# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

CITGO CITGEAR® Synthetic EP 460



### Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: CITGO CITGEAR® Synthetic EP 460
Synonyms	: Synthetic lubricant
Material uses	: Synthetic Gear Lubricant
Code	: 632587001
Supplier's details	: CITGO Petroleum Corporation P.O. Box 4689 Houston, TX 77210 sdsvend@citgo.com
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: Technical Contact: (800) 248-4684 Medical Emergency: (832) 486-4700 CHEMTREC Emergency: (800) 424-9300 (United States Only)

# Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	<ul> <li>This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).</li> </ul>
Classification of the	: ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
substance or mixture	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 4
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	: Harmful if inhaled.
	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.
Precautionary statements	
General	: Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Thoroughly wash exposed areas and clothing with soap and water. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. IF SWALLOWED: Do not induce vomiting. If you feel unwell, seek medical attention and show the label when possible. Keep out of reach of children.
Prevention	: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor.
Response	<ul> <li>IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell.</li> </ul>
Storage	<ul> <li>Store in a dry place and/or in closed container. Store in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.</li> </ul>
Disposal	<ul> <li>Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.</li> </ul>
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

# Substance/mixture Other means of

: Mixture

: Synthetic lubricant

#### **CAS number/other identifiers**

**CAS** number

identification

: Not applicable.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Dec-1-ene, homopolymer, hydrogenated Dec-1-ene, oligomers, hydrogenated	≥50 - ≤75	68037-01-4
1-Dodecene polymer with 1-decene and 1-octene hydrogenated 1-Dodecene, polymer with 1-octene, hydrogenated 1-Dodecene polymer with 1-decene, hydrogenated Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	≥25 - ≤50 ≥10 - ≤25 ≥10 - ≤25 ≤3	163149-28-8 163149-29-9 151006-60-9 64742-52-5

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to process variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	<ul> <li>Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

most important symptoms	reneets, acute and aciayed
Potential acute health effe	<u>ects</u>
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/sym	<u>iptoms</u>
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: No specific data.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 8/6/2019

Date of previous issue

## Section 4. First aid measures

Skin contact	No specific data.	
Ingestion	No specific data.	
Indication of immediate med	attention and spec	ial treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician		ly. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	Treat symptomatical	ly and supportively.
Protection of first-aiders	suspected that gas c mask or self-contain	ken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is or vapor is still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate ed breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material may cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.</li> </ul>
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

Small spill :	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill :	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.
		Bulk Storage Conditions: Maintain all storage tanks in accordance with applicable regulations. Use necessary controls to monitor tank inventories. Inspect all storage tanks on a periodic basis. Test tanks and associated piping for tightness. Maintain the automatic leak detection devices to assure proper working condition.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
1-Dodecene polymer with 1-decene and 1-octene hydrogenated	ACGIH TLV (United States). Inhalable Fraction: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Form: Aerosol.
1-Dodecene polymer with 1-decene, hydrogenated	ACGIH TLV (United States). Inhalable Fraction: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Form: Aerosol.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: Mist
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, vapor controls, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measu	res
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety glasses equipped with side shields are recommended as minimum protection in industrial settings. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Avoid skin contact with liquid. Chemical-resistant gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. Leather gloves are not protective for liquid contact.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	: Avoid skin contact with liquid. Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Leather boots are not protective for liquid contact.
Respiratory protection	: Avoid inhalation of gases, vapors, mists or dusts. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or supplied-air respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
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# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance						
Physical state	: Liquid.					
Color	: Clear to I	ight amber.				
Odor	: Mild.	: Mild.				
рН	: Not availa	: Not available.				
Boiling point	: Not availa	able.				
Flash point	ash point : Open cup: 238°C (460.4°F) [Cleveland.]					
Evaporation rate	: <1 (butyl	acetate = 1)				
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.					
Vapor pressure	: <0.013 kl	Pa (<0.1 mm Hg) [room terr	perature]			
Vapor density	: >1 [Air =	1]				
Relative density	: 0.86	-				
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 8/6/2019	Date of previous issue	: 2/27/2019	Version :7	5/13	

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Density Ibs/gal	: Estimated 7.17 lbs/gal
Density gm/cm <sup>3</sup>	: Not available.
Gravity, °API	: Estimated 33 @ 60 F
Solubility	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Flow time (ISO 2431)	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 4.6 cm <sup>2</sup> /s (460 cSt)
Viscosity SUS	: Estimated 2131 SUS @104 F

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: Not expected to be Explosive, Self-Reactive, Self-Heating, or an Organic Peroxide under US GHS Definition(s).
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Dec-1-ene, homopolymer, hydrogenated Dec-1-ene, oligomers, hydrogenated	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
1-Dodecene polymer with 1-decene and 1-octene hydrogenated	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat - Male, Female	1.17 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat - Male, Female	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male, Female	>5000 mg/kg	-
1-Dodecene polymer with 1-decene, hydrogenated	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat - Male, Female	>5 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat - Male, Female	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male, Female	>5000 mg/kg	-
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-

### Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Dec-1-ene, homopolymer, hydrogenated Dec-1-ene, oligomers, hydrogenated:

Practically non-irritating to eyes. Practically non-irritating to the skin.

**bis(tridecyl) adipate**: Practically non-irritating to eyes and to the skin. Practically non-toxic by inhalation ( $LC_{50} > 5mg/L$ ) in rats.

**Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic**: Mineral oil mists derived from highly refined oils are reported to have low acute and sub-acute toxicities in animals. Effects from single and short-term repeated exposures to high concentrations of mineral oil mists well above applicable workplace exposure levels include lung inflammatory reaction, lipoid granuloma formation and lipoid pneumonia. In acute and sub-acute studies involving exposures to lower concentrations of mineral oil mists at or near current work place exposure levels produced no significant toxicological effects.

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
1-Dodecene polymer with 1-decene and 1-octene hydrogenated	Skin - Edema	Rabbit	0.7	4 hours 0.5ml	7 days
, ,	Eyes - Redness of the conjunctivae	Rabbit	1	24 hours 0.5 ml	72 hours
1-Dodecene polymer with 1-decene, hydrogenated	Skin - Edema	Rabbit	0.7	4 hours 0.5ml	7 days
·, ··, -· • genere	Eyes - Redness of the conjunctivae	Rabbit	1	24 hours 0.5 ml	72 hours

Eyes

cause mild skin irritation and inflammation. **1-Dodecene polymer with 1-decene, hydrogenated**: This product can cause mild skin irritation and inflammation.

: **1-Dodecene polymer with 1-decene and 1-octene hydrogenated**: Practically nonirritating to eyes.

1-Dodecene polymer with 1-decene, hydrogenated: Practically non-irritating to eyes.No additional information.

#### **Sensitization**

Respiratory

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
1-Dodecene polymer with 1-decene and 1-octene hydrogenated	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing
1-Dodecene polymer with 1-decene, hydrogenated	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing

Skin

: 1-Dodecene polymer with 1-decene and 1-octene hydrogenated: Non-sensitizer to skin.

1-Dodecene polymer with 1-decene, hydrogenated: Non-sensitizer to skin.

: No additional information.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Respiratory

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
1-Dodecene polymer with 1-decene and 1-octene hydrogenated	EU	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria Metabolic activation: with and without	Negative
, ,	EU	Experiment: In vivo Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative
1-Dodecene polymer with 1-decene, hydrogenated	EU	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria Metabolic activation: with and without	Negative
	EU	Experiment: In vivo Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative

Conclusion/Summary

2

# Section 11. Toxicological information

1-Dodecene polymer with 1-decene and 1-octene hydrogenated: No mutagenic effect.

1-Dodecene polymer with 1-decene, hydrogenated: No mutagenic effect.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : No additional information.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Development toxin	Species	Dose	Exposure
1-Dodecene polymer with 1-decene and 1-octene hydrogenated	Negative	Negative	Negative	Rat - Male, Female	Oral: 1000 mg/ kg	-
1-Dodecene polymer with 1-decene, hydrogenated	Negative	Negative	Negative	Rat - Male, Female	Oral: 1000 mg/ kg	-
Conclusion/Summary	· 1-Dodoce	no nolymor	with 1-decene an	d 1-octone hydroge	atod: No kr	own

Conclusion/Summary
 : 1-Dodecene polymer with 1-decene and 1-octene hydrogenated: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 1-Dodecene polymer with 1-decene, hydrogenated: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Teratogenicity** 

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : No additional information.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure	1	Routes of entry anticipated: Dermal.
Potential acute health effects		
Eve contect		No known aignificant affacts or aritical ha-

Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical nazards.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related t	o the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: No specific data.

Skin contact	: No specific data.
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Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term	<u>n exposure</u>

<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate	: Not available.
effects	
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ects</u>
Not available.	
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Developmental effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 12. Ecological information

<u>Toxicity</u>			
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
1-Dodecene polymer with 1-decene and 1-octene hydrogenated	Acute EC50 1000 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Daphnia magna	48 hours
, .	Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Chronic NOEL 125 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Daphnia magna	21 days
1-Dodecene polymer with 1-decene, hydrogenated	Acute EC50 1000 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Chronic NOEL 125 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Daphnia magna	21 days
Conclusion/Summary	<ul> <li>1-Dodecene polymer with 1-decener significant effects or critical hazards.</li> <li>1-Dodecene polymer with 1-decener critical hazards.</li> </ul>		

#### Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary	<b>:</b> Butene, homopolymer (products derived from either/or But-1-ene/But-2-ene): This product is unlikely to biodegrade at a significant rate.				
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life Photolysis Biodegradabili				
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	-	-	Inherent		

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Dec-1-ene, homopolymer, hydrogenated Dec-1-ene, oligomers, hydrogenated Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	>6.5 >6	-	high high

# Section 12. Ecological information

Mo	hil	itv	in	soil
		<u>ity</u>		3011

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

**Oil:** The product(s) represented by this SDS is (are) regulated as "oil" under 49 CFR Part 130. Shipments by rail or highway in packaging having a capacity of 3500 gallons or more or in a quantity greater 42,000 gallons are subject to these requirements. In addition, mixtures containing 10% or more of this product may be subject to these requirements.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

# Section 15. Regulatory information

	-			
	United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted. Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: naphthalene; ethylbenzene			
C	Clean Water Act (C	WA) 311: xylene; naphthalene; ethylbenzene		
a s t	This material is classified as an oil under Section 311 of the Clean Water Act (CWA) and the Oil Pollution Act of 1990 (OPA). Discharges or spills which produce a visible sheen on waters of the United States, their adjoining shorelines, or into conduits leading to surface waters must be reported to the EPA's National Response Center at (800) 424-8802.			
<u>n ing</u>	redients			
SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.				
	•	nhalation) - Category 4		
<u>n ing</u>	redients			
	%	Classification		
	≥25 - ≤50	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4		
	( ( 2 5 5 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	Clean Water Act (C Clean Water Act (C This material is class and the Oil Pollution sheen on waters of t to surface waters me 424-8802. n ingredients : Not applicable. : ACUTE TOXICITY (ir n ingredients %		

#### **State regulations**

Massachusetts	: None of the components are listed.
New York	<ul> <li>The following components are listed: Butene, homopolymer (products derived from either/or But-1-ene/But-2-ene)</li> </ul>
New Jersey	: None of the components are listed.
Pennsylvania	<ul> <li>The following components are listed: Butene, homopolymer (products derived from either/or But-1-ene/But-2-ene)</li> </ul>

#### California Prop. 65 Clear and Reasonable Warnings (2018)

**WARNING**: This product can expose you to chemicals including Cumene, Naphthalene, Ethylbenzene, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	%	Cancer	Reproductive	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
cumene	<0.001	Yes.	No.	-	-
naphthalene	<0.001	Yes.	No.	Yes.	-
ethylbenzene	<0.001	Yes.	No.	Yes.	-

#### International regulations

Inventory list		
United States	: All components are listed or exempted.	
Australia	: All components are listed or exempted.	
Canada	: All components are listed or exempted.	
China	: All components are listed or exempted.	
Europe	: All components are listed or exempted.	
Japan	: Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.	
Malaysia	: Not determined.	
New Zealand	: Not determined.	
Philippines	: All components are listed or exempted.	
Republic of Korea	: All components are listed or exempted.	
Taiwan	: Not determined.	

Date of issue/Date of revision

### Section 15. Regulatory information

Thailand	: Not determined.
Turkey	: Not determined.
Viet Nam	: Not determined.

### Section 16. Other information

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
	Calculation method Calculation method

<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 8/6/2019
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 8/6/2019
Date of previous issue	: 2/27/2019
Version	: 7
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations
References	: Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

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