/2020
2.0	07/23/2020	800010041867	Date of last issue: 06/15/2020

Response:

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.

Storage:

No precautionary phrases.

Disposal:

No precautionary phrases.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label: Contains calcium sulphonate.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Used grease may contain harmful impurities.

High-pressure injection under the skin may cause serious damage including local necrosis.

Not classified as flammable but will burn.

The classification of this material is based on OSHA HCS 2012 criteria.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture	:	Mixture
Chemical nature	:	Mixture A lubricating grease containing highly-refined mineral oils and additives. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO- extract, according to IP346.

Hazardous components

Chemical name	Synonyms	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Calcium alkaryl sul- phonate	calcium do- decylbenzene- sulphonate	26264-06-2	3-9

SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

If inhaled	:	No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
In case of skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with wa- ter and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
		When using high pressure equipment, injection of product under the skin can occur. If high pressure injuries occur, the casualty should be sent immediately to a hospital. Do not wait for symptoms to develop.

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Gadus S3 U460AC 1

Version 2.0	Revision Date: 07/23/2020		DS Number: 0010041867	Print Date: 07/24/2020 Date of last issue: 06/15/2020
			Obtain medical at wounds.	tention even in the absence of apparent
In cas	e of eye contact	:	Remove contact I rinsing.	eye(s) with plenty of water. enses, if present and easy to do. Continue earest medical facility for additional treat-
lf swa	llowed	:		tment is necessary unless large quantities owever, get medical advice.
	mportant symptoms ffects, both acute and ed	:	of black pustules Ingestion may res Local necrosis is	s signs and symptoms may include formation and spots on the skin of exposed areas. sult in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea. evidenced by delayed onset of pain and few hours following injection.
Protec	ction of first-aiders	:		ng first aid, ensure that you are wearing the nal protective equipment according to the d surroundings.
medic	tion of any immediate al attention and special nent needed	:	Treat symptomati	cally.
			vention and possi age and loss of fu Because entry wo ousness of the un determine the ext anaesthetics or he can contribute to surgical decompre- eign material sho	ection injuries require prompt surgical inter- bly steroid therapy, to minimise tissue dam- inction. bunds are small and do not reflect the seri- derlying damage, surgical exploration to ent of involvement may be necessary. Local ot soaks should be avoided because they swelling, vasospasm and ischaemia. Prompt ession, debridement and evacuation of for- uld be performed under general anaesthet- loration is essential.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon diox- ide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water in a jet.
Specific hazards during fire- fighting	:	Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Gadus S3 U460AC 1

Versio 2.0	on	Revision Date: 07/23/2020		0S Number: 0010041867	Print Date: 07/24/2020 Date of last issue: 06/15/2020
	Specific ods	c extinguishing meth-	:	5 5	measures that are appropriate to local cir- he surrounding environment.
	Special protective equipment for firefighters		:	gloves are to be v large contact with Breathing Appara a confined space.	equipment including chemical resistant vorn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if spilled product is expected. Self-Contained tus must be worn when approaching a fire in Select fire fighter's clothing approved to Is (e.g. Europe: EN469).

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec- tive equipment and emer- gency procedures	:	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Environmental precautions	:	Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contami- nation. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Shovel into a suitable clearly marked container for disposal or reclamation in accordance with local regulations.
Additional advice	:	For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet. For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures	:	Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk as- sessment of local circumstances to help determine appropri- ate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.
Advice on safe handling	:	Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning mate- rials in order to prevent fires.
Avoidance of contact	:	Strong oxidising agents.
Further information on stor- age stability	:	Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labeled and closable containers.
		Store at ambient temperature.

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Gadus S3 U460AC 1

Version 2.0	Revision Date: 07/23/2020	SDS Number: 800010041867	Print Date: 07/24/2020 Date of last issue: 06/15/2020
Packa	aging material		rial: For containers or container linings, use mild ensity polyethylene. terial: PVC.
Conta	iner Advice		containers should not be exposed to high tem- ause of possible risk of distortion.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parame- ters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
Oil mist, mineral		TWA (Inhal-	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
		able particu-		
		late matter)		

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

va co Ar	ne level of protection and types of controls necessary will ry depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select introls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. opropriate measures include: dequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.
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According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Gadus S3 U460AC 1

Version 2.0	Revision Date: 07/23/2020	SDS Number: 800010041867	Print Date: 07/24/2020 Date of last issue: 06/15/2020
			is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is al for airborne concentrations to be generated.
		controls. Educate and tra measures relev product. Ensure appropr equipment used equipment, loca Drain down sys nance. Retain drain do subsequent rec Always observe washing hands drinking, and/or protective equip	res for safe handling and maintenance of ain workers in the hazards and control ant to normal activities associated with this riate selection, testing and maintenance of d to control exposure, e.g. personal protective al exhaust ventilation. tem prior to equipment break-in or mainte- wns in sealed storage pending disposal or ycle. e good personal hygiene measures, such as after handling the material and before eating, smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and oment to remove contaminants. Discard con- ing and footwear that cannot be cleaned.
			luct's semi-solid consistency, generation of is unlikely to occur.
Perso	onal protective equipr	nent	
Respi	iratory protection	conditions of us In accordance we tions should be If engineering c tions to a level we select respirato cific conditions Check with resp Where air-filteri priate combinatt Select a filter su	with good industrial hygiene practices, precau- taken to avoid breathing of material. ontrols do not maintain airborne concentra- which is adequate to protect worker health, ry protection equipment suitable for the spe- of use and meeting relevant legislation. Diratory protective equipment suppliers. ng respirators are suitable, select an appro- ion of mask and filter. uitable for the combination of organic gases id particles [Type A/Type P boiling point
	protection emarks	gloves approve US: F739) mad suitable chemic gloves Suitabilit usage, e.g. freq sistance of glov glove suppliers.	ntact with the product may occur the use of d to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, e from the following materials may provide cal protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber ty and durability of a glove is dependent on quency and duration of contact, chemical re- re material, dexterity. Always seek advice from . Contaminated gloves should be replaced. he is a key element of effective hand care.

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Gadus S3 U460AC 1

Version 2.0	Revision Date: 07/23/2020	-	DS Number: 00010041867	Print Date: 07/24/2020 Date of last issue: 06/15/2020
			gloves, hands sh cation of a non-per For continuous cat through time of m 480 minutes whe short-term/splash recognize that su may not be availat time maybe acce and replacement a good predictor dependent on the Glove thickness s	be worn on clean hands. After using ould be washed and dried thoroughly. Appli- erfumed moisturizer is recommended. ontact we recommend gloves with break- nore than 240 minutes with preference for > re suitable gloves can be identified. For a protection we recommend the same but itable gloves offering this level of protection able and in this case a lower breakthrough ptable so long as appropriate maintenance regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not of glove resistance to a chemical as it is e exact composition of the glove material. should be typically greater than 0.35 mm e glove make and model.
Eye p	protection	:	Wear full face shi	ield if splashes are likely to occur.
Skin	and body protection	:		esistant gloves/gauntlets and boots. Where also wear an apron.
Prote	ective measures	:		ve equipment (PPE) should meet recom- standards. Check with PPE suppliers.
Ther	mal hazards	:	Not applicable	
Envi	ronmental exposure c	ontr	ols	
	eral advice		Take appropriate vant environment of the environment necessary, prevent charged to waste municipal or indu discharge to surfat Local guidelines	measures to fulfill the requirements of rele- tal protection legislation. Avoid contamination int by following advice given in Section 6. If int undissolved material from being dis- water. Waste water should be treated in a strial waste water treatment plant before ace water. on emission limits for volatile substances d for the discharge of exhaust air containing

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	:	paste
Colour	:	brown
Odour	:	Slight hydrocarbon
Odour Threshold	:	Data not available
рН	:	Not applicable
Drop point	:	>= 280 °C / >= 536 °F Method: IP 396

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Gadus S3 U460AC 1

Versi 2.0	ion	Revision Date: 07/23/2020		S Number: 010041867	Print Date: 07/24/2020 Date of last issue: 06/15/2020
	Melting	/ freezing point		Not applicable	
	Initial b range	oiling point and boiling	:	Data not availabl	9
ł	Flash p	oint	:	Method: Unspeci Not applicable	fied
I	Evapor	ation rate	:	Data not available	9
I	Flamma	ability (solid, gas)	:	Data not available	9
		explosion limit / upper bility limit	:	Typical 10 %(V)	
		explosion limit / Lower bility limit	:	Typical 1 %(V)	
١	Vapour	pressure	:	< 0.5 Pa (20 °C /	68 °F)
				estimated value(s	3)
I	Relative	e vapour density	:	> 1 estimated value(s	3)
I	Density	,	:	1,000 kg/m3 (15. Method: Unspeci	
Ş	Solubili Wat	ty(ies) er solubility	:	negligible	
	Solu	bility in other solvents	:	Data not available	9
	Partitio octanol	n coefficient: n- /water	:	log Pow: > 6 (based on inform	ation on similar products)
/	Auto-ig	nition temperature	:	> 320 °C / 608 °F	
I	Decom	position temperature	:	Data not available	9
N	Viscosi Visc	ty sosity, dynamic	:	Data not availabl	9
	Visc	osity, kinematic	:	Method: Unspeci Not applicable	fied
I	Explosi	ve properties	:	Not classified	
(Oxidizir	ng properties	:	Data not available	9
(Conduc	ctivity	:	This material is n	ot expected to be a static accumulator.

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Gadus S3 U460AC 1

Version 2.0	Revision Date: 07/23/2020		S Number: 0010041867	Print Date: 07/24/2020 Date of last issue: 06/15/2020
Reac	tivity	:		s not pose any further reactivity hazards in listed in the following sub-paragraph.
Chen	nical stability	:	Stable.	
Poss tions	bility of hazardous reac-	:	Reacts with stror	ng oxidising agents.
Cond	itions to avoid	:	Extremes of tem	perature and direct sunlight.
Incon	npatible materials	:	Strong oxidising	agents.
Haza produ	rdous decomposition	:	No decompositio	n if stored and applied as directed.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	: Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).

Information on likely routes of exposure

Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.

Acute toxicity

Product: Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (rat): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to skin., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Causes serious eye irritation.

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Gadus S3 U460AC 1

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Print Da
2.0	07/23/2020	800010041867	Date of

Print Date: 07/24/2020 Date of last issue: 06/15/2020

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: Not a skin sensitiser. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

: Remarks: Non mutagenic, Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies., Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

IARC	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.
OSHA	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.
NTP	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.
Reproductive toxicity	

Product:

Remarks: Not a developmental toxicant., Does not impair fertility., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Gadus S3 U460AC 1

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:
2.0	07/23/2020	800010041867

Print Date: 07/24/2020 Date of last issue: 06/15/2020

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used grease may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such harmful impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used grease should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: High pressure injection of product into the skin may lead to local necrosis if the product is not surgically removed.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	:	Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representa- tive of the product as a whole, rather than for individual com- ponent(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).
Ecotoxicity		
Product: Toxicity to fish (Acute toxici- ty)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Toxicity to algae (Acute tox- icity)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox- icity)	:	Remarks: Data not available

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Gadus S3 U460AC 1

ersion 0	Revision Date: 07/23/2020		0S Number: 0010041867	Print Date: 07/24/2020 Date of last issue: 06/15/2020
	y to daphnia and other invertebrates (Chron- ity)	:	Remarks: Data no	ot available
	y to microorganisms toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data no	ot available
Persis	tence and degradabil	ity		
Produ	<u>ct:</u>			
Biodeg	radability	:	Major constituents	dily biodegradable. s are inherently biodegradable, but contains may persist in the environment.
Bioaco	cumulative potential			
Produ	<u>ct:</u>			
Bioacc	umulation	:	Remarks: Contair cumulate.	ns components with the potential to bioac-
Mobili	ty in soil			
Produ	<u>ct:</u>			
Mobilit	ý	:		olid under most environmental conditions. will adsorb to soil particles and will not be
			Remarks: Floats	on water.
Other	adverse effects			
Produ	ct:			
	nal ecological infor-	:	ozone creation po Product is a mixtu	one depletion potential, photochemical otential or global warming potential. ure of non-volatile components, which will no in any significant quantities under normal
			Poorly soluble mize Causes physical f	xture. fouling of aquatic organisms.
				ot cause chronic toxicity to aquatic organ- tions less than 1 mg/l.

Disposal methods		
Waste from residues	:	Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal meth-

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Gadus S3 U460AC 1

Version 2.0	Revision Date: 07/23/2020	SDS Number: 800010041867	Print Date: 07/24/2020 Date of last issue: 06/15/2020
		•	ce with applicable regulations. nto the environment, in drains or in water
Contaminated packaging		ground water, or	hould not be allowed to contaminate soil or be disposed of into the environment. used product is dangerous waste.
		: Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.	
Loca Rem	I l legislation arks	•	be in accordance with applicable regional, al laws and regulations.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

National Regulations

US Department of Transportation Classification (49 CFR Parts 171-180)			
UN/ID/NA number	: UN 3082		
Proper shipping name	: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.		
	(CALCIUM DODECYLBENZENESULFONATE)		
Class	: 9		
Packing group	: III		
Labels	: 9		
Reportable quantity	CALCIUM DODECYLBENZENESULFONATE (1,000 lb)		
ERG Code	: 171		
Marine pollutant	: no		

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied. MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

Special precautions for user

Remarks

: Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Gadus S3 U460AC 1

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:
2.0	07/23/2020	800010041867

Print Date: 07/24/2020 Date of last issue: 06/15/2020

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

Components	CAS-No.	Component RQ	Calculated product RQ
		(lbs)	(lbs)
Calcium alkaryl sulphonate	26264-06-2	1000	*

*: Calculated RQ exceeds reasonably attainable upper limit., Shell classifies this material as an "oil" under the CERCLA Petroleum Exclusion, therefore releases to the environment are not reportable under CERCLA.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards	: Serious eye damage or eye irritation
SARA 313	: This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

Clean Water Act

The following Hazardous Chemicals are listed under the U.S. CleanWater Act, Section 311, Table 117.3:

Calcium alkaryl sulpho-	26264-06-2	5 %
nate		
Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.09 %

US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know

Calcium alkaryl sulphonate26264-06-2Naphthalene91-20-3

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Naphthalene, which is/are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

26264-06-2

California List of Hazardous Substances

Calcium alkaryl sulphonate

Other regulations:

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories	\$:
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EINECS	:	Not established.

TSCA

: All components listed.

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Gadus S3 U460AC 1

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Print Date: 07/24/2020
2.0	07/23/2020	800010041867	Date of last issue: 06/15/2020
DSL		: Not established.	

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

NFPA Rating (Health, Fire, Reac- 1, 1, 0 tivity)

Full text of other abbreviations

Full text of other appreviatio	ns	
ACGIH OSHA Z-1	:	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Lim-
		its for Air Contaminants
ACGIH / TWA	:	8-hour, time-weighted average
OSHA Z-1 / TWA	:	8-hour time weighted average
Abbreviations and Acronyms	:	The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this docu- ment can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific dictionaries) and/or websites.
		ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
		ADR = European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
		AICS = Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
		ASTM = American Society for Testing and Materials
		BEL = Biological exposure limits
		BTEX = Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylenes
		CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service
		CEFIC = European Chemical Industry Council
		CLP = Classification Packaging and Labelling COC = Cleveland Open-Cup
		DIN = Deutsches Institut fur Normung
		DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
		DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
		DSL = Canada Domestic Substance List
		EC = European Commission
		EC50 = Effective Concentration fifty
		ECETOC = European Center on Ecotoxicology and Toxicolo- gy Of Chemicals
		ECHA = European Chemicals Agency
		EINECS = The European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
		EL50 = Effective Loading fifty
		ENCS = Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory
		EWC = European Waste Code GHS = Globally Harmonised System of Classification and
		Labelling of Chemicals IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer
		IATA = International Air Transport Association IC50 = Inhibitory Concentration fifty
		IL50 = Inhibitory Level fifty

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Gadus S3 U460AC 1

Version 2.0	Revision Date: 07/23/2020	SDS Number: 800010041867	
		INV = Chinese IP346 = Institu determination KECI = Korea LC50 = Lethal LD50 = Lethal LL/EL/IL = Leth LL50 = Lethal MARPOL = Int Pollution From NOEC/NOEL = served Effect L OE_HPV = Oc PBT = Persiste PICCS = Philip Substances PNEC = Predia REACH = Reg Chemicals RID = Regulati gerous Goods SKIN_DES = S STEL = Short f TRA = Targete TSCA = US To	ernational Convention for the Prevention of Ships = No Observed Effect Concentration / No Ob- _evel coupational Exposure - High Production Volume ent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic opine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical cted No Effect Concentration jistration Evaluation And Authorisation Of ions Relating to International Carriage of Dan-
۸.vor	tical bar (I) in the left	margin indicates an ar	andment from the previous version

A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version. There has been a decrease in the Health Hazard classification of this product in section 2.

Sources of key data used to	:	The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more
compile the Safety Data		sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell
Sheet		Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU
		IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).

Revision Date

: 07/23/2020

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