SAFETY DATA SHEET

CITGO CompressorGard® GE 46

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: CITGO CompressorGard® GE 46		
Synonyms	: Synthetic lubricant		
Code	: 632591001		
MSDS #	: 632591001		
Supplier's details	: CITGO Petroleum Corporation P.O. Box 4689 Houston, TX 77210 sdsvend@citgo.com		
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: Technical Contact: (800) 248-4684 Medical Emergency: (832) 486-4700 CHEMTREC Emergency: (800) 424-9300 (United States Only)		

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	: EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3
GHS label elements	
Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	 Causes eye irritation. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Injection of pressurized hydrocarbons can cause severe permanent tissue damage. Initial symptoms may be minor.
Precautionary statements	
General	: Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Thoroughly wash exposed areas and clothing with soap and water. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. IF SWALLOWED: Do not induce vomiting. If you feel unwell, seek medical attention and show the label when possible. Keep out of reach of children.
Prevention	: Avoid release to the environment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Response	: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention
Storage	 Store in a dry place and/or in closed container. Store in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: Injection of petroleum hydrocarbons requires immediate medical attention.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Synthetic lubricant
identification	

CAS number/other identified	ers				
CAS number	: Not applie	cable.			
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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
	≥75 - ≤90 ≤3	9003-13-8 68411-46-1

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to process variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. If irritation persists, get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	 Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Most important symptoms		and delayed			
Potential acute health eff	<u>ects</u>				
Eye contact	: Causes e	eye irritation.			
Inhalation	: No know	n significant effects or critic	al hazards.		
Skin contact		of pressurized hydrocarbor nptoms may be minor.	ns can cause severe	permanent tissue dama	ge.
Ingestion	: No know	n significant effects or critic	al hazards.		
Over-exposure signs/syn	nptoms				
Eye contact	: Adverses irritation watering redness	symptoms may include the	following:		
Inhalation	: No specif	fic data.			
Skin contact	: No specif	fic data.			
Ingestion	: No specif	īc data.			
Indication of immediate m	edical attentior	<u>n and special treatment n</u>	eeded, if necessary	L	
Notes to physician	extensive	ent of injection in underlying incision, debridement and and gangrene. Early symp	saline irrigation. Ina	adequate treatment can r	
Specific treatments	: Treat syn	nptomatically and supportiv	vely.		
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Section 4. First aid measures

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures			
Extinguishing media			
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.		
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.		
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.		
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide phosphorus oxides		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	 Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. 		
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.		

Section 6. Accidental release measures

tive equipment and emergency procedures
: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
ntainment and cleaning up
: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

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Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.
	Bulk Storage Conditions: Maintain all storage tanks in accordance with applicable regulations. Use necessary controls to monitor tank inventories. Inspect all storage tanks on a periodic basis. Test tanks and associated piping for tightness. Maintain the automatic leak detection devices to assure proper working condition.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name		Exposure limits	
None.			
Appropriate engineering controls	: Good general ventilation s contaminants.	should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne	
Environmental exposure controls	•		
Individual protection meas	ures		
Hygiene measures	eating, smoking and using Appropriate techniques sh	Ind face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before g the lavatory and at the end of the working period. hould be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. ing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety workstation location.	
Eye/face protection	industrial settings. If conta the assessment indicates Safety eyewear complying assessment indicates this	with side shields are recommended as minimum protection in act is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. g with an approved standard should be used when a risk is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, on hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required	
Skin protection			

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hand protection	: Avoid skin contact with liquid. Chemical-resistant gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. Leather gloves are not protective for liquid contact.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	: Avoid skin contact with liquid. Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Leather boots are not protective for liquid contact.
Respiratory protection	: Avoid inhalation of gases, vapors, mists or dusts. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or supplied-air respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Blue-green
Odor	: Mild.
рН	: Not available.
Boiling point	: Not available.
Flash point	: Open cup: 236°C (456.8°F) [Cleveland.]
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: <0.13 kPa (<1 mm Hg) [room temperature]
Vapor density	: >1 [Air = 1]
Relative density	: 0.97
Density Ibs/gal	: Estimated 8.09 lbs/gal
Density gm/cm ³	: Not available.
Gravity, °API	: Estimated 14 @ 60 F
Solubility	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Flow time (ISO 2431)	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 0.46 cm ² /s (46 cSt)
Viscosity SUS	: Estimated 213 SUS @104 F

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Incompatible materials	:	No specific	data.						
Conditions to avoid	:	No specific	data.						
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under norm	al conditions of sto	orage and	use, hazardous	reaction	is will not	occur.	
Chemical stability	:	The product	is stable.						
Reactivity	:	•	d to be Explosive, HS Definition(s).	Self-Read	ctive, Self-Heati	ng, or an	Organic I	Peroxide	

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2- ethanediyl)],α-butyl-ω-hydroxy	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13340 mg/kg	-
- Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4, 4-trimethylpentene	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral	Rabbit Mouse Rat Rat Rat Rat	18800 mg/kg 6700 mg/kg 5840 mg/kg 8900 mg/kg >5000 mg/kg	

Conclusion/Summary sec-hexadecyInaphthalene: Practically non-irritating to eyes and to the skin. No signs indicative of systemic toxicity were noted following a 13-week dermal toxicity evaluation in rats (dose levels: 0, 125, 500 and 2000 mg/kg/day). Slight liver effects in the high dose female animals and statistically significant differences in serum chemisty were noted. The NOAEL was determined to be 125 mg/kg/day. In a ninety day oral toxicity test in rats (dose levels: 0, 500, 5000 and 20,000 ppm), one control and six high dose animals died prior to the conclusion of the study. Statically significant differences in serum chemistry and hematology were observed. Product-loaded macrophages were found in mesentric lymph nodes and livers. The NOEL was determined to be 500 ppm. Ames Assay: Negative. Chinese Hamster Ovary Assay: Negative.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2- ethanediyl)],α-butyl-ω-hydroxy	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
-	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	mg 4 hours 80	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	mg 500 mg	-
Skin	skin - Mild Irritant		v non-irritating	8	-

: sec-hexadecyInaphthalene: Practically non-irritating to eyes.

: No additional information.

Sensitization

Respiratory

Eyes

Not available.

Skin

: No additional information.

Respiratory : No additional information. Mutagenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : No additional information.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary	. :	No additional	information.
oonolusion/ounnul			mornation.

Reproductive toxicity

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Section 11. Toxic	cological information
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary Teratogenicity Not available.	: No additional information.
Conclusion/Summary	: No additional information.
Specific target organ toxi Not available.	<u>city (single exposure)</u>
Specific target organ toxi Not available.	<u>city (repeated exposure)</u>
Aspiration hazard Not available.	
Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Routes of entry anticipated: Dermal.
Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>
Eye contact	: Causes eye irritation.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	 Injection of pressurized hydrocarbons can cause severe permanent tissue damage. Initial symptoms may be minor.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the p	hysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ects</u>
Not available.	
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2- ethanediyl)],α-butyl-ω-hydroxy	Acute EC50 95 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 50 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.		

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2- ethanediyl)],α-butyl-ω-hydroxy	1.18 to 4.37	-	low
- Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4, 4-trimethylpentene	5.1	1730	high

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ	
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	
Packing group	-	-	-	
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations 2 United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: naphthalene

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: naphthalene

This material is classified as an oil under Section 311 of the Clean Water Act (CWA) and the Oil Pollution Act of 1990 (OPA). Discharges or spills which produce a visible sheen on waters of the United States, their adjoining shorelines, or into conduits leading to surface waters must be reported to the EPA's National Response Center at (800) 424-8802.

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

SARA 311/312 Classification

: EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α-butyl-ω-hydroxy-	≥75 - ≤90	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

State regulations

Massachusetts	: None of the components are listed.
New York	: None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	: None of the components are listed.
Pennsylvania	: None of the components are listed.

California Prop. 65 Clear and Reasonable Warnings (2018)

MARNING: This product can expose you to Naphthalene, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

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Section 15. Regulatory information

Ingredient name	%	Cancer	Reproductive	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
naphthalene	<0.1	Yes.	No.	Yes.	-
International regulations		•			
Inventory list					
United States	: All com	ponents are l	listed or exempted.		
Australia	: All components are listed or exempted.				
Canada	: All components are listed or exempted.				
China	: All components are listed or exempted.				
Europe	: All components are listed or exempted.				
Japan	 Japan inventory (ENCS): At least one component is not listed. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined. 				
Malaysia	: Not determined.				
New Zealand	: All components are listed or exempted.				
Philippines	: All components are listed or exempted.				
Republic of Korea	: All components are listed or exempted.				
Taiwan	: Not determined.				
Thailand	: Not determined.				
Turkey	: Not determined.				
Viet Nam	: Not determined.				

Section 16. Other information

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification		Justification	
EYE IRRITATION - Categor AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUT AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG	É) - Category 3	Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method	
History			
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Version	: 3		

Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
	MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations
References	: Not available.

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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