

### SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to the Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

## NEVASTANE SILICONE SAFEGARD

**SDS #**: 33150

### **Section 1. Identification**

GHS product identifier : NEVASTANE SILICONE SAFEGARD

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Identified uses** 

food industry

Lubricant for incidental food contact

Supplier's details

: TotalEnergies Marketing USA, Inc. 1201 Louisiana St. Suite 1800

Houston, TX 77002 Phone: 713-483-5000

ProductSafety@totalenergies.com

▼otalEnergies Marketing Puerto Rico Corp Millennium Park Plaza, #15 Road 2, Suite 525

Guaynabo, P.R. 00968 Phone: 1-787-783-4625

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)

1-866-928-0789 (For Emergencies, call CARECHEM 24/7 Domestic) 1-215-207-0061 (For Emergencies, call CARECHEM 24/7 International)

### Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS** status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

### **GHS label elements**

Hazard pictograms



Signal word

: Danger

**Hazard statements** 

Combustible liquid.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

#### **Precautionary statements**

**Prevention** 

: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from flames and hot surfaces. No smoking.

Response

: In case of fire: Never use water to extinguish. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting.

**Storage** 

: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

**Disposal** 

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

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Supplemental label elements

: Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Hazards not otherwise classified

: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

### **Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients**

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	Identifiers
√ydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	≥90	CAS: 64742-47-8

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

Additional information

: Mineral oil of petroleum origin. Product containing mineral oil with less than 3% DMSO extract as measured by IP 346

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact** 

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

**Skin contact** 

: Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

### Potential acute health effects

Eye contactInhalationNo known significant effects or critical hazards.No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

**Ingestion**: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

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Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation : No specific data.

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation dryness cracking

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

preathing difficulty or shortness of breath

chemical pneumonitis

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may

be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Mever use water for extinction.

## Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Combustible liquid. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide Silicon Dioxide

## Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

# Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

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For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

#### **Environmental precautions**

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

#### **Small spill**

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

### **Precautions for safe handling**

#### **Protective measures**

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 50°C (32 to 122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

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### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

### Occupational exposure limits

Product/substance	Exposure limits
√ydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) [Kerosene] A3. Absorbed through skin.  TWA 8 hours: 200 mg/m³ (as total hydrocarbon vapor).

#### **Biological exposure indices**

No exposure indices known.

### **Advisory OEL**

: Mineral oil mist: USA: OSHA (PEL) TWA 5 mg/m3, NIOSH (REL) TWA 5 mg/m3, STEL 10 mg/m3, ACGIH (TLV) TWA 5 mg/m3 (highly refined)

## Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

## **Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### **Individual protection measures**

#### **Hygiene measures**

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

### **Eye/face protection**

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with sideshields.

# Skin protection Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Hydrocarbon-proof gloves

Fluorinated rubber

nitrile rubber

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, and the contact time.

### **Body protection**

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

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Respiratory protection

: Ensure adequate ventilation and check that a safe, breathable atmosphere is present before entry into confined spaces In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. The use of breathing apparatus must comply strictly with the manufacturer's instructions and the regulations governing their choices and uses

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature (20°C / 68°F) and pressure (1013 hPa) unless otherwise indicated

**Appearance** 

Physical state : Liquid. [limpid]

Color : White.

Odor : Characteristic.
Odor threshold : Not available.
pH : Not available.

**Melting point/freezing point** : Technically not possible to measure **Boiling point** : >316°C (>600.8°F) [ISO 3405]

Flash point : Open cup: ≥66°C (≥150.8°F) [ASTM D 56]

Evaporation rate : Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits : Lower: 0.9% Upper: 7%

Vapor pressure : <0.013 kPa (<0.1 mm Hg) [room temperature]

Not applicable. [50°C]

Vapor density : >2 [Air = 1]

Relative density : <1

**Density** : <1 g/cm³ [15°C]

Solubility(ies) :

Media	Result
water	Not soluble

Miscible with water : No.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not applicable.

Viscosity : Dynamic (room temperature): Not available.

Kinematic (room temperature): Not available.

Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 2.65 mm²/s (2.65 cSt) [ASTM D 445]

Flow time (ISO 2431) : Not available.

**Particle characteristics** 

Median particle size : Not applicable.

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### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability** 

: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** 

: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.

Incompatible materials

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials

Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide carbon dioxide Silicon Dioxide

### **Section 11. Toxicological information**

### Information on toxicological effects

### **Acute toxicity**

Product/substance	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure	Test
ydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	LD50 Dermal  LD50 Oral	Rabbit - Male, Female Rat - Male, Female	>2000 mg/kg >5000 mg/kg	-	EPA OPPTS 870.1200 Acute Dermal Toxicity Read across EPA OTS 798.1175 Acute Oral Toxicity Read across

### **Conclusion/Summary**

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/substance	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Test
√ydrocarbons, C11-C14, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	Eyes - Cornea opacity	Rabbit	0	-	OECD 405
	Skin - Erythema/Eschar	Rabbit	2	4 hours	OECD 404

### **Conclusion/Summary**

Skin

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Eyes** 

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Sensitization** 

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Product/substance	Route of exposure	Species	Result
√ydrocarbons, C11-C14, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Skin : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.Respiratory : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Mutagenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Carcinogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Reproductive toxicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Teratogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

**Conclusion/Summary**: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

**Conclusion/Summary**: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Aspiration hazard** 

Name	Result
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

**Conclusion/Summary**: Based on available data, the classification criteria are met.

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Not available.

### Potential acute health effects

Eye contactInhalationNo known significant effects or critical hazards.No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

**Ingestion** : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Chemical pneumonitis.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation : No specific data.

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation dryness cracking

**Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

breathing difficulty or shortness of breath

# <u>Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure</u> Short <u>term exposure</u>

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**Potential immediate** 

effects

: Not available.

**Potential delayed effects** 

: Not available.

**Long term exposure** 

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or

dermatitis.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

**Acute toxicity estimates** 

M/A

Other information :

Not available.

### Section 12. Ecological information

### **Toxicity**

Product/substance	Result	Species	Exposure	Test
√ydrocarbons, C11-C14, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	Acute EL50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata	72 hours	OECD 201 Read across
	Acute LL50 >1000 mg/l Acute LL50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia Magna</i> Fish	48 hours 96 hours	OECD 202 OECD 203
	Acute NOELR >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata	72 hours	QSAR
	Chronic EC10 34.2 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	60 hours	QSAR

### Persistence and degradability

Product/substance	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
ydrocarbons, C11-C14, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	OECD 301F	69 % - Readily - 28	days	-	-
Product/substance	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis	•	Biodegradability
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	-		-		Readily

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

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Product/substance	LogK <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
√ydrocarbons, C11-C14, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	1.99 to 7.71	-	High

### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

**Mobility in soil** 

: Given its physical and chemical characteristics, the product generally shows low soil mobility. The product is insoluble and floats on water. Loss by evaporation is limited

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### **Section 14. Transport information**

	DOT Classification	IMDG	ICAO/IATA
UN/ID No	NA1993	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	Combustible liquid, n.o.s. (Hydrocarbon Liquids)	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	Combustible liquid.	-	-
Packing group	III	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

### **Additional information**

**DOT Classification** 

: Non-bulk packages (less than or equal to 119 gal) of combustible liquids are not regulated as hazardous materials.

Limited quantity Yes.

<u>Packaging instruction</u> Exceptions: 150. Non-bulk: 203. Bulk: 241. <u>Quantity limitation</u> Passenger aircraft/rail: 60 L. Cargo aircraft: 220 L.

Special provisions 148, IB3, T1, TP1

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Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the

event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according: Not available.

to IMO instruments

### Section 15. Regulatory information

**U.S. Federal regulations** : TSCA 8(a) PAIR: Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me

TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: All components are listed or exempted.

### TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification

Not applicable.

Clean Air Act Section 112 : Not listed

(b) Hazardous Air **Pollutants (HAPs)** 

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class I Substances

: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

**Class II Substances** 

: Not listed

**DEA List I Chemicals** 

(Precursor Chemicals)

: Not listed

**DEA List II Chemicals** 

: Not listed

(Essential Chemicals)

### **SARA 302/304**

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

No products were found.

**SARA 304 RQ** : Not applicable.

**SARA 311/312** 

Classification : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4

ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

HNOC - Defatting irritant

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	Classification
√ydrocarbons, C11-C14, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics		FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 HNOC - Defatting irritant

#### **State regulations**

**Massachusetts** : None of the components are listed. **New York** : None of the components are listed. **New Jersey** : None of the components are listed. **Pennsylvania** : None of the components are listed.

California Prop. 65

To the best of our knowledge, this product does not contain any substances known to the State of California to cause cancer, developmental and/or reproductive harm

### International regulations

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### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

**Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants** 

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

**UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals** 

Not listed.

#### **Inventory list**

**Australia inventory (AIIC)** 

Canada inventory (DSL/NDSL)

China inventory (IECSC)

**Europe inventory (EC)** 

Japan inventory

: All components are listed or exempted.

: Japan inventory (CSCL): All components are listed or

exempted.

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

**New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)** 

**Philippines inventory (PICCS)** 

**Korea inventory (KECI)** 

**Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI)** 

Thailand inventory Turkey inventory

**United States inventory (TSCA 8b)** 

Vietnam inventory

: All components are listed or exempted.

: All components are listed or exempted.

: Not determined.

: All components are listed or exempted.

: Not determined.

: Not determined.

: All components are listed or exempted.

: Not determined.

The information stated in this section relates solely to the conformity of the chemical product with the countries Inventories. The information used to confirm the inventory status of this product may be based on additional data to the chemical composition shown in Section 3. Other regulations may apply for importation or marketing authorizations.

### **Section 16. Other information**

### **Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)**



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

**National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)** 

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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
3 ,	On basis of test data Calculation method

#### **History**

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Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available

SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

References : Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Notice to reader**

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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