According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Water-Glycol S2 C 46

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Print Date: 10/03/2020
1.2	10/02/2020	800010042370	Date of last issue: 09/23/2020

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Shell Water-Glycol S2 C 46

Product code : 001I5466

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Manufacturer/Supplier	: Shell Oil Products US PO Box 4427 Houston TX 77210-4427 USA
SDS Request	: (+1) 877-276-7285
Customer Service	:

Emergency telephone number

Spill Information	: 877-504-9351
Health Information	: 877-242-7400

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)			
Acute toxicity (Oral)	:	Category 4	
Eye irritation	:	Category 1	
GHS label elements Hazard pictograms	:		
Signal word	:	Danger	
Hazard statements	:	PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: H302 Harmful if swallowed. H318 Causes serious eye damage. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria.	
Precautionary statements	:	Prevention: P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling. P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.	

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Response:

P301 + P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.
P330 Rinse mouth.
P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

Storage:

No precautionary phrases.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label: Contains diethylene glycol. Contains polyalkylene glycol.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Intentional abuse, misuse or other massive exposure may cause multiple organ damage and or death.

The classification of this material is based on OSHA HCS 2012 criteria. Fire resistant fluid that is unlikely to burn without assistance from combustible materials.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Chemical nature : Blend of polyalkylene glycol, water and additives.

Hazardous components

Chemical name	Synonyms	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Diethylene glycol	2,2'- oxydiethanol	111-46-6	15 - 45
Polyalkylene glycol	Oxirane, me- thyl-, polymer with oxirane, ether with 2- ethyl-2- (hydroxyme- thyl)-1,3- propanediol (3:1)	52624-57-4	10 - 20
Carboxylic acid	decanoic acid	334-48-5	1 - 3

SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

If inhaled

No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.

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In cas	e of skin contact	:	ter and follow by	nated clothing. Flush exposed area with wa- washing with soap if available. ion occurs, obtain medical attention.
In cas	e of eye contact	:	Remove contact l rinsing.	eye(s) with plenty of water. enses, if present and easy to do. Continue learest medical facility for additional treat-
lf swa	llowed	:	medical facility fo	not induce vomiting: transport to nearest r additional treatment. If vomiting occurs eep head below hips to prevent aspiration.
	mportant symptoms ffects, both acute and ed	:	of black pustules Ingestion may res Eye irritation sign	s signs and symptoms may include formation and spots on the skin of exposed areas. sult in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea. s and symptoms may include a burning sen- welling, and/or blurred vision.
Protec	ction of first-aiders	:		ng first aid, ensure that you are wearing the nal protective equipment according to the d surroundings.
medic	tion of any immediate al attention and special nent needed	:	Treat symptomati Call a doctor or p	cally. bison control center for guidance.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon diox- ide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water in a jet.
Specific hazards during fire- fighting	:	Fire resistant fluid that is unlikely to burn without assistance from combustible materials.
Specific extinguishing meth- ods	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir- cumstances and the surrounding environment.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

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	tive equ	al precautions, protec- ipment and emer- procedures	:	Avoid contact with	skin and eyes.
	Environ	mental precautions	:	nation. Prevent fro	ontainment to avoid environmental contami- om spreading or entering drains, ditches or nd, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
				Local authorities s cannot be contained	hould be advised if significant spillages ed.
		s and materials for ment and cleaning up	:	Prevent from sprea or other containing Reclaim liquid dire Soak up residue w	t. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. ading by making a barrier with sand, earth ent material. actly or in an absorbent. with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other nd dispose of properly.
	Additior	nal advice	:	see Section 8 of th	election of personal protective equipment his Safety Data Sheet. isposal of spilled material see Section 13 of heet.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures	:	Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk as- sessment of local circumstances to help determine appropri- ate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.
Advice on safe handling	:	Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning mate- rials in order to prevent fires.
Avoidance of contact	:	Strong oxidising agents.
Further information on stor- age stability	:	Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labeled and closable containers.
		Store at ambient temperature.
Packaging material	:	Suitable material: For containers or container linings, use mild steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC.
Container Advice	:	Polyethylene containers should not be exposed to high tem-

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peratures because of possible risk of distortion.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

Engineering measures	:	The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.
		Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.
		General Information: Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls. Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product. Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation. Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or mainte-

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		subsequent r Always obser washing hand drinking, and protective eq taminated clo	downs in sealed storage pending disposal or ecycle. ve good personal hygiene measures, such as ds after handling the material and before eating, /or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and uipment to remove contaminants. Discard con- thing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. d housekeeping.
Perso	onal protective equip	ment	
	iratory protection	: No respirator conditions of In accordance tions should b If engineering tions to a leve select respira cific condition Check with re Where air-filte priate combin Select a filter	e with good industrial hygiene practices, precau- be taken to avoid breathing of material. g controls do not maintain airborne concentra- el which is adequate to protect worker health, itory protection equipment suitable for the spe- is of use and meeting relevant legislation. espiratory protective equipment suppliers. ering respirators are suitable, select an appro- nation of mask and filter. suitable for the combination of organic gases and particles [Type A/Type P boiling point
Hand	protection		
	emarks	gloves appro US: F739) ma suitable chen gloves Suitab usage, e.g. fr sistance of gl glove supplie Personal hyg Gloves must gloves, hands cation of a no For continuou through time 480 minutes short-term/sp recognize tha may not be a time maybe a and replacem a good predic dependent or Glove thickne	contact with the product may occur the use of ved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, ade from the following materials may provide nical protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber oility and durability of a glove is dependent on equency and duration of contact, chemical re- ove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from rs. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. iene is a key element of effective hand care. only be worn on clean hands. After using s should be washed and dried thoroughly. Appli- on-perfumed moisturizer is recommended. us contact we recommend gloves with break- of more than 240 minutes with preference for > where suitable gloves can be identified. For lash protection we recommend the same but at suitable gloves offering this level of protection vailable and in this case a lower breakthrough acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance nent regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not ctor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is in the exact composition of the glove material. ess should be typically greater than 0.35 mm in the glove make and model.
Eye p	protection	: If material is I	nandled such that it could be splashed into eyes,

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			protective eyew	ear is recommended.
Skin a	Skin and body protection		Skin protection is not ordinarily required beyond standard work clothes. It is good practice to wear chemical resistant gloves.	
Prote	Protective measures		Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recom- mended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.	
Therr	Thermal hazards		Not applicable	
Envir	onmental exposure c	ontro	bls	
Gene	General advice		vant environme of the environm necessary, prev charged to wast municipal or ind discharge to sur Local guidelines	e measures to fulfill the requirements of rele- ntal protection legislation. Avoid contamination ent by following advice given in Section 6. If rent undissolved material from being dis- te water. Waste water should be treated in a ustrial waste water treatment plant before face water. s on emission limits for volatile substances ed for the discharge of exhaust air containing

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	:	no data available
Colour	:	Not applicable
Odour Threshold	:	Data not available
рН	:	Not applicable
pour point	:	Method: Unspecified Not applicable
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	> 280 °C / 536 °F estimated value(s)
Flash point	:	Method: Unspecified Not applicable
Evaporation rate	:	Data not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Data not available
Upper explosion limit / upper flammability limit	:	Typical 10 %(V)
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	Typical 1 %(V)
Vapour pressure	:	< 0.5 Pa (20 °C / 68 °F)

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			estimated value(s)			
Relat	ive vapour density	:	> 1 estimated value(s)			
Relat	ive density	:	: 1.080 (15.0 °C / 59.0 °F)				
Dens	Density		1,080 kg/m3 (15 Method: ASTM [
	pility(ies) ater solubility	:	negligible				
So	olubility in other solvents	:	Data not availab	le			
	Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water		log Pow: > 6 (based on inform	nation on similar products)			
Auto-	ignition temperature	:	: > 320 °C / 608 °F				
Deco	mposition temperature	:	Data not availab	le			
Visco Vi	osity scosity, dynamic	:	Data not availab	le			
Vi	scosity, kinematic	:	287.1 mm2/s (0	°C / 32 °F)			
			Method: ASTM [0445			
			46.0 mm2/s (40.	0 °C / 104.0 °F)			
			Method: ASTM [0445			
			14.7 mm2/s (80.	0 °C / 176.0 °F)			
			Method: ASTM [0445			
Explo	osive properties	:	Not classified				
Oxidi	zing properties	:	Data not availab	le			
Cond	luctivity	:	This material is r	not expected to be a static accumulator.			

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	:	The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.
Chemical stability	:	Stable.
Possibility of hazardous reac- tions	:	Reacts with strong oxidising agents.

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	Conditi	ons to avoid	:	: Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.			
	Incomp	atible materials	:	Strong oxidising	agents.		
SEC	TION 1	1. TOXICOLOGICAL	INFO	ORMATION			
Basis for assessment		:	: Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).				
Information on likely routes Skin and eye contact are the p accidental ingestion.					sure although exposure may occur following		
		toxicity					
	Produce Acute c	<u>et:</u> pral toxicity	:	LD50 (rat): > 500 Remarks: Harmfu			
between rodents. (1/2 cup). potentially				between rodents a rodents. The esti (1/2 cup). This ma potentially lethal b	s a marked difference in acute oral toxicity and man, man being more susceptible than mated fatal dose for man is 100 milliliters aterial has also been shown to be toxic and by ingestion to cats and dogs. use drowsiness and dizziness.		
	Acute i	nhalation toxicity	:	LC 50 (Rat): > 5 r Exposure time: 4 Remarks: Low to>	h		
	Acute o	dermal toxicity	:	LD50 (Rabbit): > Remarks: Low to			

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to skin., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: Not a skin sensitiser.

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Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

: Remarks: Non mutagenic, Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

IARC	Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans			
	2,2'-iminodiethanol	111-42-2		
OSHA	No component of this product present at levels greater equal to 0.1% is on OSHA's list of regulated carcinoge			
NTP	No component of this product present at levels greater equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated ca by NTP.			
— • • • • • •				

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Remarks: Not a developmental toxicant., Does not impair fertility., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

:

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not an aspiration hazard.

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Further information

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

Remarks: Inhalation of vapours or mists may cause irritation to the respiratory system.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	 Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).
Ecotoxicity	
<u>Product:</u> Toxicity to fish (Acute toxici- : ty)	Remarks: LC/EC/IC50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Acute toxicity)	Remarks: LC/EC/IC50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Toxicity to algae (Acute tox- : icity)	Remarks: LC/EC/IC50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox- : icity)	Remarks: Data not available
Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron- ic toxicity)	Remarks: Data not available
Toxicity to microorganisms : (Acute toxicity)	Remarks: Data not available
Persistence and degradability	
Product:	
Biodegradability :	Remarks: Not readily biodegradable. Major constituents are inherently biodegradable, but contains components that may persist in the environment.

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	Bioaco	cumulative potential			
	Produ	ct:			
		umulation	:	Remarks: Does not bioaccumulate significantly.	
	Mobili	ty in soil			
	<u>Produ</u>	<u>ct:</u>			
	Mobility		:	Remarks: Liquid under most environmental conditions. If product enters soil, it will be highly mobile and may contar inate groundwater. Dissolves in water. Poses a significant risk of oxygen depletion in aquatic sys- tems.	
	Other	adverse effects			
	Produ	ct:			
		nal ecological infor-	:		one depletion potential, photochemical otential or global warming potential.
SEC	CTION 1	3. DISPOSAL CONSI	DEF	RATIONS	
	Dispo	sal methods			
	Waste	from residues	:	toxicity and physic determine the pro ods in compliance	e if possible. ility of the waste generator to determine the cal properties of the material generated to per waste classification and disposal meth- e with applicable regulations. to the environment, in drains or in water

Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.

Contaminated packaging: Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably
to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of
the collector or contractor should be established beforehand.
Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional,
national, and local laws and regulations.Local legislation
Remarks: Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional,
national, and local laws and regulations.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

National Regulations

US Department of Transportation Classification (49 CFR Parts 171-180)

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UN/ID/NA number Proper shipping name		N.O.S.	ENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,
Class Packing group Labels Reportable quantity		(Diethanolam : 9 : III : 9 Diethanolam	,
ERG Code Marine pollutant		(100 lb) : 171 : no	

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied. MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

Special precautions for user

Remarks

: Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

Components	CAS-No.	Component RQ	Calculated product RQ
		(lbs)	(lbs)
2,2'-iminodiethanol	111-42-2	100	*
Ethanediol	107-21-1	5000	*

*: Shell classifies this material as an "oil" under the CERCLA Petroleum Exclusion, therefore releases to the environment are not reportable under CERCLA. Calculated RQ exceeds reasonably attainable upper limit.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards	:	Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)
		Serious eye damage or eye irritation

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SARA	313	5	omponents are subject to RA Title III, Section 313:	reporting levels es-
		Diethylene glyc	ol 111-46-6	>= 50 - < 70 %
	Water Act			

This product does not contain any Hazardous Chemicals listed under the U.S. CleanWater Act, Section 311, Table 117.3.

US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know

Diethylene glycol	111-46-6
2,2'-iminodiethanol	111-42-2
Ethanediol	107-21-1

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including 2,2'-iminodiethanol, which is/are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Ethanediol, which is/are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Other regulations:

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:			
EINECS	:	All components listed or polymer exempt.	
TSCA	:	All components listed.	
DSL	:	All components listed.	

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

NFPA Rating (Health, Fire, Reac- 2, 1, 0 tivity)

Full text of other abbreviations

Abbreviations and Acronyms :	The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this docu- ment can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific dictionaries) and/or websites.
	ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists ADR = European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road AICS = Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances ASTM = American Society for Testing and Materials

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		BTEX = Benze CAS = Chemic CEFIC = Europ CLP = Classific COC = Clevela DIN = Deutsche DMEL = Derive DNEL = Derive DSL = Canada EC = Europear EC50 = Effectiv ECETOC = Europe GHS = Chemical Subs EL50 = Effectiv ENCS = Japan Inventory EWC = Europe GHS = Globally Labelling of Ch IARC = Interna IATA = Internat IC50 = Inhibitor IL50 = Inhibitor IMDG = Internat INV = Chinese IP346 = Institu determination of KECI = Korea II LC50 = Lethal I LL/EL/IL = Leth LL50 = Lethal I MARPOL = Inter Substances PNEC = Predic REACH = Regi Chemicals RID = Regulatin gerous Goods SKIN_DES = S STEL = Short t TRA = Targete TSCA = US To	es Institut fur Normung ed Minimal Effect Level d No Effect Level Domestic Substance List n Commission /e Concentration fifty ropean Center on Ecotoxicology and Toxicolo- ls ean Chemicals Agency European Inventory of Existing Commercial tances re Loading fifty ese Existing and New Chemical Substances an Waste Code / Harmonised System of Classification and emicals tional Agency for Research on Cancer tional Maritime Dangerous Goods Chemicals Inventory te of Petroleum test method N° 346 for the of polycyclic aromatics DMSO-extractables Existing Chemicals Inventory Concentration fifty Dose fifty per cent. Ial Loading/Effective Loading/Inhibitory loading coading fifty ernational Convention for the Prevention of Ships No Observed Effect Concentration / No Ob- evel cupational Exposure - High Production Volume nt, Bioaccumulative and Toxic pine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical ted No Effect Concentration stration Evaluation And Authorisation Of ons Relating to International Carriage of Dan- by Rail kin Designation erm exposure limit d Risk Assessment xic Substances Control Act
		TWA = Time-W	xic Substances Control Act /eighted Average ersistent and very Bioaccumulative

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A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet	:	The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).
Revision Date	:	10/02/2020

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

US / EN