According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

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#### **SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION**

Product name : Shell Gadus S3 U220A 1

Product code : 001I6571

#### Manufacturer or supplier's details

Manufacturer/Supplier	: Shell Oil Products US PO Box 4427 Houston TX 77210-4427 USA
SDS Request	: (+1) 877-276-7285
Customer Service	:

#### Emergency telephone number

Spill Information		877-504-9351
•		
Health Information	:	877-242-7400

#### Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Automotive and industrial grease.

#### **SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

# GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Based on available data this substance / mixture does not meet the classification criteria.

GHS label elements		
Hazard pictograms	:	No Hazard Symbol required
Signal word	:	No signal word
Hazard statements	:	PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a health hazard under GHS criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria.
Precautionary statements	:	<b>Prevention:</b> No precautionary phrases.
		Response: No precautionary phrases.
		Storage: No precautionary phrases.

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#### Disposal:

No precautionary phrases.

#### Other hazards which do not result in classification

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Used grease may contain harmful impurities.

High-pressure injection under the skin may cause serious damage including local necrosis. Not classified as flammable but will burn.

The classification of this material is based on OSHA HCS 2012 criteria.

Under normal conditions of use or in a foreseeable emergency, this product does not meet the definition of a hazardous chemical when evaluated according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

#### SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture	:	Mixture
Chemical nature	:	A lubricating grease containing highly-refined mineral oils and additives. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO-extract, according to IP346.

#### Hazardous components

Chemical name	Synonyms	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Calcium alkaryl sul- phonate	calcium do- decylbenzene- sulphonate	26264-06-2	1 - 2.49

#### **SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES**

If inhaled	:	No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
In case of skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with wa- ter and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
		When using high pressure equipment, injection of product under the skin can occur. If high pressure injuries occur, the casualty should be sent immediately to a hospital. Do not wait for symptoms to develop. Obtain medical attention even in the absence of apparent wounds.
In case of eye contact	:	Flush eye with copious quantities of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
If swallowed	:	In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities

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				are swallowed, ho	owever, get medical advice.
		nportant symptoms ects, both acute and d	:	of black pustules a Ingestion may res Local necrosis is a	s signs and symptoms may include formation and spots on the skin of exposed areas. ult in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea. evidenced by delayed onset of pain and ew hours following injection.
	Protect	ion of first-aiders	:		ng first aid, ensure that you are wearing the nal protective equipment according to the d surroundings.
	medica	on of any immediate I attention and special ent needed	:	Treat symptomation	cally.
				vention and possi age and loss of fu Because entry wo ousness of the un determine the extu anaesthetics or ho can contribute to s surgical decompre eign material shou	ection injuries require prompt surgical inter- bly steroid therapy, to minimise tissue dam- nction. Nunds are small and do not reflect the seri- derlying damage, surgical exploration to ent of involvement may be necessary. Local of soaks should be avoided because they swelling, vasospasm and ischaemia. Prompt ession, debridement and evacuation of for- uld be performed under general anaesthet- oration is essential.

#### **SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon diox- ide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water in a jet.
Specific hazards during fire- fighting	:	Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.
Specific extinguishing meth- ods	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir- cumstances and the surrounding environment.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

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#### SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec- tive equipment and emer- gency procedures	:	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Environmental precautions	:	Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contami- nation. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Prevent from spreading or entering into drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
Additional advice	:	For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet. For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

#### SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures	:	Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.
Advice on safe handling	:	Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning mate- rials in order to prevent fires.
Avoidance of contact	:	Strong oxidising agents.
Further information on stor- age stability	:	Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labeled and closable containers.
		Store at ambient temperature.
Packaging material	:	Suitable material: For containers or container linings, use mild steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC.
Container Advice	:	Polyethylene containers should not be exposed to high tem- peratures because of possible risk of distortion.

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#### SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parame- ters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
Oil mist, mineral		TWA (Inhal-	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
		able particu-	-	
		late matter)		

#### **Biological occupational exposure limits**

No biological limit allocated.

#### Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

Engineering measures :	The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations. Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is
	greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated. General Information: Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls. Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product. Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation. Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or mainte-

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		subsequent rec Always observe washing hands drinking, and/o protective equip	e good personal hygiene measures, such as after handling the material and before eating r smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and oment to remove contaminants. Discard con- ing and footwear that cannot be cleaned.
			duct's semi-solid consistency, generation of s is unlikely to occur.
Pers	onal protective equi	oment	
Resp	iratory protection	conditions of us In accordance tions should be If engineering of tions to a level select respirato cific conditions Check with resp Where air-filter priate combinat Select a filter st	with good industrial hygiene practices, precau taken to avoid breathing of material. controls do not maintain airborne concentra- which is adequate to protect worker health, any protection equipment suitable for the spe- of use and meeting relevant legislation. piratory protective equipment suppliers. Ing respirators are suitable, select an appro- tion of mask and filter. uitable for the combination of organic gases and particles [Type A/Type P boiling point
	l protection emarks	gloves approve US: F739) mad suitable chemic gloves Suitabili usage, e.g. free sistance of glov glove suppliers Personal hygie Gloves must or gloves, hands s cation of a non- For continuous through time of 480 minutes wh short-term/spla recognize that s may not be ava time maybe acc and replaceme a good predictor	Intact with the product may occur the use of ad to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, le from the following materials may provide cal protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber ty and durability of a glove is dependent on quency and duration of contact, chemical re- ve material, dexterity. Always seek advice fror . Contaminated gloves should be replaced. ne is a key element of effective hand care. nly be worn on clean hands. After using should be washed and dried thoroughly. Appli- perfumed moisturizer is recommended. contact we recommend gloves with break- more than 240 minutes with preference for > nere suitable gloves can be identified. For sh protection we recommend the same but suitable gloves offering this level of protection ilable and in this case a lower breakthrough ceptable so long as appropriate maintenance nt regimes are followed. Glove thickness is no or of glove resistance to a chemical as it is he exact composition of the glove material.

Glove thickness should be typically greater than 0.35 mm

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		depending on the glove make and model.	
Eye pr	otection	If material is handled such that it could be spotective eyewear is recommended.	plashed into eyes,
Skin a	nd body protection	<ul> <li>Skin protection is not ordinarily required bey work clothes.</li> <li>It is good practice to wear chemical resistant</li> </ul>	
Protec	tive measures	Personal protective equipment (PPE) should mended national standards. Check with PPI	
Therm	al hazards	: Not applicable	
Enviro	onmental exposure c	rols	
Gener	al advice	<ul> <li>Take appropriate measures to fulfill the requirement of the environmental protection legislation. An of the environment by following advice giver necessary, prevent undissolved material frocharged to waste water. Waste water should municipal or industrial waste water treatment discharge to surface water.</li> <li>Local guidelines on emission limits for volation must be observed for the discharge of exhavapour.</li> </ul>	void contamination in Section 6. If m being dis- d be treated in a it plant before

#### SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	:	paste
Colour	:	green
Odour	:	Slight hydrocarbon
Odour Threshold	:	Data not available
рН	:	Not applicable
Drop point	:	>= 280 °C / >= 536 °F Method: IP 396
Melting / freezing point		Not applicable
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	Data not available
Flash point	:	Method: Unspecified Not applicable
Evaporation rate	:	Data not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Data not available

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		explosion limit / upper bility limit	:	Typical 10 %(V)	
		explosion limit / Lower bility limit	:	Typical 1 %(V)	
	Vapour	pressure	:	< 0.5 Pa (20 °C /	68 °F)
				estimated value(	5)
	Relative	e vapour density	:	> 1 estimated value(state)	5)
	Relative	e density	:	1.000 (15.0 °C /	59.0 °F)
	Density		:	1,000 kg/m3 (15. Method: Unspeci	
	Solubili Wate	ty(ies) er solubility	:	negligible	
	Solu	bility in other solvents	:	Data not availabl	e
	Partition octanol	n coefficient: n- /water	:		ation on similar products)
	Auto-igi	nition temperature	:	> 320 °C / 608 °F	
	Decom	position temperature	:	Data not availabl	e
	Viscosit Visc	ty osity, dynamic	:	Data not availabl	e
	Visc	osity, kinematic	:	Method: Unspeci Not applicable	fied
	Explosi	ve properties	:	Not classified	
	Oxidizir	ng properties	:	Data not availabl	e
	Conduc	ctivity	:	This material is n	ot expected to be a static accumulator.

#### SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	:	The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.
Chemical stability	:	Stable.
Possibility of hazardous reac- tions	:	Reacts with strong oxidising agents.
Conditions to avoid	:	Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.

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	Incomp	patible materials	:	Strong oxidising	agents.
	Hazard produc	lous decomposition ts	:	No decompositio	n if stored and applied as directed.
SEC	CTION 1	1. TOXICOLOGICAL	INF	ORMATION	
	Basis f	or assessment	:	the toxicology of s the data presente	is based on data on the components and similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, ad is representative of the product as a of for individual component(s).
	Skin ar	ation on likely routes ad eye contact are the atal ingestion.			sure although exposure may occur following
	Acute	toxicity			
	Produc Acute c	<u>ot:</u> oral toxicity	:	LD50 (rat): > 5,00 Remarks: Low to Based on availab	
	Acute i	nhalation toxicity	:	Remarks: Based are not met.	on available data, the classification criteria
	Acute o	dermal toxicity	:	LD50 (Rabbit): > Remarks: Low to: Based on availab	

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

#### Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to skin., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

#### Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to the eye., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

#### Product:

Remarks: Not a skin sensitiser. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

#### Product:

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: Remarks: Non mutagenic, Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Carcinogenicity

#### Product:

Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies., Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

IARC	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.
OSHA	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.
NTP	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.
Reproductive toxicity	
Product:	

Remarks: Not a developmental toxicant., Does not impair fertility., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### STOT - single exposure

#### Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### STOT - repeated exposure

#### Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Aspiration toxicity

#### Product:

Not an aspiration hazard.

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#### **Further information**

#### Product:

Remarks: Used grease may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such harmful impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used grease should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: High pressure injection of product into the skin may lead to local necrosis if the product is not surgically removed.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

#### SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	:	Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representa- tive of the product as a whole, rather than for individual com- ponent(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).
Ecotoxicity		
Product: Toxicity to fish (Acute toxici- ty)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Toxicity to algae (Acute tox- icity)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox- icity)	:	Remarks: Data not available
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data not available
Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data not available

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	Persist	ence and degradabil	ity		
	Produc	<u>t:</u>			
	Biodegi	adability	:	Major constituents	dily biodegradable. s are inherently biodegradable, but contains may persist in the environment.
	Bioacc	umulative potential			
	Produc	<u>:t:</u>			
	Bioaccu	umulation	:	Remarks: Contair cumulate.	is components with the potential to bioac-
	Mobilit	y in soil			
	Produc	<u>.t:</u>			
	Mobility		:		olid under most environmental conditions. vill adsorb to soil particles and will not be
				Remarks: Floats of	on water.
	Other a	dverse effects			
	Produc	: <u>t:</u>			
	Additior mation	nal ecological infor-	:	ozone creation po Product is a mixtu	one depletion potential, photochemical tential or global warming potential. Ire of non-volatile components, which will not in any significant quantities under normal
				Poorly soluble mix Causes physical f	cture. ouling of aquatic organisms.
					ot cause chronic toxicity to aquatic organ- tions less than 1 mg/l.

### SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods		
Waste from residues	: Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste gene toxicity and physical properties of the m determine the proper waste classificatio ods in compliance with applicable regula Do not dispose into the environment, in courses	aterial generated to n and disposal meth- ations.
	Waste product should not be allowed to ground water, or be disposed of into the Waste, spills or used product is dangerd	environment.

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Conta	aminated packaging	to a recognized the collector or o Disposal should	rdance with prevailing regulations, preferably collector or contractor. The competence of contractor should be established beforehand. be in accordance with applicable regional, cal laws and regulations.
<b>Loca</b> Rema	I legislation arks	•	be in accordance with applicable regional, cal laws and regulations.

#### **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### **National Regulations**

US Department of Transportation Classification (49 CFR Parts 171-180)				
UN/ID/NA number	: UN 3082			
Proper shipping name	: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.			
	(CALCIUM DODECYLBENZENESULFONATE)			
Class	: 9			
Packing group	: 111			
Labels	: 9			
Reportable quantity	CALCIUM DODECYLBENZENESULFONATE (1,000 lb)			
ERG Code	: 171			
Marine pollutant	: no			

#### **International Regulations**

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied. MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

#### Special precautions for user

Remarks

: Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

#### SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act

#### CERCLA Reportable Quantity

Components CAS-No.	Component RQ	Calculated product RQ
--------------------	--------------	-----------------------

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		(lbs)	(lbs)
Calcium alkaryl sulphonate	26264-06-2	1000	*
Naphthalene	91-20-3	100	*
n-Hexane	110-54-3	5000	*

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\*: Calculated RQ exceeds reasonably attainable upper limit.

Calculated RQ exceeds reasonably attainable upper limit., Shell classifies this material as an "oil" under the CERCLA Petroleum Exclusion, therefore releases to the environment are not reportable under CERCLA., The components with RQs are given for information.

#### SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

#### SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards	:	No SARA Hazards
SARA 313	:	This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

#### **Clean Water Act**

The following Hazardous Chemicals are listed under the U.S. CleanWater Act, Section 311, Table 117.3:

26264-06-2	2.49 %
91-20-3	0.09 %

#### **US State Regulations**

#### Pennsylvania Right To Know

Calcium alkaryl sulphonate	26264-06-2
Naphthalene	91-20-3

#### California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Naphthalene, which is/are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and n-Hexane, which is/are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

#### **California List of Hazardous Substances**

Calcium alkaryl sulphonate

26264-06-2

#### Other regulations:

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

EINECS	:	Not established.
TSCA	:	All components listed.
DSL	:	Not established.

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#### **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Further information

NFPA Rating (Health, Fire, Reac- 0, 1, 0 tivity)

#### Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH OSHA Z-1 ACGIH / TWA OSHA Z-1 / TWA Abbreviations and Acronyms	·· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Lim- its for Air Contaminants 8-hour, time-weighted average 8-hour time weighted average The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this docu- ment can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific dictionaries) and/or websites.
		ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists ADR = European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road AICS = Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances ASTM = American Society for Testing and Materials BEL = Biological exposure limits BTEX = Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylenes CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service CEFIC = European Chemical Industry Council CLP = Classification Packaging and Labelling COC = Cleveland Open-Cup DIN = Deutsches Institut fur Normung DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level DSL = Canada Domestic Substance List EC = European Commission EC50 = Effective Concentration fifty ECETOC = European Chemicals Agency EINECS = The European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances EL50 = Effective Loading fifty ENCS = Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory EWC = European Waste Code GHS = Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer IATA = International Agency for Research on Cancer

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		determination of KECI = Korea LC50 = Lethal LD50 = Lethal LL/EL/IL = Leth LL50 = Lethal MARPOL = Int Pollution From NOEC/NOEL = served Effect L OE_HPV = Oc PBT = Persiste PICCS = Philip Substances PNEC = Predia REACH = Reg Chemicals RID = Regulati gerous Goods SKIN_DES = S STEL = Short t TRA = Targete TSCA = US To TWA = Time-V	ernational Convention for the Prevention of Ships No Observed Effect Concentration / No Ob- evel cupational Exposure - High Production Volume ent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic opine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical cted No Effect Concentration istration Evaluation And Authorisation Of ons Relating to International Carriage of Dan-

A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.

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