

### SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to the Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

# TRANSMISSION GEAR 8 FE SAE 40

**SDS #:** 088967

### **Section 1. Identification**

GHS product identifier : TRANSMISSION GEAR 8 FE SAE 40

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Identified uses** 

Lubricants Gear oil

Supplier's details

: TotalEnergies Marketing USA, Inc. 1201 Louisiana St. Suite 1800

Houston, TX 77002 Phone: 713-483-5000

ProductSafety@totalenergies.com

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)

1-866-928-0789 (For Emergencies, call CARECHEM 24/7 Domestic) 1-215-207-0061 (For Emergencies, call CARECHEM 24/7 International)

### Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS status** 

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

: FOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2

**GHS label elements** 

Hazard pictograms



Signal word

: **W**arning

**Hazard statements** 

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

**Precautionary statements** 

**Prevention** 

: Øbtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.

Response

: F exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.

Storage

Store locked up.

**Disposal** 

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise

classified

: None known.

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### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
stillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	≤5	64742-54-7
Amines, C11-14-branched alkyl, monohexyl and dihexyl phosphates	≤3	80939-62-4
Ethanol, 2,2'-iminobis-, N-tallow alkyl derivs.	≤0.3	61791-44-4
Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene	≤0.3	68411-46-1

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

Additional information

: The product is made from synthetic base oils

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact** 

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

**Skin contact** 

: Fush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact
 Inhalation
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Skin contact
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Ingestion
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : No specific data.

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Inhalation Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: Skin contact

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: Ingestion

> reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

: Freat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large Notes to physician

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may **Protection of first-aiders** 

be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

### See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing

media

**Unsuitable extinguishing** 

media

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

**Hazardous thermal** decomposition products : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

: carbon monoxide carbon dioxide nitrogen oxides phosphorus oxides

: Do not use water jet.

**Special protective actions** for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable

**Special protective** equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

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#### **Environmental precautions**

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

### **Small spill**

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

### **Precautions for safe handling**

**Protective measures** 

: Fut on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

# Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Control parameters** 

Occupational exposure limits

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Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [Mineral Oil, pure, highly and severely refined]  TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [OIL MIST MINERAL]  TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Oil mist, mineral]  TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Amines, C11-14-branched alkyl, monohexyl and dihexyl phosphates Ethanol, 2,2'-iminobis-, N-tallow alkyl derivs. Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene	None. None. ACGIH TLV (United States). TWA: 3 mg/m³ Form: Respirable dust

#### **Biological exposure indices**

No exposure indices known.

#### **Advisory OEL**

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Appropriate engineering controls

: Vuser operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

TWA: 10 mg/m³ Form: Total dust

# **Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### **Eye/face protection**

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with sideshields.

# Skin protection Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

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Hydrocarbon-proof gloves

Fluorinated rubber nitrile rubber

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, and

the contact time.

**Body protection**: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being

performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before

handling this product.

Respiratory protection : Ensure adequate ventilation and check that a safe, breathable atmosphere is present

before entry into confined spaces. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. The use of breathing apparatus must comply strictly with the manufacturer's instructions and the regulations governing their choices and uses.

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature (20°C / 68°F) and pressure (1013 hPa) unless otherwise indicated

#### **Appearance**

Physical state
Color
Color
Color
Codor
Codor threshold
Codor
Codor threshold
C

Flash point : Open cup: 238°C (460.4°F) [ASTM D 92]

: Lower: 0.9%

**Evaporation rate** : Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) : Slightly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open

flames, sparks and static discharge.

Lower and upper explosive

(flammable) limitsUpper: 7%Vapor pressure: Not available.Vapor density: Not available.

 Relative density
 : Ø.85 [ASTM D 1298]

 Density
 : Ø.85 g/cm³ [15°C]

Solubility(ies) :

Media	Result
water	Not soluble

Miscible with water : No.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Viscosity : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 95.1 mm²/s (95.1 cSt) [ASTM D 445]

Flow time (ISO 2431) : Not available.

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Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** : Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

Incompatible materials : Strong oxidizing agents

strong acids Strong bases

**Hazardous decomposition** 

products

: carbon monoxide carbon dioxide nitrogen oxides phosphorus oxides

### Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

### **Acute toxicity**

Product/substance	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure	Test
vistillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat - Male, Female	>5 mg/l	4 hours	OECD 403 Read across
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit - Male, Female	>5000 mg/kg	-	OECD 402 Read across
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male, Female	>5000 mg/kg	-	OECD 401 Read across
Amines, C11-14-branched alkyl, monohexyl and dihexyl phosphates	LD50 Dermal	Rat - Male, Female	>2000 mg/kg	-	OECD 402
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male, Female	>5000 mg/kg	-	OECD 401
Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2500 mg/kg	-	-

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/substance	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Test
Amines, C11-14-branched alkyl, monohexyl and dihexyl phosphates	Eyes - Irritant	Rabbit	-	-	OECD 405
'	Skin - Irritant	Rabbit	-	-	OECD 404

**Skin** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Eyes**: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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Respiratory

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Sensitization** 

Product/substance	Route of exposure	Species	Result
mines, C11-14-branched alkyl, monohexyl and dihexyl phosphates	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing

Skin : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.Respiratory : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Mutagenicity**

Product/substance	Test	Experiment	Result
Mmines, C11-14-branched alkyl, monohexyl and dihexyl phosphates	OECD 471	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria	Negative
	OECD 476	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative
	OECD 473	Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative

**Conclusion/Summary**: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Carcinogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Reproductive toxicity** 

Product/substance	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Development toxin	Species	Dose	Exposure
Mines, C11-14-branched alkyl, monohexyl and dihexyl phosphates	-	Negative	Negative	Rat - Male, Female	Oral	-

**Conclusion/Summary**: Based on available data, the classification criteria are met.

**Teratogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
istillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

**Conclusion/Summary**: Sased on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Not available.

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact
 Inhalation
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Skin contact
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Ingestion
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : No specific data.

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

**Potential immediate** 

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

### Potential chronic health effects

Product/substance	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
mines, C11-14-branched alkyl, monohexyl and dihexyl phosphates	Sub-chronic LOAEL Oral	Rat - Male, Female	10 mg/kg	-

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Reproductive toxicity : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Product/substance	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	(gases)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
mines, C11-14-branched alkyl, monohexyl and dihexyl phosphates	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ethanol, 2,2'-iminobis-, N-tallow alkyl derivs. Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene	500 2500	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A

Other information

Not available.

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# Section 12. Ecological information

### **Toxicity**

Product/substance	Result	Species	Exposure	Test
istillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours	OECD 201
	Acute EC50 >10000 mg/l	Crustaceans - Daphnia magna	48 hours	OECD 202
	Chronic NOEL >100 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours	OECD 201
	Chronic NOEL >1000 mg/l	Crustaceans - Daphnia magna	21 days	-
Amines, C11-14-branched alkyl, monohexyl and dihexyl phosphates	Acute EC10 4.9 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours	OECD 201
	Acute EC50 >10 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours	OECD 201
	Acute EC50 1 mg/l Acute EC50 >100 mg/l Acute LC50 5.5 mg/l Chronic NOEC 10.1 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> Micro-organism Fish Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magan</i>	48 hours 3 hours 96 hours 21 days	OECD 202 OECD 209 - OECD 211

### Persistence and degradability

Product/substance	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
istillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	OECD 301F	31 % - Not readily -	28 days	-	Activated sludge
Product/substance	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis	3	Biodegradability
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic Amines, C11-14-branched alkyl, monohexyl and dihexyl phosphates	-		-		Not readily Readily
Ethanol, 2,2'-iminobis-, N-tallow alkyl derivs. Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with	-		-		Not readily
2,4,4-trimethylpentene					

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/substance	LogK <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
istillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	>4	-	High
Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene	5.1	1730	High

### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)
Mobility in soil

: Not available.

: Given its physical and chemical characteristics, the product generally shows low soil mobility. The product is insoluble and floats on water. Loss by evaporation is limited

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Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains

### **Section 14. Transport information**

	DOT Classification	IMDG	ICAO/IATA
UN/ID No	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

#### **Additional information**

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the

event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available.

to IMO instruments

# Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

Clean Air Act Section 112

(b) Hazardous Air **Pollutants (HAPs)**  : Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

**Class I Substances** 

: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

: Not listed

**Class II Substances** 

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**DEA List I Chemicals** 

(Precursor Chemicals)

DEA List II Chemicals

(Essential Chemicals)

: Not listed

: Not listed

### **SARA 302/304**

### **Composition/information on ingredients**

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

**SARA 311/312** 

Classification : VOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2

### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	Classification
vistillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	≤5	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Amines, C11-14-branched alkyl, monohexyl and dihexyl phosphates	≤3	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
Ethanol, 2,2'-iminobis-, N-tallow alkyl derivs.	≤0.3	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene	≤0.3	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2

#### **State regulations**

Massachusetts : The following components are listed: OIL MIST, MINERAL

New York
 None of the components are listed.
 New Jersey
 None of the components are listed.
 Pennsylvania
 None of the components are listed.

California Prop. 65

To the best of our knowledge, this product does not contain any substances known to the State of California to cause cancer, developmental and/or reproductive harm

#### **International regulations**

### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

### **Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants**

Not listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

### **Inventory list**

Australia inventory (AIIC) : Not determined.

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Canada inventory (DSL/NDSL)

**China inventory (IECSC)** 

**Europe inventory (EC)** 

Japan inventory

**New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)** 

**Philippines inventory (PICCS)** 

**Korea inventory (KECI)** 

**Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI)** 

Thailand inventory

**Turkey inventory** 

**United States inventory (TSCA 8b)** 

**Vietnam inventory** 

: At least one component is not listed.

: All components are listed or exempted.

: All components are listed or exempted.

: Japan inventory (CSCL): At least one component is not

listed.

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

: All components are listed or exempted.

: At least one component is not listed.

: All components are listed or exempted.

: All components are listed or exempted.

: Not determined.

: MI components are listed or exempted.

: MI components are listed or exempted.

: Not determined.

The information stated in this section relates solely to the conformity of the chemical product with the countries Inventories. The information used to confirm the inventory status of this product may be based on additional data to the chemical composition shown in Section 3. Other regulations may apply for importation or marketing authorizations.

### Section 16. Other information

**Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)** 



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

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Classification	Justification
OXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2	Calculation method

**History** 

Date of revision : 2023/10/26 previous revision date : 2021/10/01

Version : 2

**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

References : Not available.

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Notice to reader**

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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