SAFETY DATA SHEET

Termalene Multipurpose Extreme Pressure Grease 2

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier : Termalene Multipurpose Extreme Pressure Grease 2

Product code : 301091150235

Other means of identification : Not available.

Product type : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Not applicable.

Uses advised against

Not applicable.

Supplier's details : Calumet Branded Products, LLC
1060 N Capitol Ave Suite 6-401
Indianapolis, IN 46204
USA
Technical Services:317-328-5660

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) : 24 hr. CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 / International 1-703-527-3887

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status : While this material is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), this SDS contains valuable information critical to the safe handling and proper use of the product. This SDS should be retained and available for employees and other users of this product.

Classification of the substance or mixture : Not classified.

GHS label elements

Signal word : No signal word.

Hazard statements : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Precautionary statements

Prevention : Not applicable.

Response : Not applicable.

Storage : Not applicable.

Disposal : Not applicable.

Hazards not otherwise classified : None known.

Hazards identified when used : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Other means of identification : Not available.

Ingredient name	Synonyms	%	Identifiers
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	Baseoil - unspecified; Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Mineral oil, petroleum distillates, hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Distillates (petroleum), hydro-treated heavy paraffinic; Paraffin oil; HYDROTREATED HEAVY PARAFFINIC DISTILLATE; DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM) HYDROFVLD; Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic, Baseoil - unspecified	≥15 - ≤40	CAS: 64742-54-7
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy naphthenic A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained as the raffinate from a solvent extraction process. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of at least 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt a 40 °C). It contains relatively few normal paraffins.	Baseoil - unspecified; Distillates, petroleum, solvent refined heavy naphthenic; Mineral oil, petroleum distillates, solvent-refined heavy naphthenic; Distillates, petroleum, solvent-refined heavy naphthenic; DISITILLATES(PETROLEUM), SOLVENT-REFINED HEAVY NAPHTHENIC; DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), SOLVENT REFINED HEAVY NAPHTHENIC; HYDROTREATED LIGHT OIL, ALIPHATIC; Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy naphthenic, Baseoil - unspecified	≥10 - ≤30	CAS: 64741-96-4
Aluminum, benzoate iso-Pr alc. stearate complexes	Aluminium, benzoate isopropyl alcohol, stearate complexes; Stearic acid, benzoic acid, aluminium salt; Stearic acid, benzoic acid, aluminum salt; COMPLEXES, ALUMINUM, BENZOATE ISOPROPYL ALC. STEARATE; Aluminum, benzoate isopropyl alcohol stearate complexes	≥5 - ≤10	CAS: 68815-27-0
White mineral oil (petroleum)	White mineral oil, petroleum; White spirits; Mineral oil; Paraffin oil; WHITE MINERAL OIL; Paraffinum liquidum; mineral oils (lubricant, base oils, and derived products) (general: 8002-05-9) (untreated vacuum distillates; acid-treated oils; aromatic oils; mildly solvent-refined oils; mildly hydro-treated oils; used gasoline-engine oil; and mineral oils used in mulespinning, metal machining, and jute processing); OILS, WHITE MINERAL, PETROLEUM;	≥1 - ≤5	CAS: 8042-47-5

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

	petroleum mineral oil; LIGHT MINERAL OIL		
antimony tris[O,O-dipropyl] tris (dithiophosphate)	Phosphorodithioic acid, O,O-dipropyl ester, antimony(3+) salt (3:1); Phosphorodithioic acid, O, O-dipropyl ester, antimony(3+) salt; Phosphorodithioic acid, O,O-dipropyl ester, tris(anhydrosulfide) with thioantimonic acid (H3SbS3); Antimony tris(O,O-dipropyl) tris (dithiophosphate); Antimony O,O'-di-n-propyl phosphorodithioate; Antimony O,O'-dialkyl(C3-8) dithio-phosphate; Phosphorodithioic acid, tris (anhydrosulfide) with thioantimonic acid (H3SbS3) O, O,O',O',O",O"-hexapropyl ester; Antimony tris(O,O-dipropyl phosphorodithioate); O,O-Dipropyl phosphorodithioate, antimony(3+) salt (3:1)	≥1 - ≤5	CAS: 15874-48-3

Note L: The classification as a carcinogen need not apply if it can be shown that the substance contains less than 3 % DMSO extract as measured by IP 346 'Determination of polycyclic aromatics in unused lubricating base oils and asphaltene free petroleum fractions — Dimethyl sulphoxide extraction refractive index method', Institute of Petroleum, London. This note applies only to certain complex oilderived substances in Part 3.

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Skin contact : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Ingestion : Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : No specific data.

Ingestion : No specific data.

Section 4. First aid measures

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
sulfur oxides
phosphorus oxides
metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	**NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020) [OIL MIST MINERAL]** TWA 10 hours: 5 mg/m³. Form: Mist. STEL 15 minutes: 10 mg/m³. Form: Mist. **OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) [Oil mist, mineral]** TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m³. **ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2025) [Mineral Oil, pure, highly and severely refined]** A4. TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m³. Form: Inhalable fraction.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy naphthenic A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained as the raffinate from a solvent extraction process. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of at least 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt a 40 °C). It contains relatively few normal paraffins.	**NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020) [OIL MIST MINERAL]** TWA 10 hours: 5 mg/m³. Form: Mist. STEL 15 minutes: 10 mg/m³. Form: Mist. **OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) [Oil mist, mineral]** TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m³. **ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2025) [Mineral Oil, pure, highly and severely refined]** A4. TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m³. Form: Inhalable fraction.
Aluminum, benzoate iso-Pr alc. stearate complexes	**NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020) [aluminum soluble salts and alkyls]** TWA 10 hours: 2 mg/m³ (as Al). **CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 1/2025) [stearates]** TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m³. **ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2025) [Stearates]** A4. TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m³. Form: Inhalable fraction. TWA 8 hours: 3 mg/m³. Form: Respirable fraction. **ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2025) [Aluminum, metal and insoluble compounds]** A4. TWA 8 hours: 1 mg/m³. Form: Respirable fraction.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

White mineral oil (petroleum)	**NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020) [OIL MIST MINERAL]** TWA 10 hours: 5 mg/m³. Form: Mist. STEL 15 minutes: 10 mg/m³. Form: Mist. **OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) [Oil mist, mineral]** TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m³. **ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2025) [Mineral Oil, pure, highly and severely refined]** A4. TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m³. Form: Inhalable fraction.
antimony tris[O,O-dipropyl] tris(dithiophosphate)	**NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020) [antimony]** TWA 10 hours: 0.5 mg/m³. **CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 1/2025) [antimony and compounds]** TWA 8 hours: 0.5 mg/m³ (as Sb). **OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) [Antimony and compounds]** TWA 8 hours: 0.5 mg/m³ (as Sb). **OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989) [Antimony and compounds (as Sb)]** TWA 8 hours: 0.5 mg/m³ (as Sb). **ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2025) [Antimony and compounds]** TWA 8 hours: 0.5 mg/m³ (as Sb).

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

Appropriate engineering controls : Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Environmental exposure controls : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin protection

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Respiratory protection : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid. [Semi-solid Paste.]

Color : Red.

Odor : Not available.

Odor threshold : Not available.

pH : Not available.

Melting point/freezing point : Not available.

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range : 360°C (680°F)

Flash point : Closed cup: 277°C (530.6°F) [Pensky-Martens Base Oil]

Evaporation rate : Not available.

Flammability : Not available.

Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit : Not available.

Vapor pressure :

Ingredient name	Vapor Pressure at 20˚C			Vapor pressure at 50˚C		
	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
White mineral oil (petroleum)	0.07501	0.01	OECD 104			

Relative vapor density : Not available.

Relative density : 0.871

Solubility(ies) :

Media	Result
cold water	Not soluble
hot water	Not soluble

Solubility in water : Not available.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature : 260°C (500°F)

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Viscosity : Dynamic (room temperature): Not available.
Kinematic (room temperature): Not available.
Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): Not applicable.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

Incompatible materials : No specific data.

Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	**Rat - Oral - LD50** >5000 mg/kg **Rabbit - Dermal - LD50** >2000 mg/kg **Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists** 5.7 mg/l [4 hours]
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy naphthenic A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained as the raffinate from a solvent extraction process. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of at least 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt a 40 °C). It contains relatively few normal paraffins.	**Rat - Oral - LD50** >5000 mg/kg
White mineral oil (petroleum)	**Rabbit - Dermal - LD50** >5000 mg/kg **Rat - Oral - LD50** >5000 mg/kg **Rabbit - Dermal - LD50** >2000 mg/kg **Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists** >5 mg/l [4 hours]

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Respiratory corrosion/irritation

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Not available.

Skin

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Respiratory

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Result
antimony tris[O,O-dipropyl] tris (dithiophosphate)	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
White mineral oil (petroleum)	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : No specific data.

Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Termalene Multipurpose Extreme Pressure Grease 2	20833.3	N/A	N/A	317.9	N/A
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	5.7
White mineral oil (petroleum)	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
antimony tris[O,O-dipropyl] tris(dithiophosphate)	500	N/A	N/A	11	N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	**Acute - IC50** Algae >100 mg/l [72 hours] **Acute - EC50** Daphnia >100 mg/l [48 hours] **Acute - LC50** Fish >100 mg/l [96 hours]

Section 12. Ecological information

White mineral oil (petroleum)

Acute - LC50
Fish
>10000 mg/l [96 hours]
Acute - LC50
Daphnia
>100 mg/l [48 hours]

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	-	-	Not readily
White mineral oil (petroleum)	-	-	Inherent

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	$LogP_{ow}$	BCF	Potential
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	>6	-	High
White mineral oil (petroleum)	>6	-	High

Mobility in soil

Soil/Water partition coefficient : Not available.

Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name			-	-	-

Section 14. Transport information

Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.

Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments : Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : **TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption**: Not determined

TSCA 8(d) H and S data reporting: ethylbenzene

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: antimony tris[O,O-dipropyl] tris(dithiophosphate); ethylbenzene; toluene; benzo[ghi]perylene

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: xylene; ethylbenzene; toluene

TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification

Not applicable.

Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) : Listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances : Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances : Not listed

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals) : Not listed

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals) : Not listed

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification : Not applicable.

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
White mineral oil (petroleum) antimony tris[O,O-dipropyl] tris (dithiophosphate)	≥1 - ≤5 ≥1 - ≤5	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

SARA 313

Section 15. Regulatory information

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	antimony tris[O,O-dipropyl] tris(dithiophosphate) benzo[ghi]perylene	15874-48-3 191-24-2	≥1 - ≤5 ≤0.1
Supplier notification	antimony tris[O,O-dipropyl] tris(dithiophosphate) benzo[ghi]perylene	15874-48-3 191-24-2	≥1 - ≤5 ≤0.1

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts : The following components are listed: Distillates (petroleum), dewaxed heavy paraffin; OIL MIST, MINERAL; OIL MIST, MINERAL

New York : None of the components are listed.

New Jersey : The following components are listed: ANTIMONY compounds

Pennsylvania : The following components are listed: ANTIMONY COMPOUNDS

California Prop. 65

⚠ **WARNING**: This product can expose you to chemicals including Ethylbenzene, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Toluene, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Ethylbenzene	Yes.	-
Toluene	-	Yes.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

Australia : All components are listed or exempted.

Canada : At least one component is not listed in DSL but all such components are listed in NDSL.

China : All components are listed or exempted.

Eurasian Economic Union : **Russian Federation inventory**: Not determined.

Japan : **Japan inventory (CSCL)**: Not determined.
Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

New Zealand : All components are listed or exempted.

Philippines : All components are listed or exempted.

Republic of Korea : Not determined.

Taiwan : All components are listed or exempted.

Thailand : At least one component is not listed.

Turkey : Not determined.

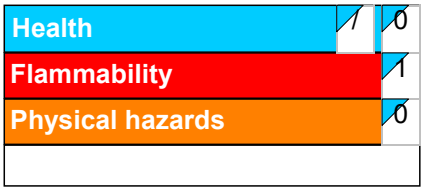
United States : Not determined.

Viet Nam : Not determined.

Section 15. Regulatory information

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Procedure used to derive the classification

Not classified.

History

Date of printing	:	1/26/2026
Date of issue/Date of revision	:	1/26/2026
Date of previous issue	:	11/13/2024
Version	:	5
Key to abbreviations	:	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor DOT = Department of Transportation GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods IMO = International Maritime Organization LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group TDG = Transportation of Dangerous Goods UN = United Nations
References	:	Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.
Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.